Drug Class Review

Newer Drugs for Insomnia

Final Update 2 Report Evidence Tables

October 2008

The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality has not yet seen or approved this report.

The purpose of Drug Effectiveness Review Project reports is to make available information regarding the comparative clinical effectiveness and harms of different drugs. Reports are not usage guidelines, nor should they be read as an endorsement of or recommendation for any particular drug, use, or approach. Oregon Health & Science University does not recommend or endorse any guideline or recommendation developed by users of these reports.

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The medical literature relating to the topic is scanned periodically (see http://www.ohsu.edu/xd/research/centers-institutes/evidence-based-policy-center/derp/documents/methods.cfm for scanning process description). Upon review of the last scan, the Drug Effectiveness Review Project governance group elected not to proceed with another full update of this report based on the information contained in the scan. Some portions of the report may not be up to date. Prior versions of this report can be accessed at the DERP website.

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Evidence Table 1. Characteristics of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Allain, 2003 (Fair)	Age between 40 and 65 years; with a clinical examination judged compatible with difficulties falling asleep, with previous history of recurrent episodes of insomnia and justifying the prescription of hypnotic treatment at the time of inclusion.	Current episode having lasted more than three weeks; any secondary insomnia resulting from medical or psychiatric causes; patients who followed a continuous treatment with the same hypnotic for more than six months; patients who took hypnotic drugs the day before inclusion; patients who took hypnotic drugs the day before inclusion, patients currently treated by zolpidem or zaleplon; night-shift work; current medical treatment including antidepressants, neuroleptics, anxiolytics, H1 antihistamines, barbiturates or hypnotics.	Mean age (SD): 52 (7); 49% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 53	0/ 0/ 53	1 days	Zaleplon;
Ancoli-Israel, 1999 (Fair)	entry. This history must have included a usual sleep latency of 30 minutes or more and either 3 or more awakenings per night on		Mean age (SD): 72 (5); 58% female; Race/ethnicity: 3.3% Black; 1.6% Hispanic; 1.3 Asian; 93.6% White	1224/ 551/ 549	2/ NR/ 549	2 weeks	Zaleplon 5 mg; Zaleplon 10 mg; Zolpidem 5 mg;
							Zaleplon 5mg; Zaleplon 10mg; Zolpidem 5mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 1. Characteristics of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Elie, 1999 (Fair)		insomnia, or insomnia associated with sleep-wake schedules (e.g., shift work) or the use of alcohol or drugs. Also excluded were patients with a history or current manifestations of sleep apnea, restless legs syndrome, or a major psychiatric disorder and patients whose raw score on either the Zung Self-Rating Anxiety Scale or the Zung Self-Rating Depression Scale was >49.	Mean age (SD): 42.8 (12.4);	NR/	41/	4 weeks	Zaleplon 5 mg;
	nocturnal awakenings with difficulty returning to sleep.		64% female; Race/ethnicity: 99% white <1% black <1% Asian	NR/ 615	NR/ 574		Zaleplon 10 mg; Zaleplon 20 mg; Zolpidem 10 mg;
							Baseline
							Zaleplon 5 mg; Zaleplon 10 mg; Zaleplon 20 mg; Zolpidem 10 mg; Placebo
							Zaleplon 5 mg; Zaleplon 10 mg; Zaleplon 20 mg; Zolpidem 10 mg; placebo
							Zaleplon 5mg; Zaleplon 10mg; Zaleplon 20mg; Zolpidem 10mg;

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Evidence Table 1. Characteristics of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Fry, 2000 (Fair)	Men or non-pregnant women, 18-65 years who met the criteria for primary insomnia or insomnia associated with mild non-psychotic psychiatric disorders based on the DSM-III-R. Women who were capable of becoming pregnant had to use a medically acceptable method of contraception. At initial screening, patients had to report having experienced the following symptoms frequently (at least 3 times per week, according to DSM-III-R) during the month preceding study enrollment: a typical sleep latency of 30 minutes or more, daytime impairment due to sleep disturbance, and either an average total sleep duration per night of 6.5 hours or less or prolonged (30 minutes or more) or frequent nocturnal awakenings (three or more per night) with difficulty returning to sleep.	schedules (e.g., shift-work) or the use of alcohol or drugs. Also excluded were patients with a history or current manifestations of sleep apnea, restless legs syndrome, or a major psychiatric disorder, and patients whose raw score on either the Zung anxiety or depression self-rating scales was 50 or greater.	Mean age (SD): 42 (12); 59% female; Race/ethnicity: 11% Black; 3% Hispanic; <1% Native American; 1.5% Asian; <1% Other; 84% White	NR/ 830/ 595	9/ NR/ 586	4 weeks	Zaleplon 5 mg; Zaleplon 10 mg; Zaleplon 20 mg; Zolpidem 10 mg; placebo
							Zaleplon 5mg; Zaleplon 10mg; Zaleplon 20mg; Zolpidem 10mg;
Lemoine, 1995 (Fair)	Males and females aged 18 to 65 years who were treated for insomnia for at least 3 months with zopiclone 7.5 mg or zolpidem 10 mg.	History of depression or other psychiatric disorder, a current depressive episode (total score on the QD2A questionnaire >=7) or any other current psychiatric disorder, severe and evolving physical illness, dementia, alcoholism, drug abuse, or acute pain. Patients were also excluded if they had been taking any psychotropic drug (with the exception of zopiclone or zolpidem) within the previous two weeks. Women were excluded if pregnant or were likely to be or were breast-feeding.	Mean age (SD): (); .% female; Race/ethnicity:	NR/ NR/ 394	2/ 390	S	;

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Evidence Table 1. Characteristics of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Sepracor Study #190-045 Erman 2008 (Fair)	DSM-IV (<= 6.5 hours of sleep per night, and >= 30 minutes each night to fall asleep for at least one month), who also met the following screening PSG criteria: (1) sleep latency: at least 2 nights >= 20 minutes with none of 3 nights < 15 minutes, plus (2) either total sleep time: at least 2 nights <= 420 minutes, or (3) wake time after onset of persistent sleep (WASO): at least 2 nights >= 20 minutes	Axis II psychiatric illness or personality disorder; sleep apnea or restless legs syndrome/periodic leg movements disorder; history of substance abuse/dependence; use of any psychotropic, hypnotic, or other medications (including herbal supplements or melatonin) known to affect sleep; or use of other prescription or over-the-counter medications (including		NR/ NR/ 64	NR/ NR/ 64	2 days	Eszopiclone 1mg; Eszopiclone 2mg; Eszopiclone 2.5mg; Eszopiclone 3mg; Zolpidem

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Evidence Table 1. Characteristics of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened	Number Withdrawn	Study	Interventions
(Quality)				Eligible	Lost to followup	Duration	
				Enrolled	Analyzed		
Tsutsui, 2001	Patients with chronic primary	Schizophrenia, depression, manic	Mean age (SD): 42.2	NR/	77/	2 weeks	Zolpidem;
(Fair)	insomnia (I.e., experiencing non-	depression, clinically diagnosed	(12.7);				
	restorative sleep or difficulty for	diseases in the acute or					
	more than a month in initiating or	exacerbation phase or with					
	maintaining sleep), experiencing	unstable symptoms, organic					
	difficulties more than three times a	cerebral disorders (diagnosed or					
	week in sleeping.	suspected), serious heart, liver,					
		kidney, or blood disorders, severe					
		respiratory dysfunction,					
		myasthenia gravis or acute					
		narrow-angle glaucoma and					
		cognitive disorders or impaired					
		intelligence. Symptoms interfering					
		with sleep (e.g., pain, fever,					
		diarrhea, pollakiuria, cough),					
		hypersensitivity to					
		benzodiazepines and analogous					
		drugs, zopiclone intake within 3					
		months prior to the study,					
		requirement for hypnotics at a					
		dose exceeding the standard					
		single dose, history of drug					
		dependence, operation of					
		machinery involving risk,					
		pregnancy or likelihood of					
		pregnancy, breast feeding,					
		participation in other clinical trials					
		within the past 6 months, and					
		inappropriateness for the study					
		according to the investigator's	58% female;	NR/	NR/		Zopiclone;
		lidamaat		479	428		[; ' '
							[:

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	Anxiety mean score	Zolpidem: 29.3;
	,	Zaleplon: 26.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.34
	Behavior following wakefulness mean score	Zolpidem: 47.4;
	(lower is better)	Zaleplon: 51.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.31
	Consciousness mean score	Zolpidem: 73.9;
		Zaleplon: 73.1;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.18
	Drowsiness duration (minutes)	Zolpidem: 43;
		Zaleplon: 38;
		:;
		:;
		:;
	_	P-value=0.83
	Drowsiness mean score	Zolpidem: 28;
		Zaleplon: 27.7;
		· ;
		: ;
];;
		P-value=0.53
	Dynamism mean score	Zolpidem: 62.6;
		Zaleplon: 61.8;
		: ;
		: ;
		j: ;

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=0.47
	Ease of waking up mean score (lower is	Zolpidem: 43.6;
	better)	Zaleplon: 43.8;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.27
	Getting to sleep mean score (lower is better)	Zolpidem: 35.9;
		Zaleplon: 45.3;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.03
	Mood mean score	Zolpidem: 21.6;
		Zaleplon: 20.1;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.92
	Percentage of patients preferring a drug	Zolpidem: 62;
		Zaleplon: 38;
		:;
		:;
		• • •
		P-value=0.81
	Quality of sleep mean score	Zolpidem: 68.8;
		Zaleplon: 50.2;
		; ;
		: ;
		<u>;</u>
		P-value=<0.0001
	Quality of sleep mean score (lower is better)	Zolpidem: 30.6;
		Zaleplon: 44.3;
		. ,
		. ,

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		P-value=<0.0001
Ancoli-Israel,	Median sleep quality at week 1 (1=excellent,	
1999 (Fair)	7=extremely poor)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.67;
		Zolpidem 5 mg: 3.50;
		Placebo: 4.00;
		:;
		P-value=
	Median sleep quality at week 2 (1=excellent,	
	7=extremely poor)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.63;
		Zolpidem 5 mg: 3.50;
		Placebo: 4.00;
		:;
		P-value=
	Median subjective sleep latency (minutes) at	
	week 1	Zaleplon 10 mg: ;
		Zolpidem 5 mg: ;
		Placebo: ;
		:;
		P-value=
	Median subjective sleep latency (minutes) at	, -
	week 2	Zaleplon 10 mg: ;
		Zolpidem 5 mg: ;
		Placebo: 56;
		:;
		P-value=
	Median subjective total sleep time at week 1	Zaleplon 5 mg: ;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 345;
		Zolpidem 5 mg: 360;
		Placebo: 318;
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=
	Median subjective total sleep time at week 2	Zaleplon 5 mg: ;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: ;
		Zolpidem 5 mg: 360;

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Placebo: 326;
		P-value=
	Number of awakenings at week 1	Zaleplon 5 mg: 1.8;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 1.8;
		Zolpidem 5 mg: 1.7;
		Placebo: 2.0;
		,
		P-value=
	Number of awakenings at week 2	Zaleplon 5 mg: 1.9;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 1.7;
		Zolpidem 5 mg: 1.6;
		Placebo: 1.9;
		P-value=
	rebound insomnia: number of awakenings	Zaleplon 5mg: 2;
	on discontinuation day 1 (median)	Zaleplon 10mg: 2;
		Zolpidem 5mg: 2;
		Placebo: 2;
		P-value=
	rebound insomnia: sleep duration, total sleep	Zaleplon 5mg: 330;
	time on discontinuation day 1 (minutes,	Zaleplon 10mg: 315;
	median)	Zolpidem 5mg: 300;
		Placebo: 317.50;
		P-value=
	rebound insomnia: sleep latency on	Zaleplon 5mg: 30;
	discontinuation day 1 (minutes, median)	Zaleplon 10mg: 45;
		Zolpidem 5mg: 60;
		Placebo: 44;
		· · ;
		P-value=
Elie, 1999 (Fair)	Median number of awakenings at baseline	Zaleplon 5 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 2;

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 2;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 2;
		Baseline: 2;
		P-value=
	Median number of awakenings at week 1	Zaleplon 5 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 2;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 2;
		Baseline: 2;
		P-value=
	Median number of awakenings at week 2	Zaleplon 5 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 2;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 2;
		Baseline: 2;
		P-value=
	Median number of awakenings at week 3	Zaleplon 5 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 1;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 2;
		Baseline: 2;
		P-value=
	Median number of awakenings at week 4	Zaleplon 5 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 1;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 2;
		Baseline: 2;
		P-value=
	Median sleep duration at baseline (minutes)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 313;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 331;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 328;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 330;
		Placebo: 334;
		P-value=
	Median sleep duration at week 1 (minutes)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 351;

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
(Quality)		
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 370;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 370;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 379;
		Placebo: 351;
		P-value=
	Median sleep duration at week 2 (minutes)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 359;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 368;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 369;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 387;
		Placebo: 359;
		P-value=
	Median sleep duration at week 3 (minutes)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 384;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 371;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 374;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 385;
		Placebo: 365;
		P-value=
	Median sleep duration at week 4 (minutes)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 372;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 384;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 385;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 400;
		Placebo: 377;
		P-value=
	Median time to sleep onset at week 2	Zaleplon 5 mg: 35;
	(median, minutes)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 32;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 31;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 37;
		placebo: 47;
		P-value=
	Median time to sleep onset at week 3	Zaleplon 5 mg: 31;
	(median, minutes)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 30;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 28;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 34;
		placebo: 41;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results	
•	Median time to sleep onset at week 4	Zaleplon 5 mg: 31;	
	(median, minutes)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 28;	
	,	Zaleplon 20 mg: 27;	
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 36;	
		placebo: 36;	
		P-value=	
	Rebound: Number of awakenings on night	Zaleplon 5mg: 2.3;	
	+1 (median)	Zaleplon 10mg: 2.0;	
		Zaleplon 20mg: 1.8;	
		Zolpidem 10mg: 2.6;	
		P-value=	
	Rebound: Sleep duration on night +1	Zaleplon 5mg: 344.3;	
	(median, minutes)	Zaleplon 10mg: 349.6;	
		Zaleplon 20mg: 339.2;	
		Zolpidem 10mg: 324.7;	
		· · · · · · · ·	
		P-value=	
	Rebound: Sleep latency on night +1 (median,		
	minutes)	Zaleplon 10mg: 57.6;	
		Zaleplon 20mg: 50.4;	
		Zolpidem 10mg: 91.6;	
		:;	
		P-value=	
	Sleep quality mean score at baseline	Zaleplon 5 mg: 4.6;	
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 4.5;	
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 4.5;	
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 4.4;	
		Baseline: 4.5;	
		P-value=	
	Sleep quality mean score at week 1	Zaleplon 5 mg: 4.1;	
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.9;	
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 3.8;	
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 3.7;	
		Baseline: 4.1;	

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=
	Sleep quality mean score at week 2	Zaleplon 5 mg: 4.0;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.9;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 3.8;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 3.6;
		Baseline: 3.9;
		P-value=
	Sleep quality mean score at week 3	Zaleplon 5 mg: 3.8;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.8;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 3.6;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 3.6;
		Baseline: 3.9;
		P-value=
	Sleep quality mean score at week 4	Zaleplon 5 mg: 3.8;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.7;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 3.6;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 3.4;
		Baseline: 3.8;
		P-value=
	Time to sleep onset at week 1 (median,	Zaleplon 5 mg: 42;
	minutes)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 36;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 33;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 45;
		placebo: 50;
		P-value=
Fry, 2000 (Fair)	Number of awakenings at week 1 (median)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 1.93;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 1.69;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 1.75;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 1.59;
		placebo: 1.71;
		P-value=
	Number of awakenings at week 2 (median)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 1.67;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 1.69;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 1.50;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 1.50;

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year Outcome Measure (Quality)		Results
		placebo: 2.00;
		P-value=
	Number of awakenings at week 3 (median)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 1.71;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 1.71;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 1.43;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 1.71;
		placebo: 1.86;
		P-value=
	Number of awakenings at week 4 (median)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 1.71;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 1.57;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 1.60;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 1.67;
		placebo: 1.71;
		P-value=
	Sleep quality at week 1 (median)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 3.43;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.57;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 3.43;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 3.38;
		placebo: 3.73;
		P-value=
	Sleep quality at week 2 (median)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 3.43;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.57;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 3.43;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 3.29;
		placebo: 3.57;
		P-value=
	Sleep quality at week 3 (median)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 3.43;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.43;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 3.29;
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 3.29;
		placebo: 3.57;
		P-value=
	Sleep quality at week 4 (median)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 3.38;
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 3.54;
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 3.29;

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results		
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 3.15;		
		placebo: 3.43;		
		P-value=		
	Time to sleep onset at week 1 (median,	Zaleplon 5 mg: 45.36;		
	minutes)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 40.71;		
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 35.71;		
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 45.71;		
		placebo: 57.5;		
		P-value=		
	Time to sleep onset at week 2 (median,	Zaleplon 5 mg: 43.57;		
	minutes)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 36.43;		
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 31.67;		
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 46.43;		
		placebo: 49.29;		
		P-value=		
	Time to sleep onset at week 3 (median,	Zaleplon 5 mg: 40.71;		
	minutes)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 35.71;		
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 30.00;		
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 44.29;		
		placebo: 45.00;		
		P-value=		
	Time to sleep onset at week 4 (median,	Zaleplon 5 mg: 45.63;		
	minutes)	Zaleplon 10 mg: 35.00;		
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 30.00;		
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 34.29;		
		placebo: 47.14;		
		P-value=		
	Total sleep time at week 1 (median, minutes)			
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 360.6;		
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 368.6;		
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 377.1;		
		placebo: 346.8;		
		P-value=		
	Total sleep time at week 2 (median, minutes)			
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 364.3;		

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results	
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 368.6;	
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 384.4;	
		placebo: 360.0;	
		P-value=	
	Total sleep time at week 3 (median, minutes)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 361.4;	
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 377.1;	
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 386.8;	
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 392.1;	
		placebo: 366.4;	
		P-value=	
	Total sleep time at week 4 (median, minutes)	Zaleplon 5 mg: 360.0;	
		Zaleplon 10 mg: 376.3;	
		Zaleplon 20 mg: 377.5;	
		Zolpidem 10 mg: 392.9;	
		placebo: 364.3;	
		P-value=	
	rebound : Number of awakenings on	Zaleplon 5mg: 2;	
	discontinuation night 1	Zaleplon 10mg: 2;	
		Zaleplon 20mg: 2;	
		Zolpidem 10mg: 2;	
		,	
		P-value=	
	rebound : Sleep duration on discontinuation	Zaleplon 5mg: 360;	
	night 1 (median, minutes)	Zaleplon 10mg: 360;	
		Zaleplon 20mg: 360;	
		Zolpidem 10mg: 330;	
		:;	
		P-value=	
	rebound : Sleep latency on discontinuation	Zaleplon 5mg: 45;	
	night 1 (minutes, median)	Zaleplon 10mg: 40;	
	,	Zaleplon 20mg: 30;	
		Zolpidem 10mg: 60;	
		. ,	
		P-value=	
Sepracor Study	daytime ability to function	Eszopiclone 1mg: 58.7;	

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
#190-045 (Fair)		Eszopiclone 2mg: 59.5;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 54.1;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 56.6;
		Zolpidem: 56.2;
		P-value=
		Eszopiclone 1mg: 58;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 59;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 51;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 60;
		Zolpidem: 53;
		P-value=
	daytime alertness	Eszopiclone 1mg: 52.5;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 55.2;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 50.7;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 52.2;
		Zolpidem: 55.8;
		P-value=
		Eszopiclone 1mg: 57;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 56.5;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 50;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 56;
		Zolpidem: 27.7;
		P-value=
	depth of sleep	Eszopiclone 1mg: 46;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 56.5;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 53;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 59.9;
		Zolpidem: 56.5;
		P-value=
	morning sleepiness	Eszopiclone 1mg: 42.3;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 42;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 45.3;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 44.5;
		Zolpidem: 43.3;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
(Quality)		
		Eszopiclone 1mg: 43.8;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 44.6;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 44.7;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 45.4;
		Zolpidem: 43.5;
		P-value=
	number of awakenings	Eszopiclone 1mg: 7.5;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 6.5;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 7.0;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 5.3;
		Zolpidem: 7.5;
		P-value=
		Eszopiclone 1mg: 7.8;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 7.6;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 7.1;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 6.5;
		Zolpidem: 7.2;
		P-value=
	quality of sleep	Eszopiclone 1mg: 47;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 58;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 55;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 62;
		Zolpidem: 56;
		P-value=
	sleep efficiency (%)	Eszopiclone 1mg: 86.8;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 88.9;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 89.7;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 89.2;
		Zolpidem: 88.8;
		P-value=
		Eszopiclone 1mg: 88.6;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 89.6;
		Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 90.4;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 92.0;
		Zolpidem: 89.1;
		∠olpidem: 89.1;

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=
	sleep latency (min)	Eszopiclone 1mg: 16.8; Eszopiclone 2mg: 15.5; Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 13.8; Eszopiclone 3mg: 13.1; Zolpidem: 13.1; P-value= Eszopiclone 1mg: 25.2;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 20.1; Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 18.6; Eszopiclone 3mg: 18.3; Zolpidem: 16.6; P-value=
	total sleep time (min)	Eszopiclone 1mg: 381.3; Eszopiclone 2mg: 412.5; Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 420.0; Eszopiclone 3mg: 420.0; Zolpidem: 410; P-value=
	wake after sleep onset (min)	Eszopiclone 1mg: 35.5; Eszopiclone 2mg: 30.5; Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 29.5; Eszopiclone 3mg: 25.3; Zolpidem: 30.5; P-value=
		Eszopiclone 1mg: 41.4; Eszopiclone 2mg: 36.0; Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 33.1; Eszopiclone 3mg: 35.9; Zolpidem: 39.3; P-value=
	wake time during sleep (min)	Eszopiclone 1mg: 28; Eszopiclone 2mg: 26; Eszopiclone 2.5mg: 25.3; Eszopiclone 3mg: 23.3;

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year Outcome Measure (Quality)		Results		
		Zolpidem: 24.7;		
		P-value=		
Staner, 2005	Ideal route deviation	Zolpidem: -0.17;		
(Poor)		Zopiclone: -0.31;		
		Lormetazepam: -0.15;		
		Placebo: -0.18;		
		:;		
		P-value=		
	absolute speed deviation	Zolpidem: 123.3;		
		Zopiclone: 122.8;		
		Lormetazepam: 125.1;		
		Placebo: 123.7;		
		:;		
		P-value=		
	awakening from sleep	Zolpidem: 66.1;		
		Zopiclone: 62.6;		
		Lormetazepam: 70.6;		
		Placebo: 65.7;		
		· ;		
		P-value=		
	behavior after waking	Zolpidem: 63.1;		
		Zopiclone: 62.5;		
		Lormetazepam: 69.2;		
		Placebo: 63.7;		
		<u>;</u>		
		P-value=		
	ease to get asleep	Zolpidem: 59.4;		
		Zopiclone: 55.4;		
		Lormetazepam: 55.0;		
		Placebo: 45.8;		
		[:; 		
	1	P-value=		
	number of collisions	Zolpidem: 0.15;		
		Zopiclone: 0.66;		
		Lormetazepam: 0.37;		

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results	
		Placebo: 0.21;	
		P-value=	
	sleep quality	Zolpidem: 68.8;	
		Zopiclone: 74.5;	
		Lormetazepam: 70.0;	
		Placebo: 61.1;	
		P-value=	
	speed limit deviation	Zolpidem: -5.7;	
		Zopiclone: -5.9;	
		Lormetazepam: -3.0;	
		Placebo: -4.6;	
		:;	
		P-value=	
Tsutsui, 2001	Patients rated by the investigator as	Zolpidem: 18.7;	
(Fair)	"markedly improved"	Zopiclone: 16.4;	
		:;	
		P-value=NS	
	Patients rated by the investigator as	Zolpidem: 49.3;	
	"moderately improved"	Zopiclone: 45.2;	
		:;	
		:;	
		:;	
		P-value=NS	
	Patients rated by the investigator as "slightly	Zolpidem: 26.8;	
	improved"	Zopiclone: 31.1;	
		: ;	
		: ;	
		: ;	
		P-value=NS	
	Patients rated by the investigator as	Zolpidem: 5.3;	
	"unchanged"	Zopiclone: 6.4;	

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Evidence Table 2. Results of head-to-head trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results	
		. ,	
		,	
		. ,	
		P-value=NS	
	Patients rating the treatment as "ineffective"	Zolpidem: 5.7;	
	-	Zopiclone: 5.5;	
		.;	
		:;	
		:;	
		P-value=NS	
	Patients rating the treatment as "markedly	Zolpidem: 18.2;	
	effective"	Zopiclone: 16.0;	
		:;	
		::	
		l: :	
		P-value=NS	
	Patients rating the treatment as "moderately	Zolpidem: 46.4;	
	effective"	Zopiclone: 45.2;	
		.;	
		:;	
		:;	
		P-value=NS	
	Patients rating the treatment as "slightly	Zolpidem: 29.7;	
	effective"	Zopiclone: 33.3;	
		:;	
		::	
		l: :	
		P-value=NS	
	rebound: patients with an aggravation of	Zolpidem: 4.5;	
	sleep onset latency by one grade or more at		
	the end of followup	l:;	
	'	l: ;	
		l: :	
		P-value=0.005	

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	, 1 3 Np	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	from chronic insomnia, being regularly treated with triazolam. They met the following criteria: male and female volunteers over 18 years of age; receiving out-patient treatment from a GP; taking triazolam (0.25 to 0.50 mg/day) for longer than one month.	applied: refusal to participate in the	51.9 (16.7); 0% female;	NR/ NR/ 37	NR/ 37	21 days	Zolpidem; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Allain, 2001 (Fair)	25 to 64 years) with DSM-IV diagnosis of primary insomnia, characterized by sleep disturbance and problems in falling asleep or nocturnal awakenings and resulting in difficulty in performing daytime functions, were eligible for inclusion in the study. In addition, patients were required to have a score of between 7 and 15 on the Epworth Sleepiness Scale. In order to be included in the double-blind phase of the study, patients must present insomnia as characterized by at least two of the following four criteria: sleep latency > 30 minutes, total sleep time > 3 hours and < 6 hours, number of awakenings > 3 per night and wake-time after sleep	feeding or were of child-bearing potential and not using an adequate method of contraception, or it they had desynchronisationtype sleep-wake rhythm disorders (such as jetlag), parasomnia (for example somnambulism), anxiety (>4 on the covi scale), symptoms of depression (>6 on the Raskin scale), acute or chronic pain resulting in insomnia, severe psychiatric disturbances, were receiving treatment with psychotropic/sedative drugs, or had a severe medical condition or known hypersensitivity to imidazopyridine. They were also		NR/ 245	NR/ 245	28 days	Zolpidem; Placebo; ;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)		Exclusion Criteria	•	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
(?)	years of age, experiencing insomnia. All patients were required to meet DSM-iV criteria for major depressive disorder, dysthymic disorder, or minor depressive disorder based on their psychiatrist's diagnosis or the interview with a study psychiatrist Patients were required to report persistent insomnia as characterized by a typical sleep latency of > 30 minutes, a typical nightly total sleep time of < 6.5 hours, or > 2 awakenings on a typical night	a history of suicide attempt or contemplation, or psychotropic medication treatment other than the SSRI or who were pregnant, lactating, or sexually active without approved contraception were also excluded. Patients with histories suggestive of insomnia secondary to any condition other than the depressive disorder or SSRI therapy (e.g. shift work, substance	Mean age (SD): NR (NR);	273/	37/	42 days	Zolpidem;
	nights/days were randomly assigned to either zolpidem, 10 mg, or placebo.		•	NR/ 194	8/ 190		Placebo; ; ;
Berry, 2006 (Fair)	Obese adult patients undergoing treatment of severe OSA (AHI>30/hr) with CPAP therapy for at least 6 months.	on hypnotic medications, those with uncontrolled daytime sleepiness suggested by an Epworth Sleepiness Scale Score of greater than 12 and patients with a history of sedative dependance durng last	49.4 (12.4);	NR/ NR/ 16	NR/ NR/ 16	S	Zolpidem; Placebo;
		3 years.	race/etimony. NR	10	10		, ,
						1 days	Zolpidem;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
							Placebo; ;
Chaudoir, 1983 (Poor)	admission criterion was at least one of the following complaints-	The exclusion criteria were patients with depression or an anxiety state requiring therapy, mental disability, liver or kidney dysfunction, cardiovascular disease for which medication was being received or with significant symptomatology (chest pains), gastro-intestinal disease, drug addiction or consumption of alcohol which would interfere with the assessment of the drug, or history of hypersensitivity to drugs. Patients receiving medication which was likely to induce sedation, patients requiring regular analgesia for the relief of chronic pain, night-shift workers, pregnant women, nursing mothers and women of childbearing potential and patients weighing less than 7 stone or more than 14 stone were also excluded.	(NR);	NR/ 30/ 25	0/ 25	7 days	Zopiclone; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Declerck, 1999 (Fair)	Patients, male and female aged between 30 and 75 years, were included in the study if they had complaints of insomnia and had been using benzodiazepine as a hypnotic drug in a therapeutic dosage for more than 4 days a week, for more than 3 months. A written statement of informed consent was obtained from each patient.	· ·	77% female;	NR/	NR/	7 days	Zolpidem; Placebo;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	22	20		;
Dockhorn, 1996 (Fair)	Healthy patients who had experienced acute insomnia (3-9 nights) sue to a recent situational stress related to marriage, work, family, or financial matters were randomized. Insomnia was defined as a sleep duration of 4-6 h per night, a sleep latency of 30 min or more, and daytime complaints associated with disturbed sleep (thereby meeting the DSM-III-R definition of acute insomnia)	were regularly taking any medications that could interfere with the assessment of a hypnotics. Patients who normally slept on an unusual schedule (e.g., shift workers) and women who were		NR/	9/	7-10 days	Zolpidem;
		lactating or at risk on pregnancy were excluded	58% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 138	2/ 136		Placebo; ; ;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Dorsey, 2004 (Fair)	insomnia in temporal conjunction with menopausal symptoms. In addition, they had to have complaints of difficulty maintaining sleep or complaints of nonrestorative sleep for >6 months. Sleep maintenance difficult had to occur an average of >3 night per week and had to be accompanied by >2 nocturnal hot flashes, hot flushes, or night sweats. Participant also had to be in good mental and physical health, as determined by medical and psychiatric history, physical examination, and standard clinical laboratory	Exclusion criteria included the presence of signs or symptoms of clinical depression, as ascertained by clinical interview and a Beck Depression Inventory score of > 10, or any other significant psychiatric disorder, based on DSM-IV criteria; use of any over-the-counter or prescription sleep medication within 7 days or any investigational drug within 30 days before study onset; positive urine screening test for medication that could interfere with the assessment of study medication, including benzodiazepines, barbiturates, opiates, cocaine, phenothiazines, amphetamines, and cannabinoids; a history of drug abuse/dependence or alcoholism; and a history of current symptoms of obstructive sleep apnea or periodic limb movement disorder.		242/	16/	28 days	Zolpidem;
			100% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	141/ 141	3/ 141		Placebo; ;
Drewes, 1991 (Fair)	Sleep disorders in patients with fibromyalgia.	NR	Mean age (SD): NR (NR); 0% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ NR/ 45	4/ 0/ 41	84 days	Zopiclone; Placebo; ;
Drewes, 1998 (Fair)	All patients fulfilled the American Rheumatism Association criteria for RA and the protocol was approved by the local Ethics Committee. As sleep disturbance are thought to be an integral part of the	NR	Mean age (SD): 50.9 (9.4);	NR/	NR/	14 days	Zolpidem;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	disease, patients were included whether or not they had subjective sleep		72% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	41/ 40	NR/ 40		Placebo; ; ;
							Zopiclone; Placebo; ;
Erman, 2006 (Fair)	for at least three months, a subjective sleep latency (SSL) greater than 30 min, a subjective total sleep time (sTST) of less than 6.5 h per night, and daytime complaints associated with disturbed sleep; a mean LPS > 20 min for two consecutive PSG screening nights with neither	medical or psychiatric condition that could have confounded the study. Excluded conditions included depression, anxiety, seizure disorders, drug addiction, sleep apnea, nocturnal myoclonus, mental retardation, a history of alcohol abuse within the past two years, tobacco use within the past 90 days, or psychotropic drug use. Other exclusionary criteria included the use of St. John's wort or melatonin, or consumption of grapefruit or grapefruit juice within three weeks prior to the study. Shift workers and patients who had flown across three or more time zones within seven days prior to screening	37.7 ();	205/ 107	0/	2 days	Ramelteon 4mg; Ramelteon 8mg; Ramelteon 16mg;
							32mg; Placebo

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	0.	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Fava, 2006 (Fair)	21 - 64 years old (inclusive) and meet DSM-IV criteria for MDD and for insomnia associated with MDD. The current depressive episode was required to have lasted 2 weeks to 6 months (inclusive), and the insomnia symptoms must not have predated the symptoms of MDD by more than 10 weeks. Additionally, patients were required to have a score of >= 14 after subtracting the three sleeprelated item scores on the 17-item Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D-17; Hamilton 1960). Patients had to report total sleep time (TST) <= 6.5 hours, sleep latency >= 30 min, and wake time after sleep onset (WASO) >= 45 min per night at least three times per week for the preceding month. Finally, patients were required to either not be taking	been receiving antidepressant medication for at least 14 days before randomization for all drugs except fluoxetine (35 days) and antipsychotic medications (30 days). Patients were additionally excluded if they: 1) had a known sensitivity to any selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI), zopiclone, or eszopiclone; 2) were a significant suicide risk as determined by clinical interview; 3) had a previous episode of MDD that was refractory to treatment with an SSRI; 4) had a psychiatric or personality disorder that might compromise the ability to evaluate safety and efficacy of study medication; 5) had insomnia associated with another sleep disorder or had any condition that impacted or was likely to impact sleep; 6) had a history of drug or alcohol abuse or dependence in the previous 6 months or positive urine test at screening; or 7) had evidence of clinically unstable or	67% female;	985/ NR/ 545	50/ 373	8 weeks	Eszopiclone; Placebo; ;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	J .	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Goldenberg, 1994 (Poor)	had suffered at least two of the following symptoms for between 2 to 12 weeks: sleep duration less than 6 hours per night, at least 2 nightly awakings; sleep onset latency of 30 minutes or more, or daily symptoms attributable to disturbed sleep.	psychiatric problems; alcohol or	.% female;	NR/ 524	NR/ 458	44 days	Zopiclone; Placebo;
						48 days	Zopiclone; Placebo; ;
Gronblad, 1993 (Fair)	patients with primary fibromyalgia	NR		NR/ 59/ 33	10/ NR/ 33	56 days	Zopiclone; Placebo; ;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria		Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Hedner, 2000 (Fair)	This study evaluated patients of both sexes who were at least 65 years old and who had a history of insomnia of at least 3 months' duration. Inclusion to this study was also dependent on the absence of any significant psychiatric or central nervous system (CNS) disorder. Primary insomnia, based on criteria in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual, 4th edition (DSM-IV; American Psychiatric Association, 1994), was characterized by a sleep latency of 30 minutes or more and either three or more awakenings per night or a total sleep time of 6.5 hours or less.		Mean age (SD): 72.5 (NR); .% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 437	NR/ 422	14 days	Zaleplon 5mg; Zaleplon 10mg; Placebo;
Herrmann, 1993 (Poor)	For inclusion in the study,	medical, psychiatric and organic mental disorders, and normal results on routine laboratory testing and on urine drug screening for amphetamines, cannabinoids, morphine derivatives, barbiturates and benzodiazepines. Patients presenting with caffeinism or	Mean age (SD): NR (NR); 43% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 25/ 21	NR/ NR/ 21	14 days	Zolpidem; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria		Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Hindmarch, 1995 (Fair)	60 years suffering from at least two of the following symptoms for two or more weeks: sleep duration less than 6 hours per night; at least 2 nightly awakenings; sleep onset	disorders, alcohol or substance dependency, concurrent medication with CNS effects, acute or chronic illness affecting sleep, important negative life events within the previous month, and pregnancy		NR/	NR/	42 days	Zolpidem;
	latency of 30 minutes or more; and daily symptoms attributable to sleep disorders.	were considered as exclusion criteria.	0% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 458	NR/ 458		Placebo; ;
						48 days	Zolpidem; Placebo;
Kryger (Fair)	Men and women aged 21-64 years with a diagnosis of mild [AHI =5 and <10 or moderate AHI = 10 and = 20] obstructive or mixed sleep apnea and a habitual bedtime between 8:30 p.m. and 12 a.m. and who reported sleeping more than 4 hour per night. Confirmatory AHI = 5 and = 20 per hour of sleep and an arterial blood oxygen saturation >80% during screenign night, did not have periodic leg movements with an arousal index of >20 per hour of sleep during screening night.	sleep apnea or had used a continuous airway pressure device or dental appliance for sleep apnea within the preceeding 30 days. Known hypersensitivity to remelteon; a recent acute, clinically significant illness or hospitalization; uncontrolled systematic illness; hepatitis, recent use of sleep medications, recent sleep scheudle changes; a rcent history of psychiatric disorder or drug or alcohol abuse; history of seizure, COPD, restless leg syndrome, periodic leg movement disorder or other known sleep disorders; or ther clinically important abnormal findings.		NR/	0/	S	; Ramelteon;
		_	69% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 26	0/ 26		Placebo; ; ;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)		Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	of age meeting criteria for chronic primary insomnia from the DSM-IV. History of 3 months of difficulty falling asleep, difficulty maintaining sleep, or experiencing nonrestorative sleep with reports of clinically significant impairment in social, occupational and other important areas of functioning, = h of wakefulness for at least 4 nights per week, over the past month, and to have spent >6.5 hrs, but <8.5 hrs/night in bed trying to sleep over the past 2 weeks.	Shift workers, napped more than 3 times per week, consuming >5 xanthine containing beverages per day as well as patients who had been using over the counter sleep remedies or prescription sleep medications within two weeks or 5 half-lives(whichever was longer) before screening. Use of any substance associated with effects on sleep-wake function within 1 week or 5 half-lives before screening not permitted. Primary hypersomnia, narcolepsy, breathing related sleep diroders, circadian rhythm sleep disorders, parasomnia, or dyssomnia not otherwise specified. Patients having current severe neuropsychiatric disorder (DSM IV), history of substance abuse or dependencewithin the past year, myasthenia gravis, severe respiratory insufficiency, any unstable medical condition, sensitivity to Zolpidem or its excipient were not entered into the study.		NR/ 1025	77/ 1016	24 weeks	Zolpidem; Placebo;
	DSM-IV diagnosis of chronic primary insomnia; Patient-reported average sleep time <=	NR	Mean age: 45.6 (range 21-64); 61% female;	NR/	350/ 80/	180 days	Eszopiclone; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	6.5 hrs/night and/or sleep latency >30 min		Race/ethnicity: Caucasian: 71% Black: 16% Hispanic: 13%	830	828		;
Krystal, 2003 (Fair)	Patients receiving a DSM IV diagnosis of primary insomnia and/or a usual sleep latency of more than 30 minutes each night for at least 1 month prior to screening were eligible for randomization, provided they did not (1) meet criteria for a DSM-IV Axis I psychiatric diagnosis other than primary insomnia, sexual and genderidentity disorders, or Axis II personality disorders (excluded by medical history); (2) have a history of substance abuse or substance dependence; (3) consume more than 2 alcoholic beverages per day or more than 14 per week; (4) use any psychotropic, hypnotic, or other medications known to infect sleep or to be contraindicated for use with hypnotics; (5) use over-the-counter analgesics that contain caffeine or herbal supplements, including products with herbs, melatonin, or St. John's Wort.		Mean age (SD): 44 (11.3); 63.2% female; Race/ethnicity: 80% Caucasian 13.2% African American 7.9% other	791/ 788	320/ 60/ 788	180 days	Eszopiclone; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria		Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
1997 (Fair)	Patients had to have a history of a minimum of 3 months of disturbed sleep, characterized by a typical sleep duration of between 4 and 6 hours, a typical sleep latency of at least 30 minutes, and associated daytime complaints.	44.9 (11.6);	178/	27/	31 days	Zolpidem 10mg;
		56% female; Race/ethnicity: 92% Caucasian 6% black <1% Hispanic 1% Asian	33/ 145	0/		Zolpidem 15mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number	Number	Study	Interventions
(Quality)				Screened	Withdrawn	Duration	
				Eligible	Lost to followup		
			(00) (0	Enrolled	Analyzed	<u>.</u> .	
Lofaso, 1997 (Fair)	All included patients were subjects with UARS taken from a group of heavy snorers who complained of daytime tiredness and/or sleepiness.	Patients were excluded if physical examination, laboratory tests (serum creatinine and hepatic enzymes) electrocardiograph (ECG), vital capacity, or forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1)/forced vital capacity (FVC) were abnormal. Subjects with a current medical illness or a history of serious psychiatric disease or who were taking medication known to affect sleep or vigilance were excluded. Patients were also required to have a habitual consumption of more than four caffeine-containing beverages per day and to have no history of alcohol abuse. Beverages containing alcohol or caffeine were prohibited during the days of study.	(9); 0% female;	NR/ 8	NR/ 8	7 days	Zolpidem; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)		Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	met DSM-IV criteria for Insomnia and who self reported sleeping = 6.5 hrs per night and taking more than 30 mins to fall asleep each night for at least 1 month. A mean WASO of 20 mins or more, with no night<15 mins, a mean LPS of 20 mins or more with no night < 15 mins. Patients with comorbid conditions that were not expected to disrupt sleep were allowed if their disease was stable.	restless leg syndrome, periodic leg movement dosorder, chronic pain, severe COPD or advanced sleep phase syndrome, or if they used drugs known to affect sleep within 3		782/ NR/ 264	NR/ NR	2 weeks	Eszopiclone; Placebo;
			7.2% black 2.7% Hispanic 0.8% Asian				;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	the American College of Rheumatology criteria to diffuse myalgia, at least 11 to 18 tender points in specific anatomic regions, chronic fatigue, and nonrestful sleep of at least 3 months' duration. Patients had been assessed by an overnight polysomnography as part of their evaluation for	Patients were excluded if they had a serious medical or psychiatric disorder or either sleep apnea or sleep related periodic involuntary limb movement disorder on polysomnography. Other reasons for exclusion included pregnancy or the potential of becoming pregnant; use of short acting central nervous system (CNS) medication, including alcohol or caffeine within 12 h of study entry; use of triazolam within 3 mights of the first treatment night; use of temazepam, flurazepam, and other intermediate or long acting hypnotics; use of analgesics (excluding ASA or acetaminophen), antidepressants, or psychotropic drugs within 14 nights of the first treatment; and a history of exaggerated response or hypersensitivity to the benzodiazepines or other CNS depressants. Otherwise, all patients were determined to be in good health based on a medical history, examination, electrocardiogram, and laboratory analyses of blood and urine samples.		NR/	3/	4 days	Zolpidem 5mg;
			.% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	26/ 19	0/		Zolpidem 10mg; Zolpidem 15mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria			Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Monchesky, 1986 (Fair)	who had suffered from insomnia for at least three months and met at least two of the following criteria: (1) sleep latency of 45 minutes or more, (2) more than three nightly awakenings with difficulty in falling asleep again, (3) early final morning awakening, and	concomitant use of neuroleptics, sedatives, analgesics, or antidepressants; a history of drug abuse or addiction; a history of serious psychiatric, hepatic, renal, or metabolic disorders; epilepsy; a known hypersensitivity to hypnotic drugs; abnormal liver or renal function; abnormal hemogram values; and an established	,	NR/ NR/ 99	0/ 2/ 91	7 days	Zolpidem; Placebo; ;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)		Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	between the ages of 22 and 55 were recruited from the General Motors of Canada assembly plant in Oshawa, Ontario, Canada. To be included in the study, participants had to alternate between a two-week day shift (07:00 to 15:30 h) and a two-week night shifts (18:00 to 02:30 h) for at least one year. In both cases, subjects worked from Monday to Friday. During each shift, two 10-min breaks, an 15-min "personal relief" pause and a 35-min lunch period were allowed. Shift workers had to present a history of insomnia of three or more consecutive day or night shifts characterized by at least three of the following four criteria: (a) a sleep latency of 30 min or more; (b) two or more nightly awakenings with difficulty in returning to sleep; (c) a total sleep time of < 6 h	Subjects previously receiving hypnotic medication were eligible to participate in this study provided the above criteria were met after a 4-d wash-out period. Females were excluded if they were pregnant, lactating or were not using a medically recognized contraceptive method. Subjects whose sleep performance was disrupted by external factors and those taking neuroleptics, sedatives, analgesics, anti-depressants, or with a history of hypersensitivity to one or more hypnotic drugs were excluded. Subjects whose insomnia was considered secondary to a psychiatric or medical disorder were also excluded as were those with a history of alcoholism, drug abuse or caffeine overuse.		NR/	NR/	12 days	Zopiclone;
	and (d) a poor quality of sleep. All participants gave written, informed consent to participate		6% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 50	NR/ 50		Placebo; ; ;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	3 4	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	at least 2 of the following sleep disturbances: time to fall asleep >30 minutes; total sleep time <6 hours,; total nocturnal wake time >20 minutes; number of nocturnal awakenings >3.	bearing age with inadequate contraception, breastfeeding mothers, patients suffering from	44.25 (4.8); 83% female;	NR/ 12	NR/ 12	27 days	Zolpidem; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Monti, 2000 (Poor)	59 years, with chronic primary		Mean age (SD): 51.9 (3.6);	NR/	NR/	15 days	Zolpidem;
			100% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 12	NR/ 12		Placebo; ;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Parrino (Fair)	Hypnotic naïve subjects and met all criteria for diagnosis of primary sleep maintenance insomnia persisting for at least 1 month.	depression critical medical condition, substance abuse or comcommitant treatment with psychoactive drugs. Sleep apnea, periodic limb movement and other	Mean age (SD): 32.8 (9); 50% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 12	0/ 8	6 days	Zolpidem; Placebo; Zolpidem; Placebo;
Perlis, 2004 (Fair)	Patients aged 18 to 64 years were eligible for the study provided they met the DSM-IV criteria for primary insomnia and were deemed to be in good mental and physical health as ascertained by a medical history, physical examination, and standard clinical laboratory tests obtained within 2 weeks of study start.	Exclusion criteria included presence of any significant psychiatric disorder; use of any over-the-counter or prescription sleep medication within 7 days or any investigational drug within 30 days before study start; positive urine screen for medication that could interfere with the assessment of study medication; history of drug addiction, alcoholism, or drug abuse; and history of or current symptoms compatible with sleep apnea or periodic leg movements during sleep. Additionally, female patients were ineligible if they were breastfeeding, pregnant, or not using double-barrier contraceptive methods.	Mean age (SD): 40.8 (12.7); 71% female; Race/ethnicity: 70% Euro American	322/ 277/ 199	3/ 192	84 days	Zolpidem; Placebo;
Roehrs (poster) (Fair)	DSM-IV-defined primary insomnia, WASO 1 hour per night for at least 3 nights per week during preceding month, and time in bed of 6.5 to 9 hours per night for 2 weeks prior to enrollment. A 2-night (screening) mean PSG WASO	Any DSM-IV Axis I psychiatric disorder, sleep disorder, history of substance abuse, use of any substance with CNS effects known to affect sleep, or use of over-the-counter or prescription sleep medication within 1 and 2 weeks prior to screening, respectively.	Mean age (SD): 70.2 (); 57% female;	NR/	7/ NR/	21 days	Zolpidem MR; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	>= 40 minutes (not <30 minutes on either night), and total sleep time 3 to 7 hours each screening night was		Race/ethnicity: 95.1% Caucasian; 4.9% other	205	NR		;
Rosenberg (Fair)	Patients aged 35-64 years, wit mild to moderate OSAS (AHI range =10 and = 40) that required CPAP treatment. Patients had to have reported using CPAP most every night for atleast 3 months.	Severe OSAS patients, DSM-IV axis I psychiatric diagnosis other than sexual and gender identity disorders; known sensitivity to racemic zopiclone, or substance contained in the formulation; diagnosis of central sleep apnea syndrome; history of restless leg syndromeor periodic leg movement syndromeor any clinically significant unstable medical abnormality of the cardiovascular, respiratory, hepatic or renal systems. Tested positive for hepatitis B surface antigen or hepatitis C antibody; had a history of psychotropic medication use within 30 days prior to the study; had nay other condition that may have affected sleep; history of substance abuse in the previous 10 yrs, use of herbal supplements 14 days prior to screening or St John's Wort 30 days prior to screening, consumption of alcoholic beverages daily, rotating or third shift workder.		41/ NR/ 22	0/21	2 days	Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Roth ()	primary insomnia, DSM-IV diagnosis of primary insomnia, reporting at least 1 hour of	DSM=IV axis I psychiatric disorder any sleep disorder, circadian rhythm disorder, parasomnia or dyssomnia, having a history of substance abuse or dependence or lifestyle that precludes the diagnosis of primary insomnia, having received any other sleep medication within 2 weeks prior to screening or within 1 wk prior to screening having received any substance with CNS effects	Mean age (SD): 44.3 (13); 58% female; Race/ethnicity: Caucasian 90%	NR/ 212	1/ 212	21 days	Zolpidem; Placebo;
	At screening: 65 years or older , diagnosis of chronic primary insomnia and daytime impariment or distress associated wth disturbed sleep, BMI between 18-34 (inclusive) and a self reported habitual bedtime between 8:30 p.m. and 12:00 a.m. At randomization: mean LPS =20 mins on 2 nights with neither night <15 mins and a mean WASO =60 mins with a wake time =45 mins on each of the 2 nights.	illness as determined by the investigator within 1 year of baseline; use of medicationns or supplements known to affect the sleep-wake cycle within 5 days of baseline; use of any other CNS active medications(other than ramelteon) including sleep aids and herbal preparations with CNS effects, within 3 weeks of baseline or who had flown across more than 3 time zones within 7 days of	Mean age (SD): 70.7 (); 63% female; Race/ethnicity: Caucasian: 95% Asian:1% Hispanic:4% Black, Native American, Other: 0%	NR/ 100	0/	9 weeks	Ramelteon 4mg; Ramelteon 8 mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
							Ramelteon 4mg; Ramelteon 8mg; Placebo;
Roth 2006 (Fair)	Age 65 years or older with a diagnosis of primary insomnia as defined by the DSM-IV-TR for at least 3 months, a reported sleep latency >=45 minutes, and a total sleep time <=6.5 hours per night for at least 3 nights during the week of the single-blind lead-in period. Body mass index must have been between 18 and 34, inclusive, and habitual bedtime must have been between 8:30 pm and 12:00 am. For subset of patients with severe sleep onset difficulties (sSL =60) receiving 8 mg or placebo were included in post hoc analysis	Patients could not have had any significant medical or psychiatric disorder or have used any medications that affected the central nervous system or sleep/wake function within 1 week (or 5 half lives, whichever is longer) prior to the first day of the placebo lead-in period.	Mean age (SD): 72.4 (72.4); 0% female;	NR/	128/ NR/	5 weeks	Ramelteon 4 mg; Ramelteon 8 mg;
	moded in post not unaryou		reported	829	NR		Placebo;
Scharf, 2005 (Fair)	Men and women between the ages of 65 and 85 years who met the DSM-IV for primary insomnia and who reported sleeping 6.5 hours per night or less and took more than 30 minutes to fall asleep each night for at least 1 month	Patients with a prior history of allergies to zopiclone or any sedative hypnotic, history of severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, history of any condition that could interfere with the absorption of orally administered medicine, or prior participation in	Mean age (SD): 72.3 (4.9);	353/	21/	14 days	Eszopiclone 1mg;
		the investigational study less than 30 days prior to screening were	58% female;	NR/	NR/		Eszopiclone 2mg;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
		excluded.	Race/ethnicity: 89.4% Caucasian 2.2% black 1.3% Hispanic	231	231		Placebo;
Schnitzer (poster) (?)	Subjects (aged 25-64) diagnosed with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)(as defined by the ACR) must have been on stable regimen for treatment of rheumatoid arthritis for a minimum of 90 days prior to Visit 2; Self-reported WASO of >= 45 minutes and TST <= 6.5 hours ar least three times a week over the previous month and symptoms of insomnia must have post-dated onset of rheumatoid arthritis;	NR	Mean age (SD): 52.1 (); 87% female; Race/ethnicity: Caucasian: 85.0% Black: 11.8% Hispanic: 3.2%	NR/ NR/ 153	11/ NR/ 153	4 weeks	Eszopiclone; Placebo; ;
Shaw, 1992 (?)	Patients of either sex, between ages of 65 and 85 years, who had been hospitalized for psychiatric conditions but who were without serious systematic medical conditions, were recruited. Patients with insomnia of at least 2 weeks' duration and fulfilling at least two of the following conditions were included: latency of onset of sleep greater than 30 min; awake for more than 1 h during the night; two or more waking periods during the night; and total sleep time of less than 6 h.	anaemia; significant cardiac, hepatic or renal dysfunction, or other serious medical condition; history of alcohol abuse; significant abnormalities in routine laboratory tests; and concomitant use of benzodiazepines or hypnotic drugs.		NR/ 119	9/ NR/ 119	21 days	Zolpidem 10mg; Zolpidem 20mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)		Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	met DSM-IV criteria for insomnia in the context of menopausal transition, peri menopausal or early post menopausal with variable cycle length; late menopausal transition with two or more skipped cycles and an interval of amenorrhea for a period of upto 12 months. Additional criteria for insomnia defined as reported sleep latency 45 or more minutes and sleep duration 6 or few hours for	obstructive sleep apnea, history of substance abuse or dependence, consumption of more than 2 alcoholic beverages per day or 14 per week, use of prescription medications known to affect sleep, and the use of over the counter medication affecting sleep or mood. Patients with major depressive disorder or other other major Axis I psychiatric disorders.	Mean age (SD): 49 (); 100% female; Race/ethnicity:	642/ NR/ 410	4/ 410	4 weeks	Eszopiclone; Placebo;
	greater than 3 times per week for 1 month		majority white				
Soares (poster) (?)	Stages of Reproductive Aging Workshop (STRAW) Criteria: 1. Early Menopausal Transition (Stage-2); 2. Late Menopausal Transition (Stage-1); 3. Early post menopause (Stage+1a). Age 40-60 yrs. Sleep latency >= 45 min and sleep duration <= 6h, >= 3x/wk for 1 month; insomnia symptoms post-date onset of peri-menopausal symptoms, with no other cause of secondary insomnia	NR	Mean age (SD): 49.1 (); 100% female; Race/ethnicity: Caucasian: 77% Black: 15% Hispanic: 8%	NR/ NR/ 410	51/ NR/ 410	28 days	; ; ;
		Any DSM-IV Axis I psychiatric disorder, sleep disorder, history of	Mean age (SD): 44.4 (13.0);	NR/	20/	3 weeks	Zolpidem MR;
. , , ,	night at least 3 nights per week during the preceding month,	substance abuse, use of any substance with CNS effects known	(.3.3),				
		to affect sleep, or use of over-the- counter or prescription sleep	58% female;	NR/	NR/		Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	weeks prior to enrollment.	medication within 1 and 2 weeks prior to screening, respectively.	Race/ethnicity: 90% Caucasian, 10% other	212	NR		
Terzano, 1992 (Poor)	patients met the criteria for the diagnosis of persistent psychophysiological insomnia and self-reported at least two of the following complaints: difficulties in falling asleep, inadequate sleep length and frequent nocturnal awakenings.	patients had nocturnal myoclonus or sleep apnea syndrome	Mean age (SD): 49.6 (5.1); 67% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ NR/ 12	NR/ NR/ 12	1 days	Zolpidem;
Walsh ()	Patients between 65-87 years meeting DSM-IV-TR primary insomnia diagnostic criteria were eligible if they reported at least 1 hour of wakefulness after sleep onset at least 3 nights a week over the precding month and spent	History of hypersensitivity to zolpidem or it's excipients, night shift workers consumer's of high amounts of xanthine-containing beverages and those with body mass index higher than 32. Presence of any other DSM-IV Axis I psychiatric disorders (including primary hypersomnia, narcolepsy, breathing related sleep disorder, circadian rhythm disorder, parasomnia, and dyssomnia), history of epilpesy, parasomnia and dissomnia), history of epilpesy, myasthenia gravis, evidence of any clinically significant, severe or unstable progressive, progressive, medical or surgical disorder, hisotry of substance abuse, lifestyle that precludes diagnosis of primary insomnia, use of sleep medication in the previous 2 weeks, concommitant use of any psychotropic drug or other substance known to affect sleep within the previous week.	Mean age (SD): 70.2 (4.5);	396/	7/	3 weeks	Zolpidem;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	3 17	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
				NR/ 205	0/ 203		Placebo; ;
	meeting DSM-IV criteria for primary insomnia and reporting = 6.5 hours sleep and/or >30 mins to fall asleep on a typical night for at least the past month.	IV axis I or personality disorder	0% female;	1436/ NR/ 830	350/ 80/ 828	6 months	Eszopiclone; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
(Poor)	duration with associated daytime impairment were eligible. Historical inclusion criteria included the following occurring three or more times each week: a subjective sleep latency of > 30 minutes and either > 3 awakenings per night (with difficulty returning to sleep) or a total sleep time	any chronic or recurrent medical illness considered to affect sleep or to potentially require medical attention or medication changes during the study was cause for exclusion. Additionally, patients with a present or past history of a major psychiatric illness [e.g. Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM)-IV diagnoses of depressive or psychotic disorders, dementia or mental retardation] that was considered to influence sleep or study outcome were excluded. Additional exclusion criteria included a urine drug screen positive for drugs of abuse or sedative/hypnotic/anxiolytic agents; a history of severe adverse reactions to sedative hypnotics; bodyweight more than 5% below or more than 25% above Metropolitan Life Insurance Company standards; use of any medication with significant CNS effects within the prior 2 weeks (4 weeks for slowly eliminated drugs such as fluoxetine); or a history of drug/alcohol abuse within the past 12 months.		311/	NR/	2 days	Zaleplon 2mg;
			35% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	54/ 48	NR/ 48		Zaleplon 5mg; Zaleplon 10mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Walsh,	1) DSM-IV diagnosis of primary	NR	Mean age (SD):	365/	29/	56 days	Zolpidem;
2000b, 2002	insomnia 2) reported sleep		44.1 (1.2);				
(Fair)	latency (SL) > 45 minutes, or						
	total sleep time (TST) < 6.5						
	hours, and insomnia-related						
	daytime complaints on at least						
	three of the seven baseline						
	days 3) nightly time-in-bed						
	between 6.5 and 9.0 hours;						
	bedtime and rise time varying						
	by < 3 hours during baseline						
	week. 4) negative pregnancy						
	test, non breast-feeding and,						
	continued contraceptive						
	measures for women of child-						
	bearing potential. 5) absence						
	of a current medical condition,						
	or current or past major						
	psychiatric illness which may						
	influence the study. 6) a						
	Hamilton Depression Scale						
	score < 8 (excluding sleep-						
	related items). 7) no illicit drug						
	use or excessive alcohol use						
	or abuse in the past 12						
	months. 8) urine drug screen						
	negative for any illicit drug or						
	psychotropic medication. 9) no						
	use of a prescription or non-						
	prescription drugs that affect						
	sleep-wake function within 7 to						
	25 days (depending on half						
	life), or an investigational drug		71% female;	163/	5/		Placebo;
	within 30 days. 10) smoking <		Race/ethnicity:	163	NR		:
	10 cigarettes per day.		83.4% Caucasian				,
			16.6% other				

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria		Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
(Fair)	who met DSM-IV criteria for primary insomnia, and who additionally reported no more than 6.5 h of sleep per night and required more than 30 min	Patients with any unstable medical abnormality or acute illness, any pertinent drug sensitivities, abnormalities in drug metabolism, periodic limb movement disorder, restless legs syndrome, circadian rhythm disorder, or sleep apnea were excluded.	39.8 (11.7); 61% female;	NR/ 669/ 308	16/ 0/ 308	44 days	Eszopiclone 2mg; Eszopiclone 3mg; ;
							Eszopiclone 2mg; Eszopiclone 3mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 3. Characteristics of Placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)		Exclusion Criteria	3 4	Number Screened Eligible Enrolled	Number Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
	primary insomnia (DSM-IV-TR) present at the time of evaluaton for at least 3 months, reporting an sSL of at least 30 minutes, an sTST of less than 6.5 hours, and daytime complaints associated with their disturbed sleep. Eligibilty in DB phase mean LPS=20 mins on the 2 nights of PSG monitoring, with an LPS of no less than 15 mins on either night, mean wake time =60 mins per night during the two nights of monitoring, with no less than 45 mins of wake time on either night	Participation in any previous studies of remelteon, had taken any other investigational drug within 30 days, or if they had sleep schedule changes associated with shift work or had taken a flight across more than 3 time zones in 7 days preceeding the initial screening. Medications known to affect sleep wake function must not have been taken within 5 days or 5 half-lives of the start of the study. History of sleep apnea, COPD, seizures, anxiety, depression, schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, mental retardation, cognitive disorder, significant neurological, hepatic, renal, endocrine, cardio vascular, gastro intestinal, pulmonary, hematologic, or metabolic diseases, history of drug addiction or abuse within 12 months of the study. At screening, subjects were excluded if they had apnea-hypoapnea index >10 or a periodic leg movement arousal index >10.		1078/	38/	5 weeks	Ramelteon 8mg;
			.% female;	NR/	1/		Ramelteon 16 mg;
			Race/ethnicity:	405	NR		Placebo;
							Remelteon 8mg; Remelteon 16 mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
Allain, 1998	amount of sleep	Zolpidem: better;
		Placebo: NR;
		; ;;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.0001
	anxiety	Zolpidem: better;
		Placebo: NR;
		; ;;
		· ·
		P-value=<0.0003
	daytime alertness	Zolpidem: NR;
	ady anno dioranoso	Placebo: NR;
		: ;
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	energy	Zolpidem: better;
	energy	Placebo: NR;
		;;
		. ,
		Duralina i O O4
	la a a ministra a na	P-value=<0.01
	less nightmare	Zolpidem: 93;
		Placebo: less;
		;;
		· ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.04
	number of awakenings	Zolpidem: better;
		Placebo: NR;
		,
		,
		·;
		P-value=<0.0001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	overall no different except day 21, where	Zolpidem: NR;
	zolpidem was more effective, p<0.007	Placebo: NR;
		:;
		,
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (hr) at day 28	Zolpidem: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		,
		,
		,
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (hr) at day 7	Zolpidem: 6.13;
		Placebo: 6.40;
		,
		,
		,
		P-value=NR
Allain, 2001	anxiety during the day (1=worse;	Zolpidem: -1.5;
	100=better), change from baseline	Placebo: -2.9;
		P-value=0.55
	bodily pain, change from baseline	Zolpidem: 4.7;
		Placebo: 3.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	daytime drowsiness (1=worse; 100=better),	Zolpidem: -1.8;
	change from baseline	Placebo: -5.3;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.048

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	daytime sleep duration (min), change from	Zolpidem: -2.6;
	baseline	Placebo: -0.9;
		,
		,
		,
		P-value=NR
	efficacy index- when efficacy outseighs	Zolpidem: 108;
	safety)	Placebo: 84;
		· ;
		. ,
		,
		P-value=0.0004
	general health perception, change from	Zolpidem: 3.4;
	baseline	Placebo: 2.5;
		· ;
		,
		,
		P-value=NS
	general mental health, change from baseline	Zolpidem: 5.9;
		Placebo: 5.1;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	global impression- much or very much	Zolpidem: 67;
	improved	Placebo: 29;
		· ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.0001
	lucidity in the morning (1=worse;	Zolpidem: 2.9;
	100=better), change from baseline	Placebo: 2.3;
		· ;
		· ;
		: ;
		P-value=0.77

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	number of nocturnal awakenings, change	Zolpidem: -1.2;
	from baseline	Placebo: -1.2;
		:;
		l:;
		l:;
		P-value=<0.05
	physical function, change from baseline	Zolpidem: 2.5;
		Placebo: 2.7;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	role limitations due to emotional problems,	Zolpidem: 7.9;
	change from baseline	Placebo: -0.3;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	role limitations due to physical problem,	Zolpidem: 7.5;
	change from baseline	Placebo: 4.9;
		:;
		· · · · · · · ·
		,
		P-value=NS
	sadness during the day (1=worse;	Zolpidem: -0.6;
	100=better), change from baseline	Placebo: -2.8;
		:;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value=0.30
	severity of illness- not ill to mildly ill	Zolpidem: 69;
		Placebo: 46;
		· ;
		:;
		[:;
		P-value=0.002

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep onset latency (min), change from	Zolpidem: -23;
	baseline	Placebo: -18.8;
		.;
		::
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep quality (1=worse; 100=better), change	Zolpidem: 14.1;
	from baseline	Placebo: 20.6;
		:;
		P-value=0.01
	social functioning, change from baseline	Zolpidem: 6.1;
		Placebo: 2.8;
		,
		::
		: :
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem: 74.6;
	all condition	Placebo: 63.2;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem: 82.7;
	with pill	Placebo: 62.8;
		,
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	vitality in the morning (1=worse; 100=better),	Zolpidem: 9.1;
	change from baseline	Placebo: 9.6;
		: ;
		P-value=0.83

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
-	vitality, change from baseline	Zolpidem: 6.5;
		Placebo: 5.7;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	wake time after sleep onset (min), change	Zolpidem: -32.8;
	from baseline	Placebo: -31.4;
		. ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NR
Asnis, 1999	ease of falling asleep, change from baseline	, Zolpidem: -3.5;
	withdrawal week, rebound	Placebo: -13;
	·	:;
		:;
		P-value=0.013
	next-morning sleepiness, week 4	Zolpidem: better;
		Placebo: NR;
		,
		. ;
		P-value=<0.05
	non-insomnia, week 4	Zolpidem: -0.62;
		Placebo: -0.60;
		,
		,
		P-value=0.695
	number of awakenings (%), change from	Zolpidem: 38;
	baseline	Placebo: 18;
		,
		. ;
		P-value=<0.05

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	number of awakenings, change from	Zolpidem: -0.43;
	baseline, withdrawal week, rebound	Placebo: -0.66;
		:;
		l:;
		l::
		P-value=0.163
	patients with insomnia improvement of	Zolpidem: more;
	minimal or more	Placebo: NR;
		,
		:;
		l:;
		P-value=<0.05
	patients with insomnia of mild or less-than-	Zolpidem: more;
	mild severity	Placebo: NR;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	refreshed feeling	Zolpidem: better;
		Placebo: NR;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep items, week 4	Zolpidem: -2.13;
		Placebo: -1.33;
		:;
		: ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.001
	sleep latency (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem: -4.7;
	withdrawal week, rebound	Placebo: -25.3;
		: ;
		: ;
		[:;
		P-value=0.027

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep latency, week 4	Zolpidem: 34;
		Placebo: 42.5;
		,
		l:;
		l:;
		P-value=0.079
	sleep quality (%), change from baseline	Zolpidem: 18;
		Placebo: 9;
		· · ;
		· · ;
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep quality, change from baseline,	Zolpidem: -0.07;
	withdrawal week, rebound	Placebo: -0.37;
		·;
		·;
		P-value=0.04
	sleep-related daytime functioning	Zolpidem: better;
		Placebo: NR;
		·;
		·;
		P-value=<0.05
	total score, change from baseline	Zolpidem: 12.0;
		Placebo: 2.9;
		:;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=0.002
	total sleep time (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem: more;
	average	Placebo: NR;
		[:;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=<0.05

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	total sleep time (min), change from baseline,	
	withdrawal week, rebound	Placebo: 26.3;
		· ;
		l: ;
		l: ;
		P-value=0.045
	total, week 4	Zolpidem: -2.75;
		Placebo: -1.99;
		,
		P-value=0.075
	wake after sleep onset (min), change from	Zolpidem: -30;
	baseline, average	Placebo: -11;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05
	wake after sleep onset (min), change from	Zolpidem: -9.6;
	baseline, withdrawal week, rebound	Placebo: -16.6;
		:;
		· · · · · · · ·
		·;
		P-value=0.161
Berry, 2006	Arousal index, no./hr	Zolpidem: 16.5;
		Placebo: 19.0;
		,
		·;
		·;
		P-value=<0.03
	Sleep latency, mins	Zolpidem: 13.1;
		Placebo: 23.5;
		,
		· · ·
		· · ·
		P-value=<0.02

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
-	Sleep period time, mins	Zolpidem: 434.2;
		Placebo: 428.3;
		:;
		:;
		l:;
		P-value=NS
	Total sleep time, mins	Zolpidem: 401.9;
		Placebo: 384.7;
		· ;
		.;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	WASO, mins	Zolpidem: 7.4;
		Placebo: 10.5;
		· ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
Chaudoir, 1983	feelings after awakening (VAS mm), 0=very	Zopiclone: 67;
	badly; 100=very well	Placebo: 67;
		.;
		.;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	feelings after wakening (VAS - mm), 0=very	Zopiclone: 59;
	badly; 100=very well	Placebo: 59;
		:;
		.;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	mood rating scales (mm) - factor I alertness	Zopiclone: 59;
		Placebo: 59;
		 :;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	mood rating scales (mm) - factor II	Zopiclone: 61;
	contentedness	Placebo: 63;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	mood rating scales (mm) - factor III	Zopiclone: 57;
	calmness	Placebo: 59;
		,
		P-value=NS
	number of night awakenings	Zopiclone: 1.5;
		Placebo: 2.1;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05
		Zopiclone: 1.6;
		Placebo: 2.1;
		P-value=NS
	percentage of patients with early awakenings	
	(%)	Placebo: 56;
		. ;
		. ;
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency (min)	Zopiclone: 28.6;
		Placebo: 45.2;
		P-value=<0.05

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		Zopiclone: 31.1;
		Placebo: 49.1;
		:;
		. ,
		P-value=<0.001
	sleep quality (VAS - mm), 0=very badly;	Zopiclone: 67;
	100=very well	Placebo: 51;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep quality (VAS mm), 0=very badly;	Zopiclone: 63;
	100=very well	Placebo: 48;
		:;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.01
Declerck, 1999	anxiety	Zolpidem: 14.1;
		Placebo: 14.3;
		:;
		. ,
		P-value=0.25
	depression	Zolpidem: 22.4;
		Placebo: 23.3;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=0.09
	number of awakenings, day 14	Zolpidem: 0.62;
		Placebo: 0.43;
		:;
		: ;
		i ;
		P-value=0.96

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep latency time (min), day 14	Zolpidem: 89.6;
		Placebo: 92.3;
		; ;;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=0.41
	sleep latency to stage 1 (min), day 14	Zolpidem: 15.3;
		Placebo: 48.8;
		· ;
		,
		P-value=0.019
	total score	Zolpidem: 129.6;
		Placebo: 134.1;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=0.39
	total sleep duration (min), day 14	Zolpidem: 340.5;
		Placebo: 324.1;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.38
	total sleep time (min), day	Zolpidem: 456.8;
		Placebo: 415.5;
		·;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=0.29
	wake time after sleep onset (min), day 14	Zolpidem: 105.4;
		Placebo: 43.9;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=0.80

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
Dockhorn, 1996	ability to concentrate (1=excellent; 4=poor),	Zolpidem: 2.3;
	day 3-10	Placebo: 2.4;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		,
		,
		P-value=0.358
	change during posttreatment days- much or	Zolpidem: 75;
	somewhat better	Placebo: 40;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=0.002
	change in amount of sleep	Zolpidem: 79;
		Placebo: 43;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.001
	change in sleep- improved a lot or somewhat	
		Placebo: 48;
		• •
		• •
		• •
		P-value=<0.001
	change in time to fall asleep	Zolpidem: 81;
		Placebo: 42;
		· ;
		· ;
		:;
	(6.11)	P-value=<0.001
	ease of falling asleep (0=very easy; 100= not	
	all easy), day 3-10	Placebo: 45.2;
		: ;
		:;
		[:;
		P-value=0.004

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	morning sleepiness (0=very sleepy; 100=not	Zolpidem: 53.6;
	at all sleepy), day 3-10	Placebo: 52.1;
		.;
		P-value=0.762
	number of awakenings, day 3-10	Zolpidem: 0.8;
		Placebo: 1.2;
		,
		P-value=0.014
	quality of sleep (1=excellent; 4=poor), day 3-	Zolpidem: 2.2;
	10	Placebo: 2.5;
		,
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.007
	quality of sleep- excellent or good	Zolpidem: 78;
		Placebo: 42;
		P-value=<0.001
	sleep latency (min), day 3-10	Zolpidem: 43.2;
		Placebo: 64.0;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.001
	strength of medication- just right	Zolpidem: 62;
		Placebo: 28;
		· ;
		. ,
		: ;
		P-value=<0.001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	total sleep time (min), day 3-10	Zolpidem: 422.2;
		Placebo: 389;
		. ,
		; ;
		1::
		P-value=0.054
	wake time after sleep onset (min), day 3-10	Zolpidem: 18.1;
		Placebo: 34.6;
		l:;
		i ;
		l:;
		P-value=0.008
Dorsey, 2004	average summary score (lower score=bette	
	sleep)	Placebo: 6.71;
		: ;
		P-value=
	change in sleep duration (min), 4 weeks	Zolpidem: 56.5;
	average	Placebo: 20.5;
		l:;
		; ;
		P-value=<0.01
	number of awakenings, 4 weeks average	Zolpidem: 1.4;
		Placebo: 2;
		i ;
		l:;
		P-value=<0.05
	number of patients with better sleep	Zolpidem: 76.8;
		Placebo: 43.8;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	quality of life	Zolpidem: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		,
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency (min), 4 weeks average	Zolpidem: 31.25;
		Placebo: 34.25;
		:;
		,
		,
		P-value=NS
	sleep-related difficulty with daytime	Zolpidem: 2.1;
	functioning	Placebo: 2.2;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05
	wake after sleep onset (min), 4 weeks	Zolpidem: 29.75;
	average	Placebo: 52.75;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
Drewes, 1991	awakenings at night (score), week 12	Zopiclone: 3.3;
		Placebo: 3.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	condition in the morning (score), week 12	Zopiclone: 3.6;
		Placebo: 3.8;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NR

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	dreams (score), week 12	Zopiclone: 3.1;
		Placebo: 2.8;
		,
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NR
	duration of sleep (score), week 12	Zopiclone: 3.0;
		Placebo: 3.5;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		. ;
		,
		P-value=NR
	feeling now (score), week 12	Zopiclone: -4.5;
		Placebo: -6.0;
		. ,
		. ,
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	feeling on waking (score), week 12	Zopiclone: -3.2;
		Placebo: -6.3;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	general evaluation (score), week 12	Zopiclone: 2.9;
		Placebo: 3.5;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	number of awakenings	Zopiclone: 36;
		Placebo: 62.5;
		:;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
-	pattern of awakening (score), week 12	Zopiclone: 2.9;
		Placebo: 0.2;
		;;
		:; :;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	quality of sleep (score), week 12	Zopiclone: 14.5;
		Placebo: 1.7;
		,
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
		Zopiclone: 3.0;
		Placebo: 3.3;
		,
		:;
		P-value=NR
	sense of balance and coordination (score),	Zopiclone: 1.9;
	week 12	Placebo: -0.4;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency (score), week 12	Zopiclone: 15.3;
		Placebo: 3.8;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
		Zopiclone: 2.5;
		Placebo: 3.2;
		:;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=NR

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
Drewes, 1998	No. of awakenings <2 min, week 2	Zopiclone: 10.3;
		Placebo: 9.9;
		. ,
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	No. of awakenings >2 min, week 2	Zopiclone: 2.7;
		Placebo: 2.3;
		. ,
		: ;
		l:;
		P-value=
	condition in the morning (score), week 2	Zopiclone: 3.2;
		Placebo: 2.9;
		.;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	duration of sleep (score), week 2	Zopiclone: 3.3;
		Placebo: 3.1;
		:;
		.;
		·;
		P-value=NR
	feeling now (score), week 2	Zolpidem: 50.0;
		Placebo: 60.2;
		.;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	feeling on waking (score), week 2	Zolpidem: 50.8;
		Placebo: 51.7;
		. ,
		: ;
		 :;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	frequency of awakenings (score), week 2	Zopiclone: 3.3;
		Placebo: 2.7;
		i ;
		l:;
		l:;
		P-value=NR
	frequency of dreams (score), week 2	Zopiclone: 4.3;
		Placebo: 3.9;
		,
		· · ;
		· · ;
		P-value=NR
	general evaluation of treatment on sleep	Zopiclone: 3.8;
	(score), week 2	Placebo: 2.1;
		,
		,
		,
		P-value=<0.05
	pattern of awakenings (score), week 2	Zolpidem: 49.6;
		Placebo: 48.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	quality of sleep (score), week 2	Zolpidem: 36.6;
		Placebo: 45.9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
		Zopiclone: 3.6;
		Placebo: 3.0;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NR

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sense of balance and coordination	Zolpidem: 49.2;
		Placebo: 49.5;
		:;
		::
		l::
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency (score), week 2	Zolpidem: 37.8;
		Placebo: 49.8;
		P-value=<0.05
		Zopiclone: 3.8;
		Placebo: 3.1;
		:;
		. ,
		P-value=NR
	wake after sleep onset (min), week 2	Zopiclone: 22.5;
		Placebo: 23.7;
		· ;
		· ;
		· · · · · ·
		P-value=
Erman, 2006	PSG latency to persistent sleep, min	Ramelteon 4mg: 24.0;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 24.3;
		Ramelteon 16mg: 24.0;
		Ramelteon 32mg: 22.9;
		Placebo: 37.7;
		P-value=
	PSG total sleep time, min	Ramelteon 4mg: 411.0;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 412.9;
		Ramelteon 16mg: 411.2;
		Ramelteon 32mg: 418.2;
		Placebo: 400.2;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	PSG wake after sleep onset (WASO), min	Ramelteon 4mg: 48.8;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 48.3;
		Ramelteon 16mg: 48.3;
		Ramelteon 32mg: 43.0;
		Placebo: 45.5;
		P-value=
	Subjective sleep latency, min	Ramelteon 4mg: 50.9;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 46.7;
		Ramelteon 16mg: 43.9;
		Ramelteon 32mg: 46.5;
		Placebo: 57.0;
		P-value=
	Subjective sleep quality	Ramelteon 4mg: 3.6;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 3.7;
		Ramelteon 16mg: 3.7;
		Ramelteon 32mg: 3.7;
		Placebo: 3.8;
		P-value=
	Subjective total sleep time, min	Ramelteon 4mg: 364.1;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 370.4;
		Ramelteon 16mg: 370.9;
		Ramelteon 32mg: 372.8;
		Placebo: 360.6;
		P-value=
	next day, ability to concentrate	Ramelteon 4mg: 3.5;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 3.5;
		Ramelteon 16mg: 3.5;
		Ramelteon 32mg: 3.6;
		Placebo: 3.6;
		P-value=
	next day, level of alertness	Ramelteon 4mg: 3.5;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 3.6;
		Ramelteon 16mg: 3.5;
		Ramelteon 32mg: 3.6;
		Placebo: 3.6;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
Fava, 2006	Bech subscale mean changed from clinician	Eszopiclone: -4.9;
	administered, week 4	Placebo: -4;
		P-value= 0.01
	Bech subscale mean changed from clinician	Eszopiclone: -6.8;
	administered, week 8	Placebo: -5.9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value= 0.01
	Bech subscale mean changed from patients	Eszopiclone: -4.9;
	report, week 4	Placebo: -4.8;
		: ;
		·;
		·;
		P-value=0.91
	Bech subscale mean changed from patients	Eszopiclone: -6.4;
	report, week 8	Placebo: -5.7;
		· · ;
		• •
		• •
		P-value= 0.09
	HAM-D-17 mean changed excluding	Eszopiclone: -6.7;
	insomnia items from all patients, week 4	Placebo: -6;
		· · ;
		· · ;
		P-value= 0.16
	HAM-D-17 mean changed excluding	Eszopiclone: -9.5;
	insomnia items from all patients, week 8	Placebo: -8.4;
		. ;
		. ,
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=0.04

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	HAM-D-17 mean changed excluding	Eszopiclone: -8.7;
	insomnia items from patients with more	Placebo: -7;
	severe depression, week 4	
		:;
		P-value<0.05
	HAM-D-17 mean changed excluding	Eszopiclone: -12;
	insomnia items from patients with more	Placebo: -10.1;
	severe depression, week 8	: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=0.01
	HAM-D-17 mean changed in all items from	Eszopiclone: -9.6;
	all patients, week 4	Placebo: -8;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.01
	HAM-D-17 mean changed in all items from	Eszopiclone: -12.9;
	all patients, week 8	Placebo: -10.9;
		· ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=0.02
	HAM-D-17 mean changed in all items from	Eszopiclone: -12;
	patients with more severe depression, week	Placebo: -9.1;
	4	• •
		• •
		.,
		P-value=0.005
	HAM-D-17 mean changed in all items from	Eszopiclone: -16;
	patients with more severe depression, week	Placebo: -12.7;
	8	: ;
		: ;
		[:;
		P-value=0.0007

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	Sleep latency (min), week 1	Eszopiclone: 54.6;
		Placebo: 86.6;
		• •
		.;
		l::
		P-value<0.0001
	Sleep latency (min), week 4	Eszopiclone: 30.0;
		Placebo: 60.0;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value<0.0001
	Sleep latency (min), week 8	Eszopiclone: 30.0;
		Placebo: 47.5;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0001
	TST (min), week 1	Eszopiclone: 360.0;
		Placebo: 292.5;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.0001
	TST (min), week 4	Eszopiclone: 390.0;
		Placebo: 334.3;
		· ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0001
	TST (min), week 8	Eszopiclone: 405.0;
		Placebo: 360.0;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=0.0004

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	WASO (min), week 1	Eszopiclone: 30.0;
		Placebo: 48.0;
		:;
		· ; · ;
		. ;
		P-value<0.0001
	WASO (min), week 4	Eszopiclone: 15.0;
		Placebo: 2530;
		,
		· ;
		,
		P-value=0.002
	WASO (min), week 8	Eszopiclone: 8.8;
		Placebo: 26.7;
		:;
		· · · · · ·
		P-value<0.0001
Goldenberg, 1994	Activity	Zopiclone: 20;
		Placebo: 9.9;
		· ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.0001
	Global	Zopiclone: 10.8;
		Placebo: 5.7;
		:;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	PGWBI	Zopiclone: 11.8;
		Placebo: 9.1;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	Profession	Zopiclone: 23.3;
		Placebo: 12.9;
		· , : ;
		P-value=<0.01
	SEQ	Zopiclone: 14.6;
		Placebo: 2.7;
		:;
		,
		.;
		P-value=<0.0001
	Social	Zopiclone: 13.1;
		Placebo: 5.7;
		,
		P-value=<0.01
	feeling of well being during the day	Zopiclone: 1.3;
		Placebo: 0.8;
		:;
		. ,
		. ,
		P-value=<0.0001
	physician's overall evaluation: average, good	
	or excellent	Placebo: 125;
		· ;
		· ;
		. ;
		P-value=<0.0001
	quality of sleep	Zopiclone: 1.9;
		Placebo: 1.3;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.0001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	quality of waking up	Zopiclone: 1.5;
		Placebo: 1.0;
		:;
		l:;
		l:;
		P-value=<0.0001
Gronblad, 1993	morning stiffness at week 4 - better	Zopiclone: 6;
		Placebo: 5;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=NR
	morning stiffness at week 8 - better	Zopiclone: 8;
		Placebo: 7;
		· ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	sleep score at week 4 - better	Zopiclone: 13;
		Placebo: 9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep score at week 8 - better	Zopiclone: 11;
		Placebo: 9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
Hedner, 2000	rebound insomnia: number of awakenings	Zaleplon 5mg: 7;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 4;
		Placebo: 7;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	rebound insomnia: subjective sleep latency	Zaleplon 5mg: 11;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 12;
		Placebo: 7;
		. ,
		P-value=
	rebound insomnia: subjective total sleep time	Zaleplon 5mg: 14;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 17;
		Placebo: 6;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		P-value=
	rebound: subjective number of awakenings,	Zaleplon 5mg: 2;
	withdrawal day 1	Zaleplon 10mg: 2;
		Placebo: 2;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=
	rebound: subjective sleep latency (min),	Zaleplon 5mg: 45;
	withdrawal day 1	Zaleplon 10mg: 50;
		Placebo: 60;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	rebound: subjective total sleep time (min),	Zaleplon 5mg: 330;
	withdrawal day 1	Zaleplon 10mg: 300;
		Placebo: 330;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	subjective number of awakenings, week 1	Zaleplon 5mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 2;
		Placebo: 2;
		:;
		<u> :</u> ;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	subjective number of awakenings, week 2	Zaleplon 5mg: 2;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 1;
		Placebo: 2;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	subjective sleep latency (min), week 1	Zaleplon 5mg: 43;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 40;
		Placebo: 60;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=
	subjective sleep latency (min), week 2	Zaleplon 5mg: 40;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 37;
		Placebo: 50;
		···
		···
		P-value=
	subjective sleep quality, improvement in	Zaleplon 5mg: 48;
	sleep quality- week 1	Zaleplon 10mg: 55;
		Placebo: 36;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	subjective sleep quality, improvement in	Zaleplon 5mg: 53;
	sleep quality- week 2	Zaleplon 10mg: 63;
		Placebo: 36;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	subjective sleep quality, week 1 (score).	Zaleplon 5mg: 3.8;
	1=excellent; 7=extremely poor	Zaleplon 10mg: 3.8;
		Placebo: 3.9;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	subjective sleep quality, week 2 (score).	Zaleplon 5mg: 3.7;
	1=excellent; 7=extremely poor	Zaleplon 10mg: 3.7;
		Placebo: 3.8;
		.;
		.;
		P-value=
	subjective total sleep time (min), week 1	Zaleplon 5mg: 342;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 342.9;
		Placebo: 346.1;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	subjective total sleep time (min), week 2	Zaleplon 5mg: 351.7;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 351.4;
		Placebo: 342.9;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
Herrmann, 1993	calm/restless, fresh/fatigued,	Zolpidem: multi-data;
	relaxed/anxious, lying down during the day	Placebo: multi-data;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	no. of awakenings, day 15-21 treatment	Zolpidem: 1.8;
		Placebo: 2.3;
		: ;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	no. of awakenings, day 22-28 withdrawal,	Zolpidem: 2.4;
	rebound	Placebo: 2.5;
		:;
		:;
		[:;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep efficiency (%), day 21 treatment	Zolpidem: 86.2;
		Placebo: 78.3;
		:;
		. ,
		,
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep efficiency (%), day 28 withdrawal,	Zolpidem: 77.4;
	rebound	Placebo: 68.9;
		,
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep onset latency (min), day 15-21	Zolpidem: 40.5;
	treatment	Placebo: 72.8;
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep onset latency (min), day 21 treatment	Zolpidem: 28;
		Placebo: 41.7;
		:;
		• • •
		,
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency (min), day 22-28	Zolpidem: 60.8;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 70.8;
		:;
		• • •
		,
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency (min), day 28	Zolpidem: 50.7;
	withdrawals, rebound	Placebo: 36.3;
		· ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	time awake (min), day 21 treatment	Zolpidem: 34.7;
		Placebo: 60;
		,
		l:;
		l:;
		P-value=NS
	time awake (min), day 28 withdrawal,	Zolpidem: 53.7;
	rebound	Placebo: 99.3;
		P-value=<0.05
	total sleep time (min), day 15-21 treatment	Zolpidem: 372.7;
		Placebo: 327.4;
		l:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min), day 21 treatment	Zolpidem: 381.3;
		Placebo: 360.3;
		,
		,
		l:;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min), day 22-28 withdrawal,	Zolpidem: 341.8;
	rebound	Placebo: 310.9;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min), day 28 withdrawal,	Zolpidem: 341.3;
	rebound	Placebo: 298.3;
		 :;
		 :;
		 :;
		P-value=<0.05

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
Hindmarch, 1995	activity, change from baseline, day 14	Zolpidem: 20;
		Placebo: 9.9;
		::
		P-value=<0.0001
	activity, change from baseline, endpoint	Zolpidem: 21.6;
		Placebo: 14.2;
		P-value=<0.0001
	global, change from baseline, day 14	Zolpidem: 10.8;
		Placebo: 5.7;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=NS
	global, change from baseline, endpoint	Zolpidem: 13.8;
		Placebo: 8.9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	physician's overall evaluation of treatment	Zolpidem: 76.7;
	efficacy as "excellent" or "good" at endpoint	Placebo: 51.4;
		· ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	profession, change from baseline, day 14	Zolpidem: 23.3;
		Placebo: 12.9;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.01

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	profession, change from baseline, endpoint	Zolpidem: 24.5;
		Placebo: 18.7;
		l::
		l::
		[
		P-value=NS
	psychological general well-being index	Zolpidem: 11.8;
	(PGWBI), change from baseline, day 14	Placebo: 9.1;
		l:;
		l: ;
		l::
		P-value=NS
	psychological general well-being index	Zolpidem: 15.2;
	(PGWBI), change from baseline, endpoint	Placebo: 12.9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep evaluation questionnaire (SEQ),	Zolpidem: 14.6;
	change from baseline, day 14	Placebo: 2.7;
		:;
		: ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.0001
	sleep evaluation questionnaire (SEQ),	Zolpidem: 20.9;
	change from baseline, endpoint	Placebo: 12.5;
		: ;
		[:;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.0001
	social, change from baseline, day 14	Zolpidem: 13.4;
		Placebo: 5.7;
		[:;
		 :;
		 :;
		P-value=<0.01

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	social, change from baseline, endpoint	Zolpidem: 14.9;
		Placebo: 9.1;
		. ;
		· ; : ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.01
Kryger	AHI-events per hour	Ramelteon: 11.4;
		Placebo: 11.1;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.812
	Ability to concentrate	Ramelteon: 3.1;
		Placebo: 3.0;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.920
	Awake time, mins	Ramelteon: 54.1;
		Placebo: 59.8;
		· ;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=
	Latency to persistant sleep (min)	Ramelteon: 17.0;
		Placebo: 22.5;
		• ;
		:;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=0.184
	Level of alertness	Ramelteon: 3.4;
		Placebo: 3.3;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.633

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	Number of awakenings	Ramelteon: 3.8;
		Placebo: 3.6;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	Sleep Latency, mins	Ramelteon: 30.8;
		Placebo: 40.9;
		,
		,
		:;
		P-value=0.067
	Sleep Quality- rated on 7 point likert scale	Ramelteon: 3.8;
		Placebo: 3.7;
		· · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · ·
		P-value=0.668
	Sleep efficinecy	Ramelteon: 84.8;
		Placebo: 84.9;
		· · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · ·
		P-value=0.899
	Total Sleep Time, mins	Ramelteon: 399.9;
		Placebo: 385.2;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.120
	Total sleep time (min)	Ramelteon: 406.5;
		Placebo: 407.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.856

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	WASO (mins)	Ramelteon: 8.2;
		Placebo: 7.7;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=0.453
Krystal	Decrease in WASO at 6 months, mins	Zolpidem: 68;
		Placebo: 52;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.0001
	Decrease in number of nocturnal	Zolpidem: 1.8;
	awakenings at 6 months	Placebo: 1.3;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0001
		Zolpidem: 37.5;
	mins	Placebo: 27.5;
		· ;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value==0.0014
	Increase inTST at 6 months, mins	Zolpidem: 110;
		Placebo: 85;
		· ;
		. ,
		. ,
		P-value=0.0001
	Rebound effect on night 1-Increase in TST	Zolpidem: 17.7;
	compared to baseline, mins in run-out period	Placebo: 55.8;
		: ;
		: ;
		<u> :</u> ;
		P-value=<0.0001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	Rebound effect on night-2Increase in TST	Zolpidem: 44.5;
	compared to baseline, mins, run-out period	Placebo: 54.4;
		· ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=0.2106
	Rebound effect on night-3-Increase in TST	Zolpidem: 42.9;
	compared to baseline, mins, run-out period	Placebo: 49.8;
		· ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.3969
	Rebound effect-decrease in WASO (mins),	Zolpidem: -21.1;
	run out period, Day 1	Placebo: -42.2;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0010
	Rebound effect-decrease in WASO (mins),	Zolpidem: -31.4;
	run out period, Day 2	Placebo: -36.9;
		,
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=0.3648
	Rebound effect-decrease in WASO (mins),	Zolpidem: -35.9;
	run out period, Day 3	Placebo: -38.3;
		[:;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=0.6543
Krystal 2005 (poster)	attention/concentration	Eszopiclone: 1.1;
		Placebo: 1.6;
		[:;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value<0.0001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	daytime fatigue	Eszopiclone: 1.4;
		Placebo: 2.0;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value<0.0001
	feeling refreshed/rested	Eszopiclone: 2.3;
		Placebo: 1.8;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value<0.0001
	mood disturbance	Eszopiclone: 0.9;
		Placebo: 1.4;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value<0.0001
	number of awakenings, estimate from	Eszopiclone: 1.5;
	figures (data not reported) at month 1	Placebo: 2.2;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value<0.0005
	number of awakenings, estimate from	Eszopiclone: 1.4;
	figures (data not reported) at month 6	Placebo: 1.8;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value<0.0005
	relationship enjoyment	Eszopiclone: 0.7;
		Placebo: 1.0;
		[:;
		[:;
		[;; D :::: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
		P-value<0.0001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
-	sleep difficulties (nights/wk)	Eszopiclone: 3.4;
		Placebo: 5.1;
		. ,
		· ;
		P-value<0.0001
	sleep latency, estimate from figures (data not	Eszopiclone: 29;
	reported) at month 1, min	Placebo: 53;
		P-value<0.0001
	sleep latency, estimate from figures (data not	
	reported) at month 6, min	Placebo: 42;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value<0.0001
	sleep quality	Eszopiclone: 2.5;
		Placebo: 1.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value<0.0001
	total sleep time, estimate from figures (data	Eszopiclone: 380;
	not reported) at month 1, min	Placebo: 330;
		: ;
		: ;
		[: ;
		P-value<0.0001
	total sleep time, estimate from figures (data	Eszopiclone: 380;
	not reported) at month 6, min	Placebo: 330;
		· ;
		· ;
		<u>;</u>
		P-value<0.0001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	wake time after sleep onset, estimate from	Eszopiclone: 18;
	figures (data not reported) at month 1, min	Placebo: 33;
		. ,
		P-value<0.0001
	wake time after sleep onset, estimate from	Eszopiclone: 15;
	figures (data not reported) at month 6, min	Placebo: 25;
		· ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value<0.0001
Krystal, 2003	daytime ability to function, month 6	Eszopiclone: 6.8;
		Placebo: 6.2;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.0001
	daytime alertness, month 6	Eszopiclone: 6.5;
		Placebo: 5.9;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<.0001
	number of awakenings, month 6	Eszopiclone: 1.9;
		Placebo: 2.6;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.0001
	number of night awakenings per week,	Eszopiclone: 3.9;
	month 6	Placebo: 4.7;
		· ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=0.0001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
•	sense of physical well-being, month 6	Eszopiclone: 6.7;
		Placebo: 6.1;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=0.0002
	sleep latency, month 6	Eszopiclone: 47.0;
		Placebo: 63.1;
		.;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.001
	sleep quality, month 6	Eszopiclone: 6.4;
		Placebo: 5.5;
		:;
		· ;
		.;
		P-value=<0.0001
	total sleep time, month 6	Eszopiclone: 378.3;
		Placebo: 339.3;
		· ;
		.;
		. ;
		P-value=<0.001
	wake after sleep onset, month 6	Eszopiclone: 44.2;
		Placebo: 48.2;
		; ;
		; ;
		: ;
		P-value=0.0032
Lahmeyer, 1997	medication helped me - fall asleep faster	Zolpidem 10mg: 84;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 78;
		Placebo: 51;
		: ;
		[:;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	medication helped me - get a better night's	Zolpidem 10mg: 84;
	sleep	Zolpidem 15mg: 84;
		Placebo: 49;
		·;
		·;
		P-value=
	medication helped me - sleep longer	Zolpidem 10mg: 78;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 76;
		Placebo: 51;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	medication strength - strong enough	Zolpidem 10mg: 71;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 72;
		Placebo: 44;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	medication strength - too strong	Zolpidem 10mg: 0;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 0;
		Placebo: 0;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=
	medication strength - too weak	Zolpidem 10mg: 29;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 28;
		Placebo: 56;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=
	number of awakenings - at week 4	Zolpidem 10mg: 1.4;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 1.2;
		Placebo: 1.7;
		: ;
		<u>;</u>
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	number of awakenings - post-treatment	Zolpidem 10mg: 1.7;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 1.9;
		Placebo: 1.9;
		· ;
		P-value=
	number of awakenings - 4 weeks average	Zolpidem 10mg: 1.3;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 1.3;
		Placebo: 1.9;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	sleep latency (min), change from baseline -	Zolpidem 10mg: -31;
	at week 4	Zolpidem 15mg: -31;
		Placebo: -16;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	sleep latency (min), change from baseline -	Zolpidem 10mg: -10;
	post-treatment	Zolpidem 15mg: -11;
		Placebo: -25;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	sleep latency (min), change from baseline - 4	
	weeks average	Zolpidem 15mg: -33.5;
		Placebo: -9;
		. ;
		. ;
		P-value=
	sleep quality (1=excellent; 4=poor) - at week	
	4	Zolpidem 15mg: 2.4;
		Placebo: 2.6;
		. ,
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep quality (1=excellent; 4=poor) - post-	Zolpidem 10mg: 2.8;
	treatment	Zolpidem 15mg: 2.9;
		Placebo: 2.8;
		P-value=
	sleep quality (1=excellent; 4=poor) - 4 weeks	
	average	Zolpidem 15mg: 2.4;
		Placebo: 2.8;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	total sleep time (min) - at week 4	Zolpidem 10mg: 390;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 385;
		Placebo: 360;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=
	total sleep time (min) - post-treatment	Zolpidem 10mg: 354;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 332;
		Placebo: 359;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	total sleep time (min) - 4 weeks average	Zolpidem 10mg: 379;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 381;
		Placebo: 346;
		[: ;
		: ;
		P-value=
Lofaso, 1997	multiple sleep latency data (min)	Zolpidem: 14.8;
		Placebo: 10.3;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.01

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep onset latency (min)	Zolpidem: 11;
		Placebo: 34;
		,
		.;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency/total in bed (%)	Zolpidem: 91;
		Placebo: 84;
		· · ;
		· · ;
		,
		P-value=<0.05
	total sleep time (min)	Zolpidem: 421;
		Placebo: 399;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	wake after sleep onset (min)	Zolpidem: 34;
		Placebo: 37;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
McCall 2006	Awakenings/night- mean change from	Eszopiclone: -0.7;
	baseline	Placebo: -0.5;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.009
	Mean change from baseline WTDS, mins	Eszopiclone: -25.3;
		Placebo: -11.6;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=0.004

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	Mean change from baseline in LPS, mins	Eszopiclone: -33.5;
		Placebo: -17.0;
		.;
		l:;
		P-value=<0.001
	Mean change from baseline, WASO, mins	Eszopiclone: -25.3;
		Placebo: -12.5;
		P-value=0.013
	Mean no. of awakenings/night change from	Eszopiclone: -0.8;
	baseline	Placebo: -0.5;
		P-value=0.805
	Sleep efficiency-mean change from baseline	Eszopiclone: 11.7;
		Placebo: 5.8;
		· · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · ·
		P-value=<0.001
	Sleep latency, mins mean change from	Eszopiclone: -40.8;
	baseline	Placebo: -29.6;
		:;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=<0.001
	TST, mins, mean change from baseline	Eszopiclone: 56.2;
		Placebo: 27.6;
		[:;
		 :;
		[:;
		P-value=<0.001

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
-	TSTmins, mean change from baseline	Eszopiclone: 48.6;
		Placebo: 32.4;
		: ;
		l:;
		l:;
		P-value=<0.001
	WASO, mins, mean change from baseline	Eszopiclone: -31.3;
		Placebo: -24.5;
		· ;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=0.022
Moldofsky, 1996	number of awakenings (score)	Zolpidem 5mg: 2.3;
•		Zolpidem 10mg: 1.7;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 2.0;
		Placebo: 2.7;
		l:;
		P-value=
	sleep improvement (score)	Zolpidem 5mg: 3.0;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 2.4;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 2.4;
		Placebo: 3.1;
		:;
		P-value=
	sleep quality (score)	Zolpidem 5mg: 3.1;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 2.7;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 2.6;
		Placebo: 3.1;
		l:;
		P-value=
	time to fall asleep (score)	Zolpidem 5mg: 3.1;
	· ` ` ´	Zolpidem 10mg: 3.5;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 3.8;
		Placebo: 3.0;
		<u> </u> :;
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
. •	total sleep time (score)	Zolpidem 5mg: 2.7;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 2.5;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 2.8;
		Placebo: 3.3;
		:;
		P-value=
Monchesky, 1986	duration of sleep (min), treatment day 14	Zolpidem: 376.7;
	(switch)	Placebo: 299.5;
		. ,
		.;
		.;
		P-value=NR
	duration of sleep (min), treatment day 7	Zolpidem: 384.8;
		Placebo: 307.4;
		:;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NR
	morning state of rest, treatment day 14	Zolpidem: 2.9;
	(switch)	Placebo: 2.15;
		:;
		; ;
		: ;
		P-value=NR
	morning state of rest, treatment day 7	Zolpidem: 2.85;
		Placebo: 1.95;
		:;
		::
		: :
		P-value=NR
	number of awakenings, treatment day 14	Zolpidem: 2.0;
	(switch)	Placebo: 2.45;
	·	[:;
		<u> </u>
		_ <u> </u> ::
		P-value=NR

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	number of awakenings, treatment day 7	Zolpidem: 1.8;
		Placebo: 3.5;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	quality of sleep, treatment day 14 (switch)	Zolpidem: 4.35;
		Placebo: 2.95;
		P-value=NR
	quality of sleep, treatment day 7	Zolpidem: 4.15;
		Placebo: 3.15;
		P-value=NR
	sleep induction time (min), treatment day 14	Zolpidem: 53.8;
	(switch)	Placebo: 119.3;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	sleep induction time (min), treatment day 7	Zolpidem: 51.85;
		Placebo: 89.9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	sleepiness during the day, treatment day 14	Zolpidem: 2.3;
	(switch)	Placebo: 2.9;
		: ;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value=NR

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleepiness during the day, treatment day 7	Zolpidem: 2.3;
		Placebo: 2.65;
		:;
		:;
		::
		P-value=NR
	soundness of sleep, treatment day 14	Zolpidem: 4.0;
	(switch)	Placebo: 2.4;
		. ,
		. ;
		. ;
		P-value=NR
	soundness of sleep, treatment day 7	Zolpidem: 3.8;
		Placebo: 2.75;
		. ,
		. ;
		.;
		P-value=NR
Monchesky, 1989	depression, anxiety, irritability	Zopiclone: multi-data;
		Placebo: multi-data;
		,
		,
		P-value=NS
	morning equilibrium, day 12	Zopiclone: 9.3;
		Placebo: 9.4;
		,
		P-value=NS
	sleep duration (score), day 12	Zopiclone: 6.9;
		Placebo: 5.6;
		· ;
		,
		,
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
-	sleep latency (score), day 12	Zopiclone: 8;
		Placebo: 6.2;
		. ,
		,
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep quality (score), day 12	Zopiclone: 11.4;
		Placebo: 9.6;
		,
		P-value=<0.05
Monti, 1996	daytime alertness (higher score indicates	Zolpidem: 69.0;
	more positive response), night 29-30	Placebo: 44.2;
		· ;
		· ;
		,
		P-value=NS
	daytime alertness (higher score indicates	Zolpidem: 73.8;
	more positive response), night 31-33,	Placebo: 54.1;
	withdrawal, rebound	:;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05
	disturbed sleep (higher score indicates more	e Zolpidem: 73.1;
	positive response), night 29-30	Placebo: 48.5;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.01
	disturbed sleep (higher score indicates more	
	positive response), night 31-33, withdrawal,	Placebo: 63.7;
	rebound	: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	movement time, nights 29-30	Zolpidem: 6.9;
		Placebo: 4.3;
		,
		,
		,
		P-value=NS
	movement time, nights 31-33, withdrawal,	Zolpidem: 3.7;
	rebound	Placebo: 2.9;
		P-value=NS
	number of awakenings (lower score	Zolpidem: 2.6;
	indicates more positive response), night 29-	Placebo: 1.9;
	30	· · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · ·
		P-value=NS
	number of awakenings (lower score	Zolpidem: 2.3;
	indicates more positive response), night 31-	Placebo: 2.6;
	33, withdrawal, rebound	:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep duration (higher score indicates more	Zolpidem: 2.3;
	positive response), night 29-30	Placebo: 2.5;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep duration (higher score indicates more	Zolpidem: 2.1;
	positive response), night 31-33, withdrawal,	Placebo: 2.4;
	rebound	:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep efficiency (%), nights 29-30	Zolpidem: 87.3;
		Placebo: 77.3;
		: ;
		::
		l: :
		P-value=NS
	sleep efficiency (%), nights 31-33,	Zolpidem: 79.0;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 75.3;
		,
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency (lower score indicates more	Zolpidem: 2.0;
	positive response), night 29-30	Placebo: 1.8;
	, , ,	,
		.,
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency (lower score indicates more	Zolpidem: 2.4;
	positive response), night 31-33, withdrawal,	Placebo: 1.9;
	rebound	
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	stage 2 sleep latency (min), nights 29-30	Zolpidem: 23.6;
		Placebo: 35.1;
		:;
		 :;
		 :;
		P-value=NS
	stage 2 sleep latency (min), nights 31-33,	Zolpidem: 47.2;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 32.3;
		 :;
		: ;
		 :;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	total number of awakenings, nights 29-30	Zolpidem: 24.8;
		Placebo: 25.5;
		:;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	total number of awakenings, nights 31-33,	Zolpidem: 28.7;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 26.1;
		:;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min), nights 29-30	Zolpidem: 419.3;
		Placebo: 370.9;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05
	total sleep time (min), nights 31-33,	Zolpidem: 378.6;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 361.2;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	total wake time (min), nights 29-30	Zolpidem: 53.8;
		Placebo: 104.8;
		· · ·
		· · ·
		P-value=<0.05
	total wake time (min), nights 31-33,	Zolpidem: 97.7;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 115.9;
		· · ·
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	wake time after sleep onset (min), nights 29-	Zolpidem: 26.3;
	30	Placebo: 85.3;
		. ;
		,
		,
		P-value=NS
	wake time after sleep onset (min), nights 31-	Zolpidem: 54.9;
	33, withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 92.0;
		,
		. ;
		. ;
		P-value=NS
Monti, 2000	alert in the morning - night 17-18 (1=agree;	Zolpidem: 30.3;
	100=disagree)	Placebo: 65.9;
		:;
		:;
		::
		P-value=NS
	alert in the morning - night 19-21 (1=agree;	Zolpidem: 37.9;
	100=disagree), withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 61.5;
		,
		. ;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	alert in the morning - night 4-5 (1=agree;	Zolpidem: 20.8;
	100=disagree)	Placebo: 57.5;
		. ;
		. ;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	disturbed sleep - night 17-18 (1=agree;	Zolpidem: 74.6;
	100=disagree)	Placebo: 40.1;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	disturbed sleep - night 19-21 (1=agree;	Zolpidem: 62.7;
	100=disagree), withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 56.8;
		,
		; ;
		P-value=NS
	disturbed sleep - night 4-5 (1=agree;	Zolpidem: 78.4;
	100=disagree)	Placebo: 46.4;
		P-value=NS
	sleep duration (min) - night 17-18	Zolpidem: 342.0;
		Placebo: 225.0;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	sleep duration (min) - night 19-21,	Zolpidem: 342.0;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 207.4;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep duration (min) - night 4-5	Zolpidem: 384.0;
		Placebo: 180.0;
		:;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	sleep efficiency (%) - night 17-18	Zolpidem: 75.4;
		Placebo: 55.1;
		[:;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=<0.01

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep efficiency (%) - night 19-21,	Zolpidem: 69.7;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 58.6;
		. ,
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	sleep efficiency (%) - night 4-5	Zolpidem: 79.9;
		Placebo: 61.9;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.006
	sleep latency (min) - night 17-18	Zolpidem: 49.5;
		Placebo: 154.0;
		P-value=<0.01
		Zolpidem: 94.3;
	rebound	Placebo: 118.4;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency (min) - night 4-5	Zolpidem: 34.6;
		Placebo: 228.0;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.01
	stage 2 sleep latency - night 17-18	Zolpidem: 29.2;
		Placebo: 48.3;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	stage 2 sleep latency - night 19-21,	Zolpidem: 55.7;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 69.7;
		· ;
		l:;
		l:;
		P-value=NS
	stage 2 sleep latency - night 4-5	Zolpidem: 26.1;
		Placebo: 67.4;
		,
		i ;
		.;
		P-value=<0.02
	total number of awakenings - night 17-18	Zolpidem: 26.9;
		Placebo: 26.5;
		.;
		.;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	total number of awakenings - night 19-21,	Zolpidem: 25.4;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 32.2;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	total number of awakenings - night 4-5	Zolpidem: 29.4;
		Placebo: 32.2;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min) - night 17-18	Zolpidem: 361.2;
		Placebo: 264.4;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.02

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	total sleep time (min) - night 19-21,	Zolpidem: 334.6;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 281.6;
		,
		.;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min) - night 4-5	Zolpidem: 378.8;
		Placebo: 279.3;
		,
		· ;
		P-value=<0.01
	waking time after sleep onset (min) - night	Zolpidem: 95.7;
	17-18	Placebo: 173.3;
		.;
		.;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	waking time after sleep onset (min) - night	Zolpidem: 75.1;
	19-21, withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 137.5;
		,
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	waking time after sleep onset (min) - night 4-	Zolpidem: 75.1;
	5	Placebo: 137.5;
		,
		· ;
		P-value=<0.03
Parrino	Sleep efficiency zol night 6, placebo night 7	Zolpidem: 86;
		Placebo: 88;
		Zolpidem: ;
		Placebo: ;
		 :;
		P-value=0.0001 vs baseline

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	Sleep efficiency zolpidem night 2, placebo	Zolpidem: 88;
	night 3, zolpidem night 4, placebo night 5	Placebo: 83;
		Zolpidem: 87;
		Placebo: 87;
		,
		P-value=0.0001 vs baseline
	Sleep latency (mins) zolpidem night 2,	Zolpidem: 16;
	placebo night 3, zolpidem night 4, placebo	Placebo: 16;
	night 5	Zolpidem: 12;
		Placebo: 18;
		,
		P-value=NS
	Sleep latency (mins) zolpidem night 6,	Zolpidem: 17;
	placebo night 7	Placebo: 12;
		Zolpidem: ;
		Placebo: ;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		P-value=NS
	TST-mins zolpidem night 2, placebo night 3,	Zolpidem: 443;
	zolpidem night 4, placebo night 5	Placebo: 417;
		Zolpidem: 436;
		Placebo: 435;
		:;
		P-value=0.0001 vs baseline
	TST-mins zolpidem night 6, placebo night 7	Zolpidem: 431;
		Placebo: 440;
		Zolpidem: ;
		Placebo: ;
		· ;
		P-value=0.0001 vs baseline
	Waso (mins) night 6 zolpidem, night 7	Zolpidem: 45;
	placebo.	Placebo: 35;
		Zolpidem: ;
		Placebo: ;
		<u>;</u>
		P-value=NS

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	Waso (mins) zolpidem night 2 placebo night	Zolpidem: 40;
	3, zolpidem night 4, placebo night 5	Placebo: 60;
		Zolpidem: 17;
		Placebo: 43;
		:;
		P-value=0.046 vs baseline night 4 with
		zolpidem
Perlis, 2004	IGR scale	Zolpidem: 6;
		Placebo: 4.5;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.001
	number of awakenings, all condition,	Zolpidem: 1.38;
	significant at week 2 and 12 only	Placebo: 1.69;
		.;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	number of awakenings, with pill	Zolpidem: 1.03;
		Placebo: 1.64;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05
	number of awakenings, without pill	Zolpidem: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency (min), all condition significant	Zolpidem: NR;
	at week 10 only	Placebo: NR;
		· ;
		; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;
		[:;
	•	•

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency (min), with pill	Zolpidem: 38.4;
		Placebo: 55.1;
		· · · · · ·
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep latency (min), without pill	Zolpidem: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		· ;
		· · · · · ·
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time (min), all condition	Zolpidem: 394.1;
		Placebo: 355.6;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	total sleep time (min), with pill	Zolpidem: 417;
		Placebo: 359.8;
		· ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	total sleep time (min), without pill	Zolpidem: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		• •
		· ;
		;;
	al a florida a constitution of the second	P-value=NS
	wake after sleep onset (min), all condition,	Zolpidem: NR;
	significant at week 2 only	Placebo: NR;
		:;
		:;
I	I	[:;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=NS
	wake after sleep onset (min), with pill	Zolpidem: 32.6;
		Placebo: 55.4;
		:;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05
	wake after sleep onset (min), without pill	Zolpidem: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		,
		,
		.;
		P-value=NS
Roehrs (poster)	Patient global impression and sleep quality,	Zolpidem MR: better;
	data NR	Placebo: NR;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0001
	Subjective sleep estimate, data NR	Zolpidem MR: better;
		Placebo: NR;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	latency to persistent sleep (LPS), mean	Zolpidem MR: -17;
	change from baseline, Night 1 and 2	Placebo: -6;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0001
	latency to persistent sleep (LPS), mean	Zolpidem MR: -14;
	change from baseline, Night 15 and 16	Placebo: -8;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		:;
] :;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=0.0255
	sleep efficiency (SE), total sleep time/time in	Zolpidem MR: 10.2;
	bed x100	Placebo: 3;
		,
		:;
		P-value=<0.0001
		Zolpidem MR: 5.9;
		Placebo: 3.5;
		:;
		P-value=0.0509
	wake time after sleep onset (WASO), mean	Zolpidem MR: -32;
	change from baseline, Night 1 and 2	Placebo: -6;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0042
	wake time after sleep onset (WASO), mean	Zolpidem MR: -18;
	change from baseline, Night 15 and 16	Placebo: -6;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.001
Rosenberg	LPS-mins (2 night means)	Eszopiclone: 13.0;
		Placebo: 15.4;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.4493
	Number of awakenings, total (2 night means)	
		Placebo: 10.1;
		:;
		:;
	[[:;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=0.4260
	Sleep efficiency (2 night means)	Eszopiclone: 84.4;
		Placebo: 85.1;
		.;
		:;
		P-value=0.0075
	Total sleep time, mins (2 night means)	Eszopiclone: 424.2;
		Placebo: 408.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0080
	WASO, mins (2 nignt means)	Eszopiclone: 48.1;
		Placebo: 61.8;
		: ;
		:;
		i.;
		P-value=0.0125
	Wake time during sleep, mins (2 night	Eszopiclone: 43.2;
	means)	Placebo: 55.9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0133
Roth	6 hr WASO-adjusted mean of the diff , night	Zolpidem: -23:25;
	1,2(mins)	Placebo: ;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.0001
	6 hr WASO-adjusted mean of the diff, night	Zolpidem: -16:29;
	15,16(mins)	Placebo: ;
		: ;
		. ,
I	I	J: ;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=<0.0001
	6 hr WASO-adjusted mean-night 1,2 (mins)	Zolpidem: -33:49;
		Placebo: -10:24;
		,
		,
		,
		P-value=
	6 hr WASO-adjusted mean-night 15,16	Zolpidem: -30:12;
	(mins)	Placebo: -13:43;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=
	LPS (min) LS mean	Ramelteon 4mg: 28.7;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 30.8;
		Placebo: 38.4;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.001
	LPS -mean-night 22 difference from baseline	
		Placebo: -12:03;
		: ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05 vs baseline
	LPS- mean night 23 difference from baseline	
		Placebo: -13:42;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=
	LPS: mins adjusted mean of the diff night	Zolpidem: -7:33;
	15,16	Placebo: ;
		:;
		· ;
I		: ;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

P-value=0.338	Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
Placebo: -13:47;			P-value=0.338
LPS:mins, adjusted mean of the diff night 1,2 Zolpidem: -10:17; Placebo:; ;; P-value=<0.0001 LPS:mins, adjusted mean, night 1,2 Zolpidem: -23:48; Placebo: -13:30; ;; P-value= Morning level of alertness -LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.5; Ramelteon 8 mg: 3.7; Placebo: 3.6; ;; P-value=0.306 Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; ;; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ;;		LPS:mins night 15,16	Zolpidem: -21:20;
LPS:mins, adjusted mean of the diff night 1,2 Zolpidem: -10:17; Placebo:;			Placebo: -13:47;
LPS:mins, adjusted mean of the diff night 1,2 Zolpidem: -10:17; Placebo:;			· ;
LPS:mins, adjusted mean of the diff night 1,2 Zolpidem: -10:17; Placebo:;			:;
LPS:mins, adjusted mean of the diff night 1,2 Zolpidem: -10:17; Placebo:;			:;
Placebo: ;			
Care Care		LPS:mins, adjusted mean of the diff night 1,	2 Zolpidem: -10:17;
LPS:mins, adjusted mean, night 1,2 Zolpidem: -23:48; Placebo: -13:30; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :;			Placebo: ;
LPS:mins, adjusted mean, night 1,2 Zolpidem: -23:48; Placebo: -13:30; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :;			· ;
LPS:mins, adjusted mean, night 1,2 Zolpidem: -23:48; Placebo: -13:30; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :;			:;
LPS:mins, adjusted mean, night 1,2 Zolpidem: -23:48; Placebo: -13:30; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :; :;			· ;
Placebo: -13:30;			P-value=<0.0001
:; :; P-value		LPS:mins, adjusted mean, night 1,2	Zolpidem: -23:48;
Morning level of alertness -LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.5; Ramelteon 8 mg: 3.7; Placebo: 3.6; :; :; P-value=0.306 Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; :; :; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; :; :;			Placebo: -13:30;
Morning level of alertness -LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.5; Ramelteon 8 mg: 3.7; Placebo: 3.6; :; :; P-value=0.306 Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; :; :; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; :; :;			:;
Morning level of alertness -LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.5; Ramelteon 8 mg: 3.7; Placebo: 3.6; :; :; P-value=0.306 Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; :; :; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; :; :;			:;
Morning level of alertness -LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.5; Ramelteon 8 mg: 3.7; Placebo: 3.6; :; :; P-value=0.306 Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; :; :; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; :; :;			· ;
Ramelteon 8 mg: 3.7; Placebo: 3.6; :; :; P-value=0.306 Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; :; :; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; :; :;			
Placebo: 3.6; :; :; P-value=0.306 Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; :; :; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; :; :;		Morning level of alertness -LS mean	
Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; ;; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ;;			
Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; ; ; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;			Placebo: 3.6;
Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; ;; ;; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ;; ;;			:;
Sleep Quality-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 3.7; Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; ;; ;; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ;; ;;			
Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8; Placebo: 3.8; :; :; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; :; :;			
Placebo: 3.8; ;; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ;; ;;		Sleep Quality-LS mean	
:; :; P-value=0.792 Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; :; :;			
Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ; ; ;			Placebo: 3.8;
Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ; ; ; ;			
Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean Zolpidem: 0.130; Placebo: 0.055; ;; ;;			
Placebo: 0.055; :; :;			
		Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean	
· · ·			
· · ·			· · ·
[:;			: ;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=
	Sleep efficiency, night 1,2 adjusted mean of	Zolpidem: 0.075;
	the diff	Placebo: ;
		P-value=<0.0001
	Sleep efficiency, night 15,16 adjusted mean	Zolpidem: 0.094;
		Placebo: 0.064;
		P-value=
	Sleep efficiency, night 15,16 adjusted mean	Zolpidem: 0.030;
	of the difference	Placebo: ;
		,
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		P-value=0.0172
	Sleep efficiency:	Ramelteon 4mg: 74.9;
		Ramelteon 8mg: 75.5;
		Placebo: 73.1;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.018
	Sleep efficinecy-mean night 23 difference	Zolpidem: 0.033;
	from baseline	Placebo: 0.085;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=
	Sleep efficinecy: mean night 22 difference	Zolpidem: -0.086;
	from baseline	Placebo: 0.051;
		:;
		:;
		 :;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

P-value=<0.05 vs baseline	Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
Ramelteon 8mg: 362.0; Placebo: 350.4;			P-value=<0.05 vs baseline
Placebo: 350.4;		TST (min) LS mean	Ramelteon 4mg: 359.4;
Waso-Night 22: mean difference from Zolpidem: 26:25; Placebo: -13:27;			Ramelteon 8mg: 362.0;
Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency (9.327; Sleep latency (9.327; Sleep latency (9.327; Sleep latency (1.0018; Sleep latency (1.0			Placebo: 350.4;
Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency (9.327; Sleep latency (9.327; Sleep latency (9.327; Sleep latency (1.0018; Sleep latency (1.0			. ,
Waso-Night 22: mean difference from baseline Waso-night 23: mean difference from P-value=<0.05 vs baseline Waso-night 23: mean difference from Daseline Waso-night 23: mean difference from Daseline Waso-night 23: mean difference from Daseline Zolpidem: -10:33; P-value= -10:33; Placebo: -28:39; :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::			
Daseline Placebo: -13:27;			P-value=0.018
Solve Seep Latency (min) - LS mean Ramelteon 4 mg: 48.2; Ramelteon 4 mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 4 mg: 337.0; P-value=0.096 STotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4 mg: 337.0; Ramelteon 4 mg: 337.0; Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Ramelteon 6 m		Waso-Night 22: mean difference from	Zolpidem: 26:25;
Waso-night 23: mean difference from baseline Zolpidem: -10:33; Placebo: -28:39;		baseline	Placebo: -13:27;
Waso-night 23: mean difference from baseline Zolpidem: -10:33; Placebo: -28:39;			. ,
Waso-night 23: mean difference from baseline Zolpidem: -10:33; Placebo: -28:39;			. ,
Waso-night 23: mean difference from baseline Zolpidem: -10:33; Placebo: -28:39;			. ,
baseline			P-value=<0.05 vs baseline
SSleep Latency(min)-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 48.2; Ramelteon 8mg: 50.9; Placebo: 58.2;		Waso-night 23: mean difference from	Zolpidem: -10:33;
sSleep Latency(min)-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 48.2; Ramelteon 8mg: 50.9; Placebo: 58.2; :; :; P-value=0.096 sTotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; :; :; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;		baseline	Placebo: -28:39;
sSleep Latency(min)-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 48.2; Ramelteon 8mg: 50.9; Placebo: 58.2; :; :; P-value=0.096 sTotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; :; :; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;			· ;
sSleep Latency(min)-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 48.2; Ramelteon 8mg: 50.9; Placebo: 58.2; :; :; P-value=0.096 sTotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; :; :; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;			· ;
sSleep Latency(min)-LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 48.2; Ramelteon 8mg: 50.9; Placebo: 58.2; :; :; P-value=0.096 sTotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; :; :; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;			· · · · · ·
Ramelteon 8mg: 50.9; Placebo: 58.2; :; :; P-value=0.096 sTotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; :; :; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 8 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;			
Placebo: 58.2; ;; p-value=0.096 sTotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; ;; p-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; ;;		sSleep Latency(min)-LS mean	
STotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; ; ; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; ; ;			
STotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; ; ; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Roth 2006 Ro			Placebo: 58.2;
sTotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; ;; ; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; ;;			:;
sTotal Sleep time LS mean Ramelteon 4mg: 337.8; Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; ;; ; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; ;;			:;
Ramelteon 8mg: 337.0; Placebo: 333.9; :; :; P-value=0.756 Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 8 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;			
Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Placebo: 333.9; :; P-value=0.756 Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;		sTotal Sleep time LS mean	
Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3;			1
Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3;			Placebo: 333.9;
Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;			:;
Roth 2006 Sleep latency at week 1, minutes (not reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9; Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;			:;
reported if mean or median) Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3; Placebo: 69.3; :;			P-value=0.756
Placebo: 69.3;	Roth 2006		
		reported if mean or median)	
			Placebo: 69.3;
			: ;
l '''			: ;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
· •		P-value=
	Sleep latency at week 3, minutes (not	Ramelteon 4 mg: 64.9;
	reported if mean or median)	Ramelteon 8 mg: 60.3;
	,	Placebo: 69.3;
		::
		::
		P-value=
	Total sleep time at week 1, minutes (not	Ramelteon 4 mg: 324.6;
	reported if mean or median)	Ramelteon 8 mg: 321.1;
	, ,	Placebo: 313.9;
		::
		::
		P-value=
	Total sleep time at week 3, minutes (not	Ramelteon 4 mg: 336.0;
	reported if mean or median)	Ramelteon 8 mg: 332.1;
	,	Placebo: 324.3;
		::
		l: :
		P-value=
	Total sleep time at week 5, minutes (not	Ramelteon 4 mg: 337.5;
	reported if mean or median)	Ramelteon 8 mg: 334.4;
		Placebo: 330.1;
		:;
		P-value=
Scharf, 1994	ease of falling sleep (0=very easy; 100=not	Zolpidem 10mg: 63.7;
·	easy), posttreatment	Zolpidem 15mg: 64.0;
		Placebo: 44.4;
		:;
		::
		P-value=
	ease of falling sleep (0=very easy; 100=not	Zolpidem 10mg: 50.7;
	easy), week 6	Zolpidem 15mg: 35.7;
	377	Placebo: 48.4;
		::
		::
i	I	1, ,

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
. •		P-value=
	sleep efficiency (%), week 6	Zolpidem 10mg: 83.1;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 79.9;
		Placebo: 81.9;
		:;
		l: ;
		P-value=
		Zolpidem 10mg: 87.9;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 87.3;
		Placebo: 80.7;
		· ;
		l: :
		P-value=
	sleep latency (min), posttreatment	Zolpidem 10mg: 62.3;
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Zolpidem 15mg: 78.2;
		Placebo: 47.5;
		:;
		::
		P-value=
	sleep latency (min), week 6	Zolpidem 10mg: 25.8;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 28.1;
		Placebo: 48;
		::
		l: :
		P-value=
		Zolpidem 10mg: 38.4;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 31.7;
		Placebo: 56.6;
		· ;
		::
		P-value=
		Zolpidem 10mg: 47.1;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 47.7;
		Placebo: 48.0;
		· , : ;
ı	I	1. ,

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=
	sleep quality (1=excellent; 4=poor),	Zolpidem 10mg: 2.9;
	posttreatment	Zolpidem 15mg: 3.1;
		Placebo: 2.6;
		,
		:;
		P-value=
	sleep quality (1=excellent; 4=poor), week 6	Zolpidem 10mg: 2.5;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 2.5;
		Placebo: 2.6;
		:;
		,
		P-value=
	tolerance assessment, change from week 2	Zolpidem 10mg: multi-data;
	to week 6	Zolpidem 15mg: multi-data;
		Placebo: multi-data;
		· ;
		P-value=
	total sleep time (min), posttreatment	Zolpidem 10mg: 333;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 341;
		Placebo: 333;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=
	total sleep time (min), week 6	Zolpidem 10mg: 369;
		Zolpidem 15mg: 394;
		Placebo: 356;
		: ;
		[:;
		P-value=
Scharf, 2005	daily ability to function (0=poor;	Eszopiclone 1mg: 7.4;
	10=excellent), average	Eszopiclone 2mg: 7.6;
		Placebo: 7.2;
		: ;
		 :;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.0579
	daytime alertness (0=drowsy; 10=alert),	Eszopiclone 1mg: 7.1;
	average	Eszopiclone 2mg: 7.3;
		Placebo: 6.8;
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.0223
	duration per nap (min), average	Eszopiclone 1mg: 47.7;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 52.7;
		Placebo: 59.2;
		.;
		,
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=<0.05; 0.0113
	morning sleepiness (0=very sleepy; 10=not	Eszopiclone 1mg: 6.9;
	at all sleepy), average	Eszopiclone 2mg: 7.2;
	-	Placebo: 6.6;
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.0547
	number of awakenings - average	Eszopiclone 1mg: 2;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 1.7;
		Placebo: 1.9;
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; NS
	number of naps taken, total	Eszopiclone 1mg: 5.0;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 4.3;
		Placebo: 5.9;
		:;
		:;
		·

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
. •		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.0276
	physical well-being (0=poor; 10=excellent),	Eszopiclone 1mg: 7.5;
	average	Eszopiclone 2mg: 7.7;
		Placebo: 7.2;
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.0474
	sleep depth (0=very light; 10=very deep) -	Eszopiclone 1mg: 6.5;
	average	Eszopiclone 2mg: 7.1;
		Placebo: 6.2;
		,
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.0015
	sleep latency (min) - average	Eszopiclone 1mg: 53.6;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 50;
		Placebo: 85.5;
		· · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · ·
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=<0.05; 0.0034
	sleep quality (0=poor; 10=excellent) -	Eszopiclone 1mg: 6.6;
	average	Eszopiclone 2mg: 7.2;
		Placebo: 6.3;
		:;
		:;
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.0006
	total sleep time (min) - average	Eszopiclone 1mg: 349.8;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 372.3;
		Placebo: 328.2;
		:;
I		 ;;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.0003
	wake after sleep onset (min) - average	Eszopiclone 1mg: 72.6;
		Eszopiclone 2mg: 58.5;
		Placebo: 74.1;
		::
		::
		P-value (1 mg vs placebo; 2 mg vs
		placebo)=NS; 0.423
Schnitzer 2005 (poster)	attention/concentration	Eszopiclone: 1.3;
(, , , , ,		Placebo: 1.4;
		::
		l::
		l::
		P-value=0.2
	daytime fatigue	Eszopiclone: 1.6;
		Placebo: 2.0;
		:;
		l::
		: :
		P-value=0.005
	feeling refreshed/rested	Eszopiclone: 2.3;
		Placebo: 1.8;
		:;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value<0.001
	mood disturbance	Eszopiclone: 1.3;
		Placebo: 1.5;
		.;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value<0.3
	relationship enjoyment	Eszopiclone: 1.0;
	, , ,	Placebo: 1.3;
		I lacebo. 1.5,

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
, ,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		l: :
		P-value<0.05
	sleep difficulties (nights/wk)	Eszopiclone: 3.0;
		Placebo: 4.7;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value<0.001
	sleep quality	Eszopiclone: 2.6;
		Placebo: 1.9;
		,
		,
		,
		P-value=<0.0001
	total score =< 7 (no insomnia)	Eszopiclone: 30.4;
		Placebo: 47.9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0338
Shaw, 1992	daytime residual effects (1=very drowsy;	Zolpidem 10mg: 3.21;
	4=very alert), change from baseline, day 28	Zolpidem 20mg: 3.19;
		Placebo: 3.26;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	daytime residual effects (1=very drowsy;	Zolpidem 10mg: 3.22;
	4=very alert), change from baseline, day 35,	Zolpidem 20mg: 3.28;
	withdrawal, rebound	Placebo: 3.00;
		· ;
		P-value=
	number of awakenings (%), change from	Zolpidem 10mg: -26;
	baseline, day 28	Zolpidem 20mg: -23;
I		Placebo: -31;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		,
		P-value=
	number of awakenings (%), change from	Zolpidem 10mg: -34;
	baseline, day 35, withdrawal, rebound	Zolpidem 20mg: -15;
		Placebo: -16;
		. ,
		· ;
		P-value=
	sleep duration (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem 10mg: 32;
	day 28	Zolpidem 20mg: 27;
		Placebo: 14;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=
	sleep duration (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem 10mg: 32;
	day 35, withdrawal, rebound	Zolpidem 20mg: 28;
		Placebo: 16;
		. ,
		. ,
		P-value=
	sleep latency (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem 10mg: 38;
	day 28	Zolpidem 20mg: 28;
		Placebo: 23;
		· · ;
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=
	sleep latency (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem 10mg: 36;
	day 35, withdrawal, rebound	Zolpidem 20mg: 21;
		Placebo: 9;
		; ;
		[:;
		P-value=
	sleep quality (1=poor; 4=good), change from	
	baseline, day 28	Zolpidem 20mg: -29;
I	I	Placebo: -30;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=
	sleep quality (1=poor; 4=good), change from	Zolpidem 10mg: -29;
	baseline, day 35, withdrawal, rebound	Zolpidem 20mg: -14;
		Placebo: -14;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		···
		P-value=
	total wake time (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem 10mg: -28;
	day 28	Zolpidem 20mg: -15;
		Placebo: -22;
		· ;
		: ;
		P-value=
	total wake time (min), change from baseline,	Zolpidem 10mg: -27;
	day 35, withdrawal, rebound	Zolpidem 20mg: -11;
		Placebo: -14;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=
Soares	Increase in Total Sleep Time over 4 weeks,	Eszopiclone: 56.6;
	mins	Placebo: 33.6;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.001
	Mean no. of awakenings due to hot flashes	Eszopiclone: 0.29;
		Placebo: 0.37;
		: ;
		: ;
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=0.05
	Mean number of Awakenings at 4 months	Eszopiclone: 1.12;
		Placebo: 1.42;
I		: ;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=<0.01
	Reduction in sleep latency over 4 weeks	Eszopiclone: 25.8;
	(mins)	Placebo: 10.1;
		P-value=<0.001
	Reduction in sleep latency over 4 weeks,	Eszopiclone: 30.9;
	WASO, mins	Placebo: 16.0;
		P-value=<0.001
	menopause symptoms-no change at 4	Eszopiclone: 42;
	weeks	Placebo: 85;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.001
	menopause-symptoms "much imrpoved" at 4	
	weeks (from graph	Placebo: 40;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.001
	menopause-symptoms "very much	Eszopiclone: 35;
	improved" at 4 weeks (from graph)	Placebo: 15;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.001
Soubrane (poster)	latency to persistent sleep, mean change	Zolpidem MR: -23;
	from baseline, night 1 and 2	Placebo: -13;
ĺ		:;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		,
		,
		P-value=<0.0001
	latency to persistent sleep, mean change	Zolpidem MR: -21;
	from baseline, night 15 and 16	Placebo: -13;
		,
		· ;
		P-value=0.0338
	number of awakenings, mean change from	Zolpidem MR: -2.7;
	baseline, night 15 and 16	Placebo: -0.8;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.0001
	number of awakenings, mean change from	Zolpidem MR: -3.0;
	baseline, night 1 and 2	Placebo: -0.9;
		. ,
		. ,
		• •
		P-value=<0.0001
	patients global impression and sleep quality,	Zolpidem MR: better;
	day 2, 15, 22	Placebo: data NR;
		· ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=<0.005
		Zolpidem MR: better;
		Placebo: multiple data;
		[:;
		[. ;
		. , D. volue0.005
	oloop officiones, total algor time / time in head	P-value=<0.005
	sleep efficiency, total sleep time / time in bed	
	x100, night 1 and 2	Placebo: 5.5;
I	l	· ;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
, ,		: ;
		l: ;
		P-value=<0.0001
		Zolpidem MR: 9.4;
		Placebo: 6.4;
		,
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.0172
	wake time after sleep onset, mean change	Zolpidem MR: -33;
	from baseline, night 1 and 2	Placebo: -10;
		·;
		·;
		·;
		P-value=<0.0001
	wake time after sleep onset, mean change	Zolpidem MR: -30;
	from baseline, night 15 and 16	Placebo: -13;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.0001
Terzano, 1992	sleep latency (min)	Zolpidem: 8.1;
		Placebo: 14.5;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	total sleep time (min)	Zolpidem: 420;
		Placebo: 402;
		: ;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=NR
	wake after sleep onset (min)	Zolpidem: 16;
		Placebo: 41;
ĺ		 :;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		.;
		· ;
		P-value=NR
Walsh 2007	Ability to concentrate-change from baseline	Eszopiclone: 7.1;
	(DB avg)	Placebo: 6.3;
	, ,	· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.001
	Adjusted mean diff between two groups in	Eszopiclone: -25:42;
	change from baseline : nights 1 and 2,	Placebo: ;
	mins,sec	! ;;
		P-value=
	Adjusted mean diff between two groups in	Eszopiclone: -11:27;
	change from baseline : nights 15 and 16	Placebo: ;
	mins,sec	! ;;
	, in the second	
		: ;
		P-value=
	Daytime alertness-change from baseline (DE	Eszopiclone: 6.9;
	avg)	Placebo: 6.0;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.001
	LPS, adjusted mean (mins, sec) Nights 1/2	Eszopiclone: -17.10;
	compared to baseline	Placebo: -6.55;
		:;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=0.0001
	LPS, adjusted mean (mins, sec) Nights	Eszopiclone: -14.18;
	15/16 compared to baseline	Placebo: -8.30;
		:;
-	•	•

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=0.0255
	LPS,Adjusted mean diff between two groups	Eszopiclone: -10.15;
	in change from baseline Nights1/2	Placebo: ;
		,
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		···
		P-value=
	LPS,Adjusted mean diff between two groups	Eszopiclone: -5.49;
	in change from baseline Nights15/16	Placebo: ;
		· ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=
	No. of Awakenings, mean change from	Eszopiclone: 1.7;
	baseline (DB-avg)	Placebo: 2.2;
		: ;
		• •
		• •
		P-value=<0.001
	No. of awakenings:Adjusted mean change	Eszopiclone: -3.18;
	from baseline wk3	Placebo: -2.22;
		: ;
		: ;
		:; D -1 - 0.0004
	Detient reported close smallton Admeted	P-value=<0.0001
	Patient reported sleep quality: Adjusted	Zolpidem: -0.53;
	mean change from baseline, wk 1	Placebo: -0.44;
		· ,
		· ,
		. , P-value=0.2018
		Eszopiclone: -0.5;
		Placebo: -0.28;
		·
ı	I	:;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		.;
		,
		P-value=0.0015
	Sleep Efficiency-Nights 1/2 (mins:sec)	Eszopiclone: 0.012;
		Placebo: 0.030;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=<0.0001
	Sleep Efficiency-Nights 15/16 (mins:sec)	Eszopiclone: 0.059;
		Placebo: 0.035;
		· ;
		· ;
		· · · · · ·
		P-value=0.0509
	Sleep Efficinecy-Adjusted mean diff between	Eszopiclone: 0.023;
	two groups in change from baseline Nights	Placebo: ;
	15/16	:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
		Eszopiclone: 0.073;
	two groups in change from baseline	Placebo: ;
	Nights1/2	:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	Sleep quality, mean change from baseline	Eszopiclone: 6.9;
	(DB-AVG)	Placebo: 5.8;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.001
	Total Sleep Time, mean change from	Eszopiclone: 389.5;
	baseline (DB-avg), mins	Placebo: 343.4;
I		: ;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		,
		.;
		P-value=<0.001
	WASO 1-6 hrs, adjusted mean (mins, sec)	Eszopiclone: -32:41;
	Nights 1 and 2 compared to baseline	Placebo: -6:59;
		P-value=<0.0001
	WASO 1-6 hrs, adjusted mean (mins, sec)	Eszopiclone: -18:22;
	Nights 15 and 16 compared to baseline	Placebo: -6:56;
		P-value=0.0042
	WASO-mean change from baseline (DB	Eszopiclone: 39.1;
	avg) mins	Placebo: 59.4;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		P-value=<0.001
	WASO-mean change from baseline (DB	Eszopiclone: 25.5;
	avg), mins	Placebo: 43.2;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		:; :;
		P-value=<0.001
	patient reported Sleep Latency :Adjusted	Eszopiclone: -25.56;
	mean change from baseline wk1	Placebo: -14.36;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=0.02
	patient reported Sleep Latency: Adjusted	Eszopiclone: -26.34;
	mean change from baseline wk3	Placebo: -21.58;
I		 :;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		P-value=0.21
Walsh, 2000a	PSG latency to persistent sleep (min)	Zaleplon 2mg: 30.4;
		Zaleplon 5mg: 26.0;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 21.8;
		Placebo: 47.7;
		. ,
		P-value=
	PSG no. of awakenings	Zaleplon 2mg: 21.6;
		Zaleplon 5mg: 21.9;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 22.1;
		Placebo: 21.6;
		. ,
		P-value=
	PSG total sleep time (min)	Zaleplon 2mg: 359.3;
		Zaleplon 5mg: 363.9;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 362.8;
		Placebo: 351.2;
		P-value=
	subjective no. of awakenings	Zaleplon 2mg: 3.4;
		Zaleplon 5mg: 3.1;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 2.8;
		Placebo: 3.3;
		: ;
		P-value=
	subjective sleep latency (min)	Zaleplon 2mg: 55.2;
		Zaleplon 5mg: 42.0;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 34.4;
		Placebo: 58.3;
		:;
		P-value=
	subjective total sleep time (min)	Zaleplon 2mg: 335.8;
		Zaleplon 5mg: 343.2;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 351.6;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year Walsh, 2000b, 2002	quality of life	Results Placebo: 327.9; :; P-value= Zolpidem: multi-data;
Walsh, 2000b, 2002	quality of life	P-value= Zolpidem: multi-data;
Walsh, 2000b, 2002	quality of life	Zolpidem: multi-data;
Walsh, 2000b, 2002	quality of life	
		Placebo: multi-data;
		· ;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	number of awakenings, with pill, 8 weeks	Zolpidem: 1.1;
	average	Placebo: 1.8;
		. ,
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep latency (min), all condition, 8 weeks	Zolpidem: 12.39;
	average	Placebo: 19.55;
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency (min), with pill, 8 weeks	Zolpidem: 36.7;
	average	Placebo: 50.4;
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep quality (1=excellent; 4=poor), with pill,	Zolpidem: 2.1;
	8 weeks average	Placebo: 2.5;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		P-value=<0.05
	total sleep time (min), with pill, 8 weeks	Zolpidem: 415.4;
	average	Placebo: 364.1;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		.;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
Zammit, 2004	WASO (min)	Eszopiclone 2mg: 37.1;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 30.2;
		Placebo: 45;
		:;
		:;
		P-value= 0.6884 for 2 mg vs placebo; 0.0204
		for 3 mg vs placebo
	WASO (min), rebound insomnia, change vs	Eszopiclone 2mg: 7;
	baseline	Eszopiclone 3mg: NR;
		P-value<0.05 for 2 mg vs placebo; NS for 3
		mg vs placebo
	daytime ability to function (higher scores	Eszopiclone 2mg: 6.81;
	indicate improved function)	Eszopiclone 3mg: 7.15;
		Placebo: 6.83;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.901 for 2 mg vs placebo; 0.118
		for 3 mg vs placebo
	daytime alertness (higher scores indicate	Eszopiclone 2mg: 6.66;
	improved function)	Eszopiclone 3mg: 7.02;
		Placebo: 6.67;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=0.873 for 2 mg vs placebo; 0.059
		for 3 mg vs placebo
	depth of sleep (0=poor; 100=excellent)	Eszopiclone 2mg: 58.9;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 56.7;
		Placebo: 51.7;
		:;
I		[:;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=0.0.0052 for 2 mg vs placebo;
		0.0457 for 3 mg vs placebo
	morning sleepiness (1=very sleepy; 100=not	Eszopiclone 2mg: 51.3;
	at all sleepy)	Eszopiclone 3mg: 50.8;
		Placebo: 48.2;
		,
		P-value=0.256 for 2 mg vs placebo; 0.344
		for 3 mg vs placebo
	number of awakenings	Eszopiclone 2mg: 2.7;
	_	Eszopiclone 3mg: 2.4;
		Placebo: 3.0;
		,
		,
		P-value=0.2956 for 2 mg vs placebo; 0.1720
		for 3 mg vs placebo
	number of awakenings, NAW - night 1, 15,	Eszopiclone 2mg: 6.5;
	29 average	Eszopiclone 3mg: 5.7;
		: 6.0;
		P-value=NS
	quality of sleep (0=poor; 100=excellent)	Eszopiclone 2mg: 54.5;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 56.6;
		Placebo: 47.7;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=0.0414 for 2 mg vs placebo; 0.0072
		for 3 mg vs placebo
	sleep efficiency (%) - night 1, 15, 29 average	Eszopiclone 2mg: 88.1;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 90.1;
		: 85.7;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value<0.01 for 2 mg vs placebo; <0.001
		for 3 mg vs placebo

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep efficiency (%), rebound insomnia,	Eszopiclone 2mg: -2.5;
	change vs baseline	Eszopiclone 3mg: 3.7;
		. ,
		: ;
		P-value<0.05 for 2 mg vs placebo; <0.05 for
		3 mg vs placebo
	sleep latency (min)	Eszopiclone 2mg: 30;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 27.7;
		Placebo: 46;
		::
		: :
		P-value=<0.0001 for 2 mg vs placebo;
		<0.0001 for 3 mg vs placebo
	sleep latency (min), rebound insomnia,	Eszopiclone 2mg: NR;
	change vs baseline	Eszopiclone 3mg: -8.5;
	and the second	::
		::
		P-value=NS for 2 mg vs placebo; <0.05 for 3
		mg vs placebo
	sleep latency (minute) - night 1, 15, 29	Eszopiclone 2mg: 15;
	average	Eszopiclone 3mg: 13.1;
		: 29;
		:: ´
		P-value=<0.001 for 2 mg vs placebo; <0.001
		for 3 mg vs placebo
	total sleep time (min)	Eszopiclone 2mg: 400;
		Eszopiclone 3mg: 406;
		Placebo: 366;
		::
		l: :
		P-value=0.0207 for 2 mg vs placebo;
		<0.0001 for 3 mg vs placebo
	wake time after sleep onset, WASO (min)	

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
-	night 1, 15, 29 average	Eszopiclone 3mg: 33.8;
		: 44.1;
		P-value=NS for 2 mg vs placebo; <0.01 for 3
		mg vs placebo
Zammit, 2007	Awake time (mins) at week 1	Ramelteon 8mg: 72.3;
		Ramelteon 16 mg: 93.4;
		Placebo: 86.1;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		P-value==0.026 for 8mg, =0.004 for 16mg vs
		placebo
	Awake time(mins) at week 5	Ramelteon 8mg: 70.3;
		Ramelteon 16 mg: 68.0;
		Placebo: 71.2;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	Sleep quality at week 5	Ramelteon 8mg: 3.6;
		Ramelteon 16 mg: 3.6;
		Placebo: 3.7;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	Sleep efficiency at week 1	Remelteon 8mg: 82.3;
		Remelteon 16 mg: 83.4;
		Placebo: 78.3;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.001 vs placebo
	Sleep efficiency at wk 5	Remelteon 8mg: 81.8;
		Remelteon 16 mg: 82.0;
		Placebo: 80.4;
		: ;
I		: ;

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=NS vs placebo
	Sleep quallity at week 1	Ramelteon 8mg: 3.8;
		Ramelteon 16 mg: 3.8;
		Placebo: 3.9;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	WASO at 5 week (in mins)	Remelteon 8mg: 59.9;
		Remelteon 16 mg: 61.1;
		Placebo: 56.4;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	mean LPS at week 1 (in mins)	Remelteon 8mg: 32.2;
		Remelteon 16 mg: 28.9;
		Placebo: 47.9;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.001 vs placebo
	mean LPS at week 5 (in mins)	Remelteon 8mg: 31.5;
		Remelteon 16 mg: 29.5;
		Placebo: 42.5;
		,
		,
		P-value=0.002 for 16 mg, .007 for 8 mg vs
		placebo
	mean TST at week 1 (in mins)	Remelteon 8mg: 394.2;
		Remelteon 16 mg: 397.6;
		Placebo: 375.2;
		,
		· · ;
		P-value=<0.001 vs placebo
	mean TST at week 5 (in mins)	Remelteon 8mg: 391.5;
		Remelteon 16 mg: 393.3;
		Placebo: 385.9;
		,

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Evidence Table 4. Results of placebo-controlled trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Outcome Measure	Results
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Agnoli, 1989 (Poor)	Patients were aged 20-50 years with total score of the Hamilton Rating Scale for Anxiety less than 20. Absence of concomitant antidepressive, anxiolytic or neuroleptic medication and absence of somatic, pathophysiological or pharmacological factors related to the onset and persistence of insomnia.	placebo administration; and pregnancy.	Mean age (SD): 38.2 (2.1);	NR/	0/	1 days	Zopiclone;
			60% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 20	0/ 20		Nitrazepam; ;
Anderson, 1987 (Fair)	asleep within 45 minutes, more than two nocturnal awakenings with difficulty in returning to sleep without known cause, or sleeping <6 hours per night	there was evidence for the presence (or	();	NR/	5/	14 days	Zopiclone;
			0% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 119	15/ 99		Nitrazepam; Placebo; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Ansoms, 1991 (Fair)	Only insomniac patients in their postalcoholism withdrawal period of at least ten days, who were aged between 20 and 55 years and able to participate in the trial were included, as well as those for whom it was expected they would need a hypnotic every day because of their withdrawal.	Patients with the following criteria were excluded: those being treated during the study period with psychotropic drug for the first time, or for whom the existing medication with psychotropic drugs was being changed or those using tranquilizers of the benzodiazepine type. Patients having used high doses of hypnotics or with a history of drug abuse before the study period were also excluded, as well as those suffering from myasthenia gravis, with any disease accompanies by pain, living in an unstable fluctuating condition with mental or physical stress, or patients with a severe liver or kidney disturbance. Shiftworkers were not included in the study		NR/	0/	5 days	Zopiclone;
			33% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	54/ 52	0/ 52		Lorazepam; ;
							Zopiclone; Lormetazepam;
Autret, 1987 (Poor)	Patients had suffered for more than 3 months from at least two of the following symptoms: subjective period of falling asleep greater than 2 hours; waking up more than twice at night; subjective length of night wakefulness greater than 30 minutes; waking more than 2 hours before the desired time; estimated total	NR	Mean age (SD): 46.3 (11.7);	NR/	NR/	7 days	Zopiclone;
	sleep time less than 6 hours.		70% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 121	8/ 113		Temazepam; ; ;
							Zopiclone; Triazolam; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Begg, 1992 (Poor)		•	();	NR/ NR/ 88	33/ 51	11 days	Baseline; Midazolam; Zopiclone;
Bergener, 1989 (Fair)	Patients who have a minimum score of 14 points on the Sleep Disorder intensity Scale (SDIS) with no improvement during the initial placebo period of 4 days.	predelirium a severe disease of the heart, liver, or kidney, seizure disorder, endogenous psychosis and treatment with drugs affecting vigilance (reserpine and sedating antihistaminics or	Mean age (SD): NR (); 86% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ NR/ 42	NR/ NR/ 42	21 days	Zopiclone; Flurazepam;
Bozin-Juracic, 1998 (Fair)	A group of workers employed in a security company were recruited to the study as subjects		Mean age (SD): NR (); 0% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 32/ 29	0/ 0/ 29	7 days	; Zopiclone; Nitrazepam; Placebo;
Chaudoir, 1990 (Fair)	the following symptoms present: time taken to fall asleep longer than 30	Any serious concomitant disease, psychosis, hypersensitivity, drug addiction, or alcohol consumption that might interfere with assessment; women who were pregnant, nursing, or of child-bearing age intending to become pregnant. No patient was included if taking concomitant medication known to induce drowsiness.	Mean age (SD): 50.9 (); 71% female; Race/ethnicity: 100% Caucasian	NR/ NR/ 38	4/ NR/ 38	1 weeks	Zopiclone; Triazolam;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Drake (1), 2001 (Fair)	Age 21-60, with a recent, six-month, history or primary insomnia as defined by the DSM-III. To be eligible for polysomnographic (PSG) screening, participants must have reported at least two of the following: 6 months of sleep disturbance with a sleep latency of >30 minutes, three or more awakenings per night, or a sleep time of 4 to 6 hours. All patients had to meet the following PSG screening criteria for study eligibility: 1) latency to persistent sleep greater than 20 minutes on at least two of the screening nights, with no latency of less than 15 minutes, 2) Total sleep time between 240 and 420 on at least two of the screening nights, 3) less than five apneas per hour of sleep, 4) less than 10 leg movements per hour of sleep.	Individuals with medical or psychiatric diagnoses (including any history of alcoholism or drug abuse), abnormal laboratory results (urinalysis, hematology, and blood chemistries), an irregular sleep-wake schedule, or who regularly consumed greater than 750 mg of caffeinated beverages.	Mean age (SD): 41.6 (9.5);	NR/	0/	2 days	Zaleplon 10mg;
			51% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 47	0/		Zaleplon 40mg; Triazolam 0.25mg;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Drake (2), 2000 (Fair)	Age 21-60, with a recent, six-month, history or primary insomnia as defined by the DSM-III. To be eligible for polysomnographic (PSG) screening, participants must have reported at least two of the following: 6 months of sleep disturbance with a sleep latency of >30 minutes, three or more awakenings per night, or a sleep time of 4 to 6 hours. All patients had to meet the following PSG screening criteria for study eligibility: 1) latency to persistent sleep greater than 20 minutes on at least two of the screening nights, with no latency of less than 15 minutes, 2) Total sleep time between 240 and 420 on at least two of the screening nights, 3) less than five apneas per hour of sleep, 4) less than 10 leg movements per hour of sleep.	Individuals with medical or psychiatric diagnoses (including any history of alcoholism or drug abuse), abnormal laboratory results (urinalysis, hematology, and blood chemistries), an irregular sleep-wake schedule, or who regularly consumed greater than 750 mg of caffeinated beverages.	Mean age (SD): 38.1 (11.1);	NR/	0/	2 days	Zaleplon 20mg;
			39% female;	NR/	0/		Zaleplon 60mg;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	36	36		Triazolam 0.25mg;
Elie, 1990a (Fair)	Age between 60 and 90 years, living in residential homes and suffering from chronic insomnia.	Psychotic and neurotic patients, history of blood dyscrasia, neurological disorders, drug hypersensitivity, chronic alcoholism, drug abuse and coffee or tea abuse. Patients with severe medical conditions, those treated with CNS drugs and those receiving treatments which could modify drug kinetics were not accepted.	Mean age (SD): 76.0 (1.3);	NR/	0/	21 days	Zopiclone;
		not accepted.	75% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 44	0/ 44		Triazolam; ; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Elie, 1990b (Fair)	insomnia without direct relationship to another ailment plus at least three of the following symptoms: (1) requiring longer	Patients suffering from any other psychiatric disorder including depression or presenting a history of blood dyscrasia, drug hypersensitivity, abuse of alcohol or other drugs were excluded from the study. Women of childbearing potential not following a medically recognized contraceptive program and patients receiving any treatment which could modify drug kinetics or having received enzyme inducing drugs in the previous month were also excluded.	Mean age (SD): 37.6 (1.84);	NR/	0/	28 days	Zopiclone;
			67% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 36	0/ 36		Flurazepam; Placebo; ;
Fleming, 1990 (Fair)	Ages 18 to 64 with body weight within 20% of normal for their age, with a history of insomnia of at least 3 months duration and characterized by at least 3 of the following 4 criteria: 1) a sleep latency of 45 minutes or more, 2) 2 or more nightly awakenings with difficulty in returning to sleep, 3) a total sleep time of less than 6 hours, and 4) a poor quality of sleep. Subjects previously receiving hypnotic medication were eligible provided the above criteria were met after a 7 day washout period.	recognized contraceptive method. Subjects whose sleep performance was disrupted by external factors and those taking neuroleptics, sedatives,	45.5 ();	NR/	4/	21 days	Zopiclone;
			.% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 52	0/ 48		Triazolam; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

(Quality)		Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Fleming, 1995 (Fair)	at least 4 hours but less than 6 hours per night; (b) a usual sleep latency of >= 30minutes; (c) daytime complaints associated with disturbed asleep. Each of there criteria was to be present for at least 6 months prior to study entry.	Any significant medical or psychiatric disorder or mental retardation; use of any other investigational drug within 30 days prior to the start of the study; use of flurazepam within 30 days of the first sleep laboratory night; regular use of any medication that would interfere with the assessment, absorption or metabolism of the study hypnotic; use of alcohol or short-acting central nervous system medication within 12 hours of any study night; use of triazolam within 4 nights, other short- or intermediate-acting hypnotics within 7 nights, or long-acting hypnotics within 14 nights of the first sleep laboratory night; history of exaggerated response or hypersensitivity to benzodiazepines or other CNS depressants; history of drug addiction, alcoholism, drug abuse, sleep apnoea, or nocturnal myoclonus; or a work or sleep schedule that regularly changed by at least 6 hours within 7 days of study initiation.	();	222/	1/	3 days	Zolpidem 10mg;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	144	141		Flurazepam; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
(Fair)	years; 92) patients have a diagnosis of generalized anxiety disorder according	specific sleep disorders, physical illnesses, affective or psychotic disorders, organic brain syndrome, mental deficiency (I.Q. below 70), alcoholism or drug addiction).	Mean age (SD): 42.9 (1.1);	NR/	21/	28 days	Zopiclone;
			53% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 75	0/ 75		Triazolam; ;
(Fair)	Insomnia of at least 4-week duration and the presence of at least two of the following as a mean of 3 days before starting treatment (no-pill baseline): (a) sleep latency >= 45 min, (b) total sleep time <= 6 hours, and © nocturnal awakening >= 3 times.	daily dose of a benzodiazepine or any other hypnotic more than three times per week during the 14 days prior to admission, or any patients with psychiatric disorders (e.g., depression, schizophrenia, severe neuroses), or any patients who had contraindications for		NR/	0/	28 days	Zopiclone;
		zopiclone, flunitrazepam, or triazolam were excluded from this study	62% female; Race/ethnicity: 99.3% Caucasian 0.9% Others	NR/ 1507	0/ 1507		Triazolam; ;
							Zopiclone; Triazolam;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
							Placebo;
Hayoun, 1989 (Fair)	Patients aged between 18 and 65 years were recruited over a one-year period by 11 general practitioners. All of them had been experiencing insomnia, for at least two weeks, with complaint of unsatisfactory quality of sleep, associated with at least two of the three following criteria for most of the last 15 nights: time to fall asleep exceeding 30 minutes, total duration of sleep less than six hours, waking up at least twice (except for voiding).	The following patients were excluded: patients having taken a sedative drug within seven days before inclusion or likely to need such drugs during study; pregnant or lactating females, or females of childbearing age without reliable contraception; patients suffering from insomnia with external causes; patients with a history of convulsive disorders, with renal or respiratory impairment, with uncontrolled and significant organic disease, with uncontrolled pain or with a psychiatric affection; patients with myasthenia or known intolerance to either study drug; shift workers, alcoholics, or drugabusers; noncooperative patients; those unable to read and understand the selfrating scales; known resistance to hypnotics.	Mean age (SD): 47.9 ();	NR/	9/	7 days	Zopiclone;
			66% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 136	0/ 127		Triazolam; ;
Klimm, 1987 (Fair)	For the purpose of this trial, chronic insomnia was defined as the presence of two of the following criteria: hypnotics taken five times a week for the last 3 months, sleep onset latency > 1 h, total duration of sleep < 6 h, and waking more than three times during the night. The patients' mental capacity, as measured by Intellectual Quotient and memory tests (Syndrome Kurztest) was to be within normal range for their age.	Patients presenting contraindications to benzodiazepines or painful conditions, those with a history of drug allergy or chronic alcoholism, those receiving drugs liable to affect metabolism, those refusing to give their consent, those who might have been unable to complete the trial, those already involved in another trial, and those considered unlikely to cooperate were excluded.	Mean age (SD): 73.2 (1.54);	NR/	2/	7 days	Zopiclone;
			80% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 74	2/ 72		Nitrazepam; ; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Leppik, 1997 (Fair)	Enrollment criteria included chronic insomnia of at least 3 months' duration, defined as self-reported sleep duration of 4-6 hours each night and self reported sleep latency of 30 minutes or more; some impairment of daytime functioning related to sleep deprivation; relatively stable mental and physical health; and no evidence of systemic abnormalities or other diseases that would interfere with study drug evaluation. Normal 12-lead electrocardiogram (ECG) and clinical laboratory evaluation were required.	Exclusion criteria included significant and/or unstable medical or psychiatric disorder or mental retardation, use of an investigational drug within 30 days of the start of the study, regular use of medication of a type that could interfere with assessment of a hypnotic; use of a medication that could interfere with absorption or metabolism of a benzodiazepines or other CNS depressants, and previous administration of zolpidem. In addition, patients with a recent history of drug or alcohol abuse, seizure disorder; or symptoms of sleep apnea of myoclonus were excluded. Shift workers and other individuals with changing sleep schedules were also excluded.);	NR/	40/	28 days	Zolpidem;
			63% female; Race/ethnicity: 93% white	457/ 335	0/ 335		Temazepam; ;
							Zolpidem; Triazolam; Temazepam; Placebo;
Li Pi Shan, 2004 (Fair)	Each patient with a diagnosis of either stroke or brain injury was consecutively recruited for eligibility.	Patients were excluded if they were acutely ill, unable to communicate either in English or French, or unable to read and answer questions for any other reason (severe aphasia, blindness, severe cognitive impairment, including patients with posttraumatic amnesia). Subjects were also> 18 years of age. The patients were not excluded if they experienced any secondary causes of insomnia such as depression, sleep apnea, or restless legs syndrome.	Mean age (SD): 56.6 ();	44/	0/	As needed for 7 days	Zopiclone;
			44% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	27/ 18	0/ 18		Lorazepam; ; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Liu, 1997 (Poor)	Outpatients who suffered from insomnia for more than 3 months, with at least 3 of the following symptoms: sleep onset greater than 1 hour, total sleep duration of less than 5 hours, more than 2 nocturnal awakenings, and poor	Patients with psychoses or mood disorders, history of severe physical illness, alcohol arouse or drug abuse.	Mean age (SD): 40.1 (10.9);	NR/	0/	14 days	Zopiclone;
	subjectively reported sleep quality.		73% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 15	0/ 15	12 days	Triazolam; ;
Mamelak, 1987 (Fair)	Each subject had to have a history of at least 3-month's duration of any two of the following sleep disorders: sleep latency of >= 45 min, total nocturnal sleep time of <6 hours, morning awakening at least 90 min earlier than expected time, or three or more nocturnal awakenings. All subjects were required to be free of centrally acting drugs for at least 3 months before starting the study. Subjects had to be within 20% of normal body weight and only moderate users of alcohol.	Any major medical or psychiatric disorder disqualified the subject from the study. Other disqualifying cases specifically included women of child bearing potential and subjects with histories of drug abuse or allergic reactions to hypnotic-sedative drugs.	Mean age (SD): 50 (NR/	0/	12 days	Zopiclone;
			70% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 30	0/ 30		Flurazepam; Placebo;
Monti, 1994 (Fair)	All patients were suffering from at least 2 of the following sleep disturbances: time to fall asleep >30 minutes; total sleep time <6 hours,; total nocturnal wake time >20 minutes; number of nocturnal awakenings >3.	Pregnant women, women of child- bearing age with inadequate contraception, breastfeeding mothers, patients suffering from organic disease or severe psychiatric disorders, and patients in whom insufficient compliance was to be expected. Alcohol abuse or intake of hypnotics or anxiolytics and/or antidepressants in the seven days prior to the baseline period also led to	Mean age (SD): 47.3 ();	NR/	1/	27 days	Zolpidem;
			88% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 24	0/ 24		Triazolam; Placebo; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Nair, 1990 (Fair)	(a) sleep latency of 30min or more, (b) two or more nocturnal awakenings with difficulty falling back to sleep, (c) early final morning awakening in the absence of depression, and (d) total sleep time usually less than 5 hours and always less than 6 hours.	Organic illness interfering with sleep, serious psychiatric illness, mental retardation, epilepsy, severe head trauma, significant abnormal laboratory findings, other interfering treatments or disorders, women of childbearing potential not following medically recognized contraceptive methods, pregnancy and/or breastfeeding, amphetamine use, or drug hypersensitivity.	Mean age (SD): 46.9 (1.4); 47% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 60	/	7 days	Zopiclone; Flurazepam; ;
Ngen, 1990 (Fair)	Subjects must be between 18 and 70 years of age and must have one of the following for at least 2 weeks duration; (a) takes longer than 45 min to fall asleep, (b) more than two nocturnal awakenings each night without known cause and difficulty in returning to sleep, (c) sleep duration of less than 6 hours a night	(a) serious concomitant disease, (b) likely to require concomitant medication known to cause drowsiness, (c) psychosis, (d) a history of hypersensitivity to benzodiazepines, (e) drug and/or alcohol abuse, (f) pregnant, a nursing mother or intending to become pregnant during the study, (g) working night shifts	Mean age (SD): 38.4 (); 52% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 60	0/ 44	14 days	Zopiclone; Temazepam;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Pagot, 1993 (Fair)	two of the following symptoms: sleep onset latency of more than 30 minutes; more than two nocturnal awakenings; total duration of sleep of less than 6 hours; or total nocturnal wake-time of more than 20 minutes.	Patients who showed sleep disorders associated with severe psychiatric disorders, sleep apnea, sleep-related myoclonus, or insomnia that had developed during childhood, and those who showed serious medical disease or needed concomitant hypnotic medication or treatment that could have had an influence on sleep onset were excluded. Pregnant women and women of childbearing potential who were not taking adequate contraceptive precautions were also excluded, as were nursing mothers and those patients in whom adequate compliance could not be expected. Patients were excluded if they were receiving any treatment that could have an influence on sleep onset.	Mean age (SD): 48 (NR/	33/	86 days	Zolpidem;
			61% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 95	0/ 62		Triazolam; ;
Ponciano, 1990 (Fair)	Patients were included in the study if they were unable to sleep without medication and had at least 3 of the following symptoms: sleep onset greater than 30 min, total sleep duration of less than 6 hours, poor subjectively reported sleep quality, and/or more than 2 nocturnal awakenings. Patients had to be within normal ranges for body weight, cardiac and haematological variables.	Those patients with a clinically significant history of psychiatric illness and those with a concurrent medical condition or therapy likely to interfere with the medication to be used were excluded. Patients with a history of drug use, those with excessive alcohol consumption (<1 litre of wine/day, or equivalent) pregnant or nursing women and all females of child bearing age without adequate contraception were also excluded.	Mean age (SD): 30 (9); 46% female;	NR/	2/	21 days	;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	26	24		· •
							Zopiclone; Flurazepam; Placebo; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Quadens, 1983 (Poor)		(1) weight under 45 kg or over 75 kg; (2) chronic use of drugs or alcohol; (3) admission to hospital within the 3 months preceding the recruiting for the trial; (4) mental retardation; (5) physical or psychiatric disability, and (6) treatment altering the absorption, metabolism, or excretion of the drugs and susceptible to alter the evaluation of the hypnotic effects.	();	NR/ 12	0/	13 days	Zopiclone; Flurazepam; Placebo;
Roger, 1993 (Fair)	been hospitalized for any reason (except	concurrent malignant or severe disease, history of cerebrovascular accident or transient ischemic accidents, or concurrent requirement for benzodiazepines.	Mean age (SD): 81.1 ();	NR/	16/	21 days	; Zaleplon 5mg;
	January 3		74% female;	NR/	0/		Zolpidem 10mg;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	221	205		Triazolam; ;
							Zolpidem 5mg; Zolpidem 10mg;
							Triazolam; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Rosenberg, 1994 (Poor)	following criteria: 1) have more than three awakenings per night, 2) sleeping time less than six hours per night, 3) time to fall asleep more than 30 minutes, and 4) awake more than 20 minutes during the night.	psychiatric disease requiring medication, insomnia because of well-defined illness, and treatment with hypnotics or BZDs within four weeks prior to the study. The patients was excluded from data analysis if his diary consisted of comments from less than three days, if his case record form was incompletely filled in by the doctor, or if he had taken hypnotics other than blinded drugs in the study			34/	14 days	Zolpidem; Triazolam;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	178	139		;
Schwartz, 2004 (Poor)	inpatient psychiatric care	Subjects were excluded from the study if they were presently taking a hypnotic or sedating psychotropic agent in the evening, if they were using alcohol or dugs, if they were manic, or if they had a	();	NR/	0/	AsN s	Zaleplon;
		modications.	50% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 16	0/ 16		Trazodone; ;
Silvestri, 1996 (Fair)	psychophysiological insomnia (either as a first episode or as a recurrence of short-term situational insomnia) or poor sleepers with subjective reporting of at least two out of these four complaints: time to fall asleep >30 minutes, total sleep duration <6 hours, total wake time >20 minutes, and/or number or awakenings >3. These subjective inclusion criteria had to be confirmed by the objective assessment through polysomnography.	child-bearing age without adequate contraception; uncooperative patients; severe psychiatric diseases, also screened by means of both Hamilton Rating Scale for Anxiety (total score >16) and Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (total score >16);		NR/	0/	2 weeks	Zolpidem;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
			55% female;	NR/	2/		Triazolam;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	22	20		,
Singh, 1990 (Fair)	NR	Psychotic and neurotic patients were excluded as well as those with a history of mental retardation, chronic alcoholism, drug abuse, coffee or tea abuse, neurological disorders, established sleep apnoea and drug hypersensitivity. Patients with any significant medical condition interfering with sleep, those treatment which could modify drug kinetics were also excluded. Finally, pregnancy, lactation, and child-bearing potential not controlled by a recognized contraceptive programme precluded entry in the study.	Mean age (SD): 39.6 (1.5);	NR/	3/	24 days	Zopiclone 7.5mg;
			53% female;	61/	0/		Zopiclone 11.25mg;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	60	57		Flurazepam 30mg; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Steens, 1993 (Fair)	moderate COPD and insomnia were recruited. Insomnia must have been present for at least 6 months and had to be associated with a sleep latency >30 minutes, sleep duration of 4-6 hours and daytime complaints associated with disturbed sleep. COPD must have been present for at least 3 years and objective inclusion criteria were, FEV1 40-80% predicted, FEV1/FVC=40-70% predicted, diffusion capacity (DL CO) >30% predicted, PaCO2=30-48mm Hg and PaO2 > 55mm Hg. Patients were required to be in stable physical health for at least 2 weeks prior to entering the study, and each gave written informed consent.	they had right ventricular hypertrophy on the ECG or right heart failure clinically, a hematocrit >55% or if they were on oxygen therapy. They were also excluded if any of the following applied: inability to be withdrawn from hypnotics for the required time (2 nights for	58.2 (5.5);	NR/	0/	1 days	Zolpidem 5mg;
			38% female;	NR/	0/		Zolpidem 10mg;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	24	24		Triazolam;
Stip, 1999 (Fair)	Patients with either primary insomnia or insomnia associated with mild non-psychotic psychiatric disorders (DSM III-R). Daytime fatigability, diminished power of concentration at work and at least two of the following symptoms: falling asleep time greater than 30 min, sleep duration less than 5 hours, more than two awakenings per night and early wake up in the morning.		Mean age (SD): 42.6 ();	NR/	2/	21 days	Zopiclone;
			.% female;	NR/	8/		Nitrazepam;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
			Race/ethnicity: NR	60	50		Placebo;
							Zopiclone; Temazepam; ;
							Zopiclone; Temazepam; Placebo;
Tamminen, 1987 (Poor)	Patients aged 18 to 70 years with sleep disturbances for at least 3 months prior to entrance into the trial were included. Both untreated and preciously treated patients were included. At least two of the following criteria had to be present in untreated patients (they also had to have been present prior to treatment in treated cases): latency of sleep onset >30min, total sleep duration <6.5hours, nocturnal awakenings >2 per night, time to fall asleep after at least one nocturnal awakening >30min, awakening >2hour before scheduled time.	Known hypersensitivity to benzodiazepines, major psychiatric disorders, somatic disorders directly causing insomnia or likely to interfere with the assessments, known alcoholism or drug addiction, pregnant women or women who may become pregnant during the trial, frequent intakes of other medication likely to interfere with sleep.	Mean age (SD): 47 (NR/	0/	42 days	Zopiclone;
			77% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	130/ 94	0/ 94		Nitrazepam; ;
Venter, 1986 (Fair)	1) time taken to fall asleep longer than 45 minutes; 2) more than two awakenings each night without known cause, and difficulty in falling asleep again; 3) sleep duration less than six hours a night.	Patients were excluded if they had a psychiatric disorder necessitating treatment with antipsychotic antidepressive, or anticonvulsant drugs, with lithium, or if they received anxiolytic drugs during the day. They were also excluded if they had acute and/or severe cardiac, respiratory, hepatic, or renal disease, or had gastrointestinal disease or prior gastrointestinal surgery, if they had known tolerance to zopiclone or triazolam, or if they had hypersensitivity to drugs.		58/	0/	17 days	Zopiclone;
			76% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	41/ 41	0/ 41		Triazolam; ; ;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Voshaar, 2004 (Fair)	Patients were included in the study if they were diagnosed with primary insomnia according to DSM-III-R and were aged between 18 and 65 years.	Patients with other axis I disorders, severe somatic disorders, pregnancy, current use of psychotropic medication, complaints of a jet lag in the 2 weeks preceding the study or occupation requiring shift work	Mean age (SD): 46.1 (); 0% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 221	9/ 5/ 159	28 days	Zolpidem; Temazepam;
Walsh, 1998a (Fair)	Patients had to have a minimum of a 1-month history of disturbed sleep, characterized by a self-reported sleep latency (SSL) of at least 30 min, and a self-reported sleep duration (SSD) of 4-6 hours at least three nights per week.	Any significant medical or psychiatric disorder (as determined by clinical interview by a physician), a history suggestive of sleep apnea or periodic limb movement disorder, smoking of more than 10 cigarettes per day, weight varying by more than 25% from desirable weight based on the Metropolitan Life Insurance Table, pregnancy or risk of becoming pregnant, and lactation.	Mean age (SD): NR (); 0% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ 589/ 306	28/ 0/ 278	14 days	Trazodone;
Walsh, 1998b (Good)	Patients with a DSM-IIIR diagnosis of primary insomnia and two of the following four (including one of the first two) subjective sleep reports: a modal sleep latency >=45 minutes, mean awakenings per night >=3, a mean total sleep time of <6.5 hours/night, and daytime symptoms related to disturbed sleep (e.g. tiredness, impaired functioning, irritability).	Individuals with significant medical or psychiatric illness, as determined by history and physical examination, clinical laboratory tests, the Zung Anxiety and Depression scales (scores >40) were excluded, as were those using CNS active medication. Individuals with prior exposure to zaleplon, or sensitivity to benzodiazepines or other psychotropic drugs, were excluded.	58% female;	673/ 456/	0/	14 days	Zaleplon 5mg; Zaleplon 10mg;
			Race/ethnicity: NR	132	125		Triazolam 0.25mg; Placebo;
						33 days	Zaleplon 5mg; Zaleplon 10mg; Triazolam 0.25mg; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
Walsh, 2000 (Poor)	Men and women with sleep maintenance insomnia, 18 to 60 years of age.	individuals for any of the following: >120% of ideal body weight, consumption of 20 cigarettes per day or >21 ounces of ethanol per week, currently pregnant or breast-feeding, precious exposure to zaleplon, benzodiazepine sensitivity, use of another investigational drug, psychotropic medication, tryptophan, or melatoantihistamine in the past week, or use of medications that would interfere with the absorption or metabolism of the study drugs.	Mean age (SD): 42 (); .% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	39/ 30	0/22	2 days	Zaleplon; Flurazepam; Placebo;
Ware, 1997 (Fair)	Adults 21-55 years old with a complaint of chronic insomnia and polysomnographically disturbed sleep; minimum of a 3-month history of disturbed sleep characterized by a usual sleep time of 4 to 6 hours, a usual sleep latency of at least 30 minutes, and associated daytime complaints.	Any significant medical or psychiatric disorder, history or polysomnographically findings of sleep apnea or periodic leg movements, pregnancy or risk of becoming pregnant, and lactation. History of sensitivity to CNS depressants, regular use of any medication that would interfere with the study, a recent history of alcohol or drug abuse, use of any investigational drug within 30 days of study entry, and previous use of zolpidem also excluded patients. Finally, shift work or any other regularly changing sleep schedule excluded study participation.	Mean age (SD): NR ();	358/	11/	28 days	Zolpidem;
			58% female; Race/ethnicity: 69% white	NR/ 110	NR/ 99		Triazolam; Placebo;
Wheatley, 1985 (Fair)	Patients aged 18 years and over suffering from difficulty in sleeping, provided that symptoms had been present for at least one week.	NR	Mean age (SD): 61% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	NR/ NR/ 36	2/ 0/ 36	7 days	Zopiclone; Temazepam; Placebo;

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Evidence Table 5. Characteristics of active control trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year (Quality)	Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria	Demographics	Screened Eligible Enrolled	Withdrawn Lost to followup Analyzed	Study Duration	Interventions
van der Kleijn, 1989 (Fair)	latency of sleep onset exceeding 30 min 2. waking up too early 3. waking up several times at night and difficulty in falling asleep afterwards 4. being bothered during the day by unsatisfactory sleep	1. Patients taking a non-benzodiazepine hypnotic prior to the study those who received another psychotropic drug for the first time, or patients whose psychotropic medicine was changed during the study period. 2. Patients who took benzodiazepine tranquillizers or hypnotics in doses at least twice that recommended before the study. 3. Patients suffering from painful disorder 4. Patients unable to fill in a sleep questionnaire, those with a history of alcohol and/or drug abuse, who lived in psychiatric or physical stress situations likely to fluctuate during the study, with liver or kidney disorders, myasthenia gravis, shift-workers 5. Women pregnant or likely to become pregnant);	NR/	2/	5 days	Zopiclone;
			71% female; Race/ethnicity: NR	60/ 55	0/ 53		Temazepam; Placebo; ;
							Zopiclone; Temazepam; Placebo; Z and T;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
Agnoli, 1989 (Poor)	after the 1st and 2nd weeks of treatment	Zopiclone: lower;
	(less score = better)	Nitrazepam: -;
	,	::
		l: :
		l: ;
		P-value=<0.05
	number of nocturnal arousals, the quality of	Zopiclone: NR;
	sleep, the duration of sleep	Nitrazepam: NR;
		· ;
		:;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	quality of daytime arousal	Zopiclone: better;
		Nitrazepam: -;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=<0.01
	reduction of errors items on the 7th day	Zopiclone: more;
	(more reduction=better)	Nitrazepam: -;
		.;
		.;
		.;
		P-value=<0.01
	reduction of omitted items on the 14th day	Zopiclone: more;
	(more reduction=better)	Nitrazepam: -;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.05
	reduction of omitted items on the 7th day	Zopiclone: more;
	(more reduction=better)	Nitrazepam: -;
		[:;
		P-value=<0.01
	time of sleep induction (shorter=better)	Zopiclone: shorter;
		Nitrazepam: -;
		[:;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=<0.001
	times of execution (shorter=better)	Zopiclone: shorter;
		Nitrazepam: -;
		:;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.01
Anderson, 1987 (Fair)	all sleep parameters	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Placebo: ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	early morning awakenings at week 3 (in	Zopiclone: 0.38;
	figure), higher score=worse	Nitrazepam: 0.35;
		Placebo: 0.78;
		:;
		[;]
	aboratela a plabal a casa a sur	P-value=
	physicians global assessment	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR; Placebo: ;
		• ,
		P-value=NS
	sleep quality at week 3 (in figure), higher	Zopiclone: 68;
	score=better	Nitrazepam: 66;
	50010-501101	Placebo: 49;
		::
		:;
		P-value=
	time to fall asleep at week 3 (in figure),	Zopiclone: 61;
	higher score=better	Nitrazepam: 63;
		Placebo: 44;
		,
		:;
		P-value=
	wide-awake in the morning	Zopiclone: better;
		Nitrazepam: -;
		Placebo: ;
		:;
];
Λ	language and from handling to and of	P-value=0.02
Ansoms, 1991 (Fair)	Improvement from baseline to end of treatment on dreams	Zopiclone: NS;
	treatment on dreams	Lorazepam: NS;
		. ,
		. ,
		P-value=
	Improvement from baseline to end of	Zopiclone: NS;
	treatment on duration of sleep	Lorazepam: NS;
		.;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=
	Improvement from baseline to end of	Zopiclone: NS;
	treatment on general evaluation	Lorazepam: NS;
		· ;
		: ;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		P-value=
	Improvement from baseline to end of	Zopiclone: NS;
	treatment on morning disposition	Lorazepam: NS;
		. ;
		P-value=
	Improvement from baseline to end of	Zopiclone: NS;
	treatment on nocturnal awakenings	Lorazepam: NS;
		P-value=
	Improvement from baseline to end of	Zopiclone: NS;
	treatment on quality of sleep	Lorazepam: 0.065;
		: ;
		· · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · ·
		P-value=
	Improvement from baseline to end of	Zopiclone: NS;
	treatment on time to fall asleep	Lorazepam: 0.013;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	No differences between treatments on any of	-
	18 items based on Norris mood rating scale	Lormetazepam: ;
		· ;
		· ;
		• ;
		P-value=
	Physician's overall efficacy assessment after	
	treatment ("excellent or good")	Lormetazepam: 48;
		: ;
		· ;
];;
A () () () ()	Data ta fallia da la constanti del la co	P-value=NS
Autret, 1987 (Poor)	Delay in falling asleep (higher score=better)-	Zopiclone: 1.86;
	change from baseline	Triazolam: 1.43;
		:;
		:;
		D. volue 0. 04
	droom (higher occurs hetter) - here - from	P-value=<0.01
	dream (higher score=better)- change from	Zopiclone: 0.40;
	baseline	Triazolam: 0.32;
		Divolve NC
		P-value=NS

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	global evaluation (higher score=better)-	Zopiclone: 1.96;
	change from baseline	Triazolam: 1.43;
	l mange mem sasemie	
		P-value=<0.001
	length of sleep (higher score=better)-	Zopiclone: 1.47;
	change from baseline	Triazolam: 1.26;
		::
		P-value=NS
	morning state (higher score=better)- change	Zopiclone: 1.66;
	from baseline	Triazolam: 1.13;
]· ·
		· · ·
		P-value=<0.001
	night waking (higher score=better)- change	Zopiclone: 1.64;
	from baseline	Triazolam: 1.34;
	Trom baseline	
		P-value=<0.05
	quality of sleep (higher score=better)-	Zopiclone: 1.98;
	change from baseline	Triazolam: 1.47;
	Change from baseline	
		P-value=<0.01
	therapeutic efficacy- preferences of the	Zopiclone: 62;
	patients	Temazepam: 26;
	Pationio	
		· ·
		· ·
		P-value=<0.01
Begg, 1992 (Poor)	5 of 10 items	Baseline: Low;
20gg, 1002 (1 001)		Midazolam: NR;
		Zopiclone: High;
		. ,
		P-value=
	all 10 items	Baseline: Low;
	an 10 homo	Midazolam: NR;
		Zopiclone: High;
		: ;
		· ·
		P-value=
	all 10 items (low=beneficial effect)	Baseline: High;
	a. 15 home (16th-boriolidia offoot)	Midazolam: Low;
		iviidazoiaiii. LOW,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Zopiclone: Low;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value=p<0.01
Bergener, 1989 (Fair)	Day 33	Zopiclone: NR;
		Flurazepam: NR;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=<0.1
Bozin-Juracic, 1998	10 items of main sleep characteristics	Zopiclone: NR;
(Fair)		Nitrazepam: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		:;
		.,
		P-value=NS
	5 items of all day sleep characteristics	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		i ;
		. , P-value=NS
	mean sleep efficacy of all day sleep	Zopiclone: 88;
	(estimate from the figure)	Nitrazepam: 87;
	(estimate nom the lighte)	Placebo: 82;
		P-value=NR
	mean sleep efficacy of main sleep (estimate	Zopiclone: 88;
	from the figure)	Nitrazepam: 87;
		Placebo: 82;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NR
	mean total length of main sleep (estimate	Zopiclone: 295;
	from the figure)	Nitrazepam: 285;
		Placebo: 270;
		P-value=NR
Chaudoir, 1990 (Fair)	Mean score at week 1	Zopiclone: 57.91;
		Triazolam: 65.18;
		:;
		;;
		. ; . ;
		P-value=NS (NR)
		Zopiclone: 58.35;
		Triazolam: 54.49;
		[:;
		. ,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		<u>.</u>
		: ; P-value=NS (NR)
		Zopiclone: 67.13;
		Triazolam: 72.13;
		::
		:;
		P-value=NS (NR)
		Zopiclone: 68.79;
		Triazolam: 53.03;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS (NR)
	Patients' global assessment of efficacy	Zopiclone: NR, high;
		Triazolam: NR, high;
		:;
		:;
		: ; P-value=NS
	Physicians' global assessment of efficacy	Zopiclone: NR, high;
	Friysicians global assessment of enicacy	Triazolam: NR, high;
		· ·
		P-value=NS
Drake (1), 2001 (Fair)	ease of falling asleep	Zaleplon 10mg: 65.4;
		Zaleplon 40mg: 74.1;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 67.3;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	latency to persistent sleep	Zaleplon 10mg: 22.5;
		Zaleplon 40mg: 18.6;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 27.5;
		.,
		· , P-value=
	latency to sleep	Zaleplon 10mg: 38.8;
		Zaleplon 40mg: 29.3;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 36.4;
		;;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=
	sleep quality	Zaleplon 10mg: 2.5;
		Zaleplon 40mg: 2.7;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 2.7;
		: ;
		:; _
		P-value=

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	total sleep time	Zaleplon 10mg: 358.1;
		Zaleplon 40mg: 375.5;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 386.8;
		::
		::
		P-value=
		Zaleplon 10mg: 386.3;
		Zaleplon 40mg: 392.6;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 407.8;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
Drake (2), 2000 (Fair)	ease of falling asleep (lower score=better)	Zaleplon 20mg: 58.8;
		Zaleplon 60mg: 64.5;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 61;
		:;
		i ;
		P-value=
	latency to persistent sleep	Zaleplon 20mg: 30.5;
		Zaleplon 60mg: 21.7;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 27.6;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	latency to sleep	Zaleplon 20mg: 45.5;
		Zaleplon 60mg: 36.6;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 41.9;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=
	sleep quality (higher score=better)	Zaleplon 20mg: 2.3;
		Zaleplon 60mg: 2.4;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 2.7;
		P-value=
	total sleep time	Zaleplon 20mg: 356;
		Zaleplon 60mg: 376.3;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 393.5;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
		Zaleplon 20mg: 391.3;
		Zaleplon 60mg: 404.7;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 422.8;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
Elie, 1990a (Fair)	hangover, mean score	Zopiclone: 16.6;
		Triazolam: 16.7;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	morning wake-up, mean score	Zopiclone: 10.5;
		Triazolam: 10.5;
		• ;
		• •
		:;
		P-value=NS
	quality of sleep, mean score	Zopiclone: 10.8;
		Triazolam: 11.0;
		: ;
		: ;
		D NO
	rehounds no lef items chave show with drawed	P-value=NS
	rebound: no. of items above show withdrawal effects	Zopicione: 0; Triazolam: 3;
	eliects	
		• ,
		• ,
		· , P-value=
	sleep latency, mean score	Zopiclone: 6.7;
	Sicop latericy, mean score	Triazolam: 6.8;
		· ·
		• •
		• •
		P-value=
	sleep soundness, mean score	Zopiclone: 6.8;
		Triazolam: 6.4;
		,
		•••
		• •
		P-value=
Elie, 1990b (Fair)	duration of sleep at week 4 (higher	Zopiclone: 7.3;
	score=better)	Flurazepam: 7.1;
		Placebo: 6.5;
		:;
		• ,
		P-value=
	nocturnal awakenings at week 4 (higher	Zopiclone: 3.5;
	score=worse)	Flurazepam: 3.5;
		Placebo: 5.5;
		: ;
		: ; : ;
		P-value=
	rapidity of sleep onset at week 4 (higher	Zopiclone: 11.6;
	score=better)	Flurazepam: 11.2;
		Placebo: 10.5;
		:;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		P-value=
	rebound: duration of sleep at day 29 (higher	Zopiclone: 3.6;
	score=better)	Flurazepam: 6.2;
		Placebo: 7.3;
		:;
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=
	rebound: nocturnal awakenings at day 29	Zopiclone: 5.0;
	(higher score=worse)	Flurazepam: 6.3; Placebo: 8.0;
		Flacebo. 6.0,
		. ,
		P-value=
	rebound: rapidity of sleep onset at day 29	Zopiclone: 5.8;
	(higher score=better)	Flurazepam: 7.3;
	,	Placebo: 10;
		:;
		P-value=
Fleming, 1990 (Fair)	rebound insomnia	Zopiclone: 73;
		Triazolam: 71;
		:;
		[;] [
		P-value=NS
	rebound: sleep duration at the last	Zopiclone: 4.3;
	withdrawal day	Triazolam: 5.9;
		· ;
		. ,
		P-value=<0.05
	rebound: sleep induction at the last	Zopiclone: 4.7;
	withdrawal day	Triazolam: 6.1;
		E:
		. ,
		:; P-value=NS
	rebound: sleep induction, duration and	Zopiclone: NR;
	soundness at the first withdrawal nights	Triazolam: NR, worse;
		· · ·
		,
		P-value=
	rebound: sleep soundness	Zopiclone: NR;
		Triazolam: NR, better;
		; ;
		[:]
		: ; P. voluo= <0.05
	1	P-value=<0.05

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	rebound: sleep soundness at the last	Zopiclone: 7.4;
	withdrawal day	Triazolam: 8.6;
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	::
		P-value=NS
	rebound: withdrawal symptoms	Zopiclone: 3;
	robodiid. Williardwal dymptomo	Triazolam: 2;
		· ·
		P-value=NS
	total score	Zopiclone: NR;
	total score	Triazolam: NR;
		THAZOIAIII. NK,
		. ,
		P-value=NS
Fleming, 1995 (Fair)	sleep efficiency	Zolpidem 10mg: NR;
rieilling, 1995 (Fall)	Sleep efficiency	
		Zolpidem 20mg: NR;
		Flurazepam: NR;
		· ;
		[; .
		P-value=
	sleep latency	Zolpidem 10mg: -14.7;
		Zolpidem 20mg: -28.4;
		Flurazepam: -11.8;
		:;
		<u> </u>
		P-value=
	sleep quality at day 3, (higher score=better)	Zolpidem 10mg: 2.4;
		Zolpidem 20mg: 2.5;
		Flurazepam: 1.9;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	wake time during sleep	Zolpidem 10mg: NR;
		Zolpidem 20mg: NR;
		Flurazepam: NR;
		:;
		[:;
		P-value=
Fontaine, 1990 (Fair)	daytime anxiety	Zopiclone: 5;
		Triazolam: 10;
		: ;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=0.16
	duration of sleep	Zopiclone: 2.9;
		Triazolam: 2.9;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	global sleep index	Zopiclone: 35.7;
		Triazolam: 34.6;
		:;
		:;
		:; B NO
	la a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	P-value=NS
	hangover	Zopiclone: 6.8;
		Triazolam: 6.3;
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	morning awakening	Zopiclone: 7.3;
	moning awakering	Triazolam: 6.7;
		P-value=NS
	overall	Zopiclone: NR;
		Triazolam: NR;
		.;
		. ;
		. ;
		P-value=NR
	psychic anxiety	Zopiclone: 9.3;
		Triazolam: 10.8;
		:;
		· ;
		;;
		P-value=NS
	sleep induction cluster	Zopiclone: 14.7;
		Triazolam: 14.1;
		: ;
		: ; P-value=NS
	sleep induction time	Zopiclone: 3.5;
	Josep induction time	Triazolam: 3.5;
		::
		P-value=NS
	sleep soundness	Zopiclone: 11.0;
		Triazolam: 10.5;
		:;
		:;
	1	1 1

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		: ; P-value=NS
	comatic anxiety	Zopiclone: 8.8;
	somatic anxiety	Triazolam: 12.0;
		• •
		• ,
		P-value=<0.01
	total score	Zopiclone: 18.2;
		Triazolam: 22.4;
		::
		::
		· ·
		P-value=<0.01
Hajak, 1998, 1995, 1994	Improved sleep quality and daytime well-	Zopiclone: 37.4;
(Fair)	being	Triazolam: 32.2;
,		Placebo: 26.8;
		. ,
		P-value=
	Improved sleep quality and daytime well-	Zopiclone: 42.3;
	being- treatment period	Triazolam: 36.3;
		Placebo: ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=0.1133
	Rebound: Nonresponder	Zopiclone: 36.02;
		Triazolam: 38.93;
		Placebo: ;
		· ;
];
	Dehaundi Daga	P-value=<=0.01
	Rebound: Responder	Zopiclone: 9.05;
		Triazolam: 7.70;
		Placebo: 4.92;
		:;
		: ; P-value=<=0.01
	Rebound: daytime well-being - 1 item	Zopiclone: 18.52;
	Trobound. daytime well-being - 1 itelli	Triazolam: 19.04;
		. ,
]; ;
		P-value=NS
	Rebound: daytime well-being - 2 items	Zopiclone: 14.09;
		Triazolam: 13.10;
		:;
		,
		P-value=NS

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	Rebound: daytime well-being - 3 items	Zopiclone: 7.89;
	and the second s	Triazolam: 7.73;
		::
		::
		•
		P-value=NS
	Rebound: overall rebound	Zopiclone: 46.07;
		Triazolam: 46.63;
		Placebo: 48.56;
		::
		•
		P-value=
	Rebound: sleep quality - 1 item	Zopiclone: 14.33;
	Troposition croop quanty	Triazolam: 16.32;
		P-value=<0.001
	Rebound: sleep quality - 2 items	Zopiclone: 6.76;
	Trobounds eleop quality = neme	Triazolam: 8.27;
		P-value=<=0.05
	Rebound: sleep quality - 3 items	Zopiclone: 2.36;
	resouria. Sloop quality o itemo	Triazolam: 2.39;
		P-value=NS
	rebound: Improved sleep quality and daytime	
	well-being	Triazolam: 18.8;
	9	Placebo: ;
		P-value=0.00126
Hayoun, 1989 (Fair)	Efficacy- good or excellent	Zopiclone: 73;
rayoun, roos (ran)	Zimodoji good or executioni	Triazolam: 69;
		P-value=NS
	awakening at night once or not at all	Zopiclone: 64;
	ar ingin ones of flot at all	Triazolam: 89;
		::
		; ; !: :
		; ; !: :
		P-value=NS
	awakening with no concentration difficulties	Zopiclone: 56;
	(with a significant investigator-by-treatment	Triazolam: 82;
	I with a significant investigator-by-treatment	rnazolam. oz,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	group interaction, p<0.01)	:;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=0.04
	falling asleep in less than 30 minutes	Zopiclone: 63;
		Triazolam: 84;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	feel more rest	Zopiclone: 80;
	Tool more reac	Triazolam: 92;
		::
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	medication aided sleep	Zopiclone: multiple data;
		Triazolam: multiple data;
		:;
		:;
		Divolve NC
	overall	P-value=NS Zopiclone: NR;
	overall	Triazolam: NR;
		· ·
		::
		· · ·
		P-value=NS
	sleep heavily while still reporting a good	Zopiclone: 55;
	awakening state	Triazolam: 70;
		:;
		:;
		<u>:</u> ;
	de la companya de la	P-value=NS
	sleep more than 7 hours	Zopiclone: 50; Triazolam: 69;
		P-value=NS
Klimm, 1987 (Fair)	awakenings at night	Zopiclone: NR;
, ,	1	Nitrazepam: NR;
		:;
		[:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	condition in the morning	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR;
		: ;
	<u> </u>	. ,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		P-value=NS
	dreams	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR;
		::
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	duration of sleep	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR;
		[:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	feeling on awakening- change from placebo	Zopiclone: -5.7;
	baseline	Nitrazepam: 6.8;
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	feeling on awakening- on day 9 and day 11	Zopiclone: better;
	lecting on awakening on day 5 and day 11	Nitrazepam: NR;
		··
		::
		P-value=<0.02
	general evaluation	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	quality of sleep	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR;
		[: ·
		: ; P-value=NS
	quality of sleep- change from placebo	Zopiclone: 24;
	baseline	Nitrazepam: 23.1;
		· , : :
		[: ;
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency	Zopiclone: NR;
		Nitrazepam: NR;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NS

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep onset latency on day 12	Zopiclone: NR;
	Sloop shoot laterity on day 12	Nitrazepam: better;
		· ·
		. ,
		. ,
		. , D
		P-value=<0.001
	sleep onset latency- change from placebo	Zopiclone: -18.2;
	baseline	Nitrazepam: -15.6;
		• • •
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
Leppik, 1997 (Fair)	medication strength	Zolpidem: NR, better;
		Temazepam: NR, better;
		· ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	overall feeling	Zolpidem: NR, better;
	3	Temazepam: NR, better;
		··
		. ,
		. ,
		P-value=
	rehounds again of folling aloon	
	rebound: ease of falling sleep	Zolpidem: ;
		Triazolam: worse;
		Temazepam: ;
		Placebo: ;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=
	rebound: sleep quality	Zolpidem: worse;
		Triazolam: worse;
		Temazepam: worse;
		Placebo: ;
		P-value=
	sleep better	Zolpidem: NR, better;
		Temazepam: NR, better;
		.;
		l:;
		l::
		P-value=
	sleep duration at week 4	Zolpidem: 362.8;
		Triazolam: 359.7;
		Temazepam: 375.3;
		Placebo: 363;
		P-value=
	cloop latongy	
	sleep latency	Zolpidem: NR, better;
		Temazepam: NR, better;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		P-value=
	sleep latency at week 1 and week 3	Zolpidem: multiple data;
	' '	Triazolam: multiple data;
		Temazepam: ;
		Placebo: ;
		:;
		P-value=NS
		Zolpidem: shorter;
		Triazolam: multiple data;
		Temazepam: ;
		Placebo: ;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	sleep latency at week 4	Zolpidem: 40.5;
		Triazolam: 47.7;
		Temazepam: 38.0;
		Placebo: 57.9;
		:;
		P-value=
	tolerance to treatment	Zolpidem: multiple data;
		Triazolam: multiple data;
		Temazepam: multiple data;
		Placebo: multiple data;
		• •
		P-value=
Li Pi Shan, 2004 (Fair)	alertness (higher score=better)	Zopiclone: 4;
		Lorazepam: 4;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.6
		Zopiclone: 9;
		Lorazepam: 9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.6
	depth of sleep (higher score=better)	Zopiclone: 8;
		Lorazepam: 8;
		:;
		: ;
		[:; D
		P-value=0.21
	feeling of being refreshed (higher	Zopiclone: 3.5;
	score=better)	Lorazepam: 4;
		: ;
	1	j: ;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		P-value=0.79
		Zopiclone: 8;
		Lorazepam: 8;
		::
		::
		l::
		P-value=0.52
	quality of sleep (higher score=better)	Zopiclone: 8;
		Lorazepam: 8.5;
		.;
		. ,
		P-value=0.17
	tiredness (higher score=better)	Zopiclone: 8;
	,	Lorazepam: 7.5;
		: ;
		: ;
		,
		P-value=0.29
	total score	Zopiclone: 28;
		Lorazepam: 27;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.054
	total time of sleep	Zopiclone: 7.23;
		Lorazepam: 7.49;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=0.09
Liu, 1997 (Poor)	2 out of 10 items shows more effectiveness	Zopiclone: NR;
	in zopiclone: quality of sleep	Triazolam: NR;
		:;
		:;
		Displace of OF
	delay in falling asleep at day 14	P-value=<0.05 Zopiclone: 3.94;
	Judiay III lallilig asleep at day 14	Triazolam: 4.13;
		• •
		P-value=NS
	dream at day 14	Zopiclone: 3.93;
	aroam acaay 11	Triazolam: 3.73;
		::
		[; ' : :
		::
		P-value=NS
	I .	

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	global evaluation at day 14	Zopiclone: 4.13;
		Triazolam: 3.93;
		::
		l: :
		l: :
		P-value=NS
	length of sleep at day 14	Zopiclone: 3.73;
		Triazolam: 3.53;
		l:;
		P-value=NS
	morning state at day 14	Zopiclone: 3.93;
	,	Triazolam: 3.60;
		:;
		.;
		P-value=NS
	night waking at day 14	Zopiclone: 4.20;
		Triazolam: 3.33;
		.;
		. ,
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	quality of sleep at day 14	Zopiclone: 4.33;
		Triazolam: 3.47;
		: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.05
	rebound: 6 out of 7 items shows less	Zopiclone: multiple data;
	rebound effects in Zopiclone	Triazolam: multiple data;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.05
	rebound: 9/10 items show more withdrawal	Zopiclone: NR;
	sleep disturbance of triazolam	Triazolam: NR;
		:;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=<0.05
	therapeutic efficacy	Zopiclone: NR;
		Triazolam: NR;
		:;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=NS
Mamelak, 1987 (Fair)	all sleep items at day 14, the end of	Zopiclone: as below;
	treatment	Flurazepam: as below;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Placebo: ;
		::
		l: ;
		P-value=NS
	duration of early wakefulness at day 14, the	Zopiclone: 37.0;
	end of treatment	Flurazepam: 14.7;
		Placebo: 43.1;
		:;
		P-value=
	no of awakenings at day 14, the end of	Zopiclone: 1.15;
	treatment	Flurazepam: 1.55;
		Placebo: 1.65;
		:;
		[:; D
	other rehounds	P-value=
	other rebounds	Zopiclone: multiple data; Flurazepam: multiple data;
		Placebo: ;
		P-value=NS
	rebound: duration of early wakefulness at	Zopiclone: 41.5;
	day 15	Flurazepam: 27.8;
		Placebo: 46.9;
		:;
		. ,
		P-value=
	rebound: no. of awakenings at day 15	Zopiclone: 2.10;
		Flurazepam: 2.05;
		Placebo: 1.70;
		:;
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=
	rebound: no. of awakenings at day 17	Zopiclone: 3.15;
		Flurazepam: 2.05;
		Placebo: ;
		. ,
		P-value=<0.05
	rebound: sleep latency at day 15	Zopiclone: 105.0;
	l satisfies of the satisfies at day 10	Flurazepam: 39.7;
		Placebo: ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.05
		Zopiclone: 105.0;
		Flurazepam: 39.7;
		Placebo: 75.5;
		:;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		· ;
		P-value=
	rebound: total sleep time at day 15	Zopiclone: 313.5;
		Flurazepam: 356.5;
		Placebo: 313.5;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=
	sleep latency at day 14, the end of treatment	·
		Flurazepam: 31.5;
		Placebo: 69.8;
		. ,
		- , P-value=
	total sleep time at day 14, the end of	Zopiclone: 417.5;
	treatment	Flurazepam: 410.5;
		Placebo: 328.0;
		::
		. ;
		P-value=
Monti, 1994 (Fair)	number of sleep cycles (change from	Zolpidem: 1.7;
	baseline) - night 15-16	Triazolam: 0;
		Placebo: ;
		• ;
		.;
	and the second s	P-value=NR
	number of sleep cycles (change from	Zolpidem: 1.2; Triazolam: 0.3;
	baseline) - night 29-30	Placebo: ;
		P-value=NR
	number of sleep cycles (change from	Zolpidem: 1.8;
	baseline) - night 4-5	Triazolam: 0.3;
		Placebo: ;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	rebound: decreased sleep duration- day 32	Zolpidem: 3;
		Triazolam: 6;
		Placebo: 2;
		. ,
		P-value=NR
	rebound: increased number of awakenings-	Zolpidem: 3;
	day 32	Triazolam: 5;
		Placebo: 0;
		· ;
		,
		P-value=NR

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	rebound: increased time to fall sleep- day 32	Zolpidem: 3:
		Triazolam: 8;
		Placebo: 0;
		::
		::
		P-value=NR
	rebound: mean number of sleep cycles	Zolpidem: 1.3;
	(change from baseline)	Triazolam: -0.7;
	(coming the management)	Placebo: ;
		• •
		P-value=NR
	rebound: mean total sleep time (change from	
	baseline)	Triazolam: -40;
	baseline)	Placebo: ;
		. ,
		Dyoluo ND
	rehound: mean wake time (shange from	P-value=NR
	rebound: mean wake time (change from	Zolpidem: -80;
	baseline)	Triazolam: 43;
		Placebo: ;
		• •
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=NR
	total sleep time (change from baseline) -	Zolpidem: 127;
	night 15-16	Triazolam: 33;
		Placebo: ;
		. ;
		: ;
		P-value=NR
	total sleep time (change from baseline) -	Zolpidem: 113;
	night 29-30	Triazolam: 41;
		Placebo: ;
		. ;
		P-value=NR
	wake time (change from baseline) - night 15-	Zolpidem: -130;
	16	Triazolam: -32;
		Placebo: ;
		P-value=NR
	wake time (change from baseline) - night 29-	Zolpidem: -117;
	30	Triazolam: -39;
		Placebo: ;
		l::
		l: :
		P-value=NR
Nair, 1990 (Fair)	Severity of illness (Zopiclone 3.75mg only)	Zopiclone: NR;
itali, 1000 (Lali)	(20plolotic 5.7 offig offig)	Flurazepam: better;
		i iuiuzepaiii. Dellei,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		• ;
		. ,
		:;
		P-value=NR
	Severity of illness (except Zopiclone 3.75mg)	
		Flurazepam: NR;
		:;
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	global improvement, (Zopiclone at any dose)	Zopiclone: NR;
	giosai improvoment, (Espisione at any asse)	Flurazepam: NR;
		::
		:;
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	hangover effects (except zopiclone 3.75mg)	Zopiclone: NR;
		Flurazepam: NR;
		. ,
		: ;
		Dyolue NC
	hangover effects (zopiclone 3.75mg only),	P-value=NS Zopiclone: 7;
	(higher score=better)	Flurazepam: 5.5;
	(Higher 30010=better)	
		::
		::
		P-value=<0.05
	quality of morning awakening	Zopiclone: NR;
		Flurazepam: NR;
		: ;
		. ,
		: ;
	quality of aloop	P-value=NS
	quality of sleep	Zopiclone: NR; Flurazepam: NR;
		ir iurazepaini. NN,
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		• •
		P-value=NS
	sleep induction time	Zopiclone: NR;
		Flurazepam: NR;
		: ;
		: ;
		:;
Nam. 4000 /E-:-\	office out and accounts	P-value=NS
Ngen, 1990 (Fair)	efficacy- good response	Zopiclone: 10;
		Temazepam: 12;
		:;
		. ,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		8
		P-value=NS
	no. of awakenings at treatment week 1	Zopiclone: 0.77;
		Temazepam: 1.2;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value=
	no. of awakenings at treatment week 2	Zopiclone: 0.62;
		Temazepam: 1.28;
		P-value=
	sleep latency at treatment week 1	Zopiclone: 84;
	Josephatency at treatment week 1	Temazepam: 25.9;
		ι επιαζεραπι. 20.3,
		. ,
		• ,
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=
	sleep latency at treatment week 2	Zopiclone: 64.5;
		Temazepam: 26.1;
		:;
		,
		P-value=
	total duration of sleep at treatment week 1	Zopiclone: 5.97;
	· ·	Temazepam: 5.90;
		P-value=
	total duration of sleep at treatment week 2	Zopiclone: 6.03;
	Tiotal duration of sieep at treatment week 2	
		Temazepam: 5.62;
		. ,
		[:;
		P-value=
Pagot, 1993 (Fair)	mean sleep time at day 90, change from	Zolpidem: 2.72;
	baseline	Triazolam: 2.26;
		:;
		:;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	duration of nocturnal awakenings at day 60	Zolpidem: 18;
		Triazolam: 14;
		l::
		P-value=<0.05
		-vaiu6-<0.00

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	number of nocturnal awakenings at day 60,	Zolpidem: -1.7;
	change from baseline	Triazolam: -1;
	I Sharigo irom badolino	
		P-value=<0.05
	overall ratios	Zolpidem: 38.4;
	overall rating	
		Triazolam: 36.3;
		. ,
		D at a ND
	l'' (l	P-value=NR
	quality of sleep at day 60	Zolpidem: 74;
		Triazolam: 65;
		:;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	quality of sleep at day 90	Zolpidem: 81;
		Triazolam: 73;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NR
	rebound: therapeutic effects at day 120-	Zolpidem: 33;
	good and excellent	Triazolam: 34;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency at day 90, change from	Zolpidem: -1.9;
	baseline	Triazolam: -1.9;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	status on awakening and alertness, number	Zolpidem: 28;
	of patients	Triazolam: 40;
		 : ;
		[: ;
		<u> </u> :;
		P-value=NR
	therapeutic effects at day 30- good and	Zolpidem: 32;
	excellent	Triazolam: 32;
		l: :
		l: :
		P-value=NS
	therapeutic effects at day 60- good and	Zolpidem: 33;
	excellent	Triazolam: 31;
	OAGGIIGH	mazolam. Ot,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	therapeutic effects at day 90- good and	Zolpidem: 32;
	excellent	Triazolam: 29;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	total score	Zolpidem: multiple data;
		Triazolam: multiple data;
		:;
		:;
		;;
Densions 4000 (E-:)	mand shannan	P-value=NS
Ponciano, 1990 (Fair)	mood changes	: NR;
		: NR; : NR;
		. INC,
		• •
		P-value=NS
	sleep duration	Zopiclone: 393;
	Sicep duration	Flurazepam: 425;
		Placebo: 410;
		: ; : :
		P-value=
	sleep onset latency at day 21	Zopiclone: 30;
		Flurazepam: 28;
		Placebo: 60;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
Quadens, 1983 (Poor)	All sleep items comparing two treatment	Zopiclone: as below;
		Flurazepam: as below;
		Placebo: ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	no. of awakenings	Zopiclone: 3.2;
		Flurazepam: 1.9;
		Placebo: 6;
		<u> </u>
		D volue
	rehound: no of awakenings	P-value=
	rebound: no. of awakenings	Zopiclone: 5.5;
		Flurazepam: 6.1; Placebo: ;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		· ;
		P-value=
	rebound: sleep efficiency index	Zopiclone: 86.9;
		Flurazepam: 84.9;
		Placebo: ;
		::
		P-value=
	rebound: sleep onset latency	Zopiclone: 1255;
		Flurazepam: 1042;
		Placebo: ;
		,
		P-value=
	rebound: total sleep time	Zopiclone: 23490;
	·	Flurazepam: 23184;
		Placebo: ;
		:;
		. ;
		P-value=
	sleep efficiency index	Zopiclone: 91.4;
		Flurazepam: 92.2;
		Placebo: 83.6;
		. ;
		P-value=
	sleep onset latency	Zopiclone: 1117;
		Flurazepam: 1174;
		Placebo: 1452;
		,
		P-value=
	total sleep time	Zopiclone: 24903;
		Flurazepam: 25129;
		Placebo: 23225;
		,
		. ,
		P-value=
Roger, 1993 (Fair)	% of patients falling asleep in <30 minutes at	
	day 24, change from baseline	Zolpidem 10mg: 35;
		Triazolam: 35;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=
	% of patients falling asleep well at day 24,	Zaleplon 5mg: 55.9;
	change from baseline	Zolpidem 10mg: 47.9;
		Triazolam: 51.9;
		. ;
		· ;
		P-value=

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	% of patients falling asleep well at day 31,	Zaleplon 5mg: 34.6;
	change from baseline	Zolpidem 10mg: 19.8;
	Change nom baseline	Triazolam: 18.6;
		111a201a111. 16.6,
		[:; []
		P-value=
	% of patients who reported too early	Zaleplon 5mg: -35;
	awakening at day 24, change from baseline	Zolpidem 10mg: -38;
		Triazolam: -35;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	% of patients with >2 awakenings per night	Zaleplon 5mg: -36.8;
	at day 24, change from baseline	Zolpidem 10mg: -28.8;
		Triazolam: -29.8;
		: ;
		P-value=
	% of patients with a total nocturnal waking	Zaleplon 5mg: 55.9;
	time >1 hours	Zolpidem 10mg: 47.9;
		Triazolam: 55.8;
		::
		l: :
		P-value=
	mean total sleep time at day 24, change	Zaleplon 5mg: 1.6;
	from baseline	Zolpidem 10mg: 1.9;
		Triazolam: 1.9;
		::
		: :
		P-value=
	overall sleep quality at day 24, change from	Zaleplon 5mg: 35.5;
	baseline (higher score=better)	Zolpidem 10mg: 34.4;
	Careen and the control of the cont	Triazolam: 33.6;
		P-value=
	rebound: % of patients falling asleep in <30	Zaleplon 5mg: 18;
	minutes at day 31, change from baseline	Zolpidem 10mg: 28;
	I also at day 51, origings from bassific	Triazolam: 9;
		. ,
		P-value=
	rebound: % of patients with a total nocturnal	Zaleplon 5mg: 55.9;
	waking time >1 hours	Zolpidem 10mg: 47.9;
	waking time >1 nours	Triazolam: 55.8;
		D. voluo-
	rehounds feel well rested in the marries	P-value=
	rebound: feel well rested in the morning,	Zaleplon 5mg: 17.2;
	change from baseline (higher score=better)	Zolpidem 10mg: 23.9;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Triazolam: 10.5;
		:;
		l: ;
		P-value=
	total mean score- safety and efficacy	Zolpidem 5mg: 2.54;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 2.43;
		Triazolam: 2.51;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
Rosenberg, 1994 (Poor)	No. of awakenings	Zolpidem: 1;
		Triazolam: 1;
		:;
		:;
		:; B
		P-value=NS
	daytime alertness. unalert-alert	Zolpidem: 65;
		Triazolam: 63;
		D volue NC
	marning faciling had good	P-value=NS
	morning feeling, bad-good	Zolpidem: 64;
		Triazolam: 56;
		1.;
		.,
		P-value=NS
	sleep quality, bad-good	Zolpidem: 69;
	Sieep quality, bau-good	Triazolam: 69;
		P-value=NS
	subjective day feeling	Zolpidem: 64;
	Cas Coming	Triazolam: 60;
		::
		l: :
		l::
		P-value=NS
	total sleep times	Zolpidem: 6.9;
	<u>'</u>	Triazolam: 7.1;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
Schwartz, 2004 (Poor)	media change from baseline efficacy and	Zaleplon: -1;
, ,	tolerability	Trazodone: 1;
		:;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=0.23
	median at study entry-matching	Zaleplon: 7;
		Trazodone: 9;
		:;
		. ,
		P-value=0.885
	sleep- median at study entry-matching	Zaleplon: 3;
		Trazodone: 3;
		. ,
		. ,
		P-value=0.894
	sleep- median change from baseline efficacy	Zaleplon: 0;
	and tolerability	Trazodone: 3;
	,	,
		,
		:;
		P-value=0.181
Silvestri, 1996 (Fair)	awakening quality- change from baseline-	Zolpidem: -16.3;
	night 14	Triazolam: -26.9;
		; ;
		i ;
		P-value=NS
	no. of awakenings- change from baseline-	Zolpidem: -2.2;
	night 14	Triazolam: -3.5;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	no. of nocturnal awakenings- change from	Zolpidem: -1.4;
	baseline- night 14	Triazolam: -1.2;
		[:;
		. ,
		- , P-value=NS
	rebound: awakening quality- change from	Zolpidem: -12.9;
	baseline- night 15	Triazolam: -1.5;
]	•••
		,
		:;
		P-value=NS
		Zolpidem: -0.3;
	from baseline- night 15	Triazolam: 0.4;
		; ;
		[: ;
		: ; P-value=NS
		r-value=INO

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	rebound: no. of awakenings- change from	Zolpidem: -1.9;
	baseline- night 15	Triazolam: -1.2;
	Sacomic Tiight To	
		• •
		• •
		P-value=NS
	rebound: sleep efficiency- change from	Zolpidem: 9.9;
	baseline- night 15	Triazolam: -6.3;
	3	::
		::
		::
		P-value=<0.01
	rebound: sleep onset latency- change from	Zolpidem: -11.6;
	baseline- night 15	Triazolam: 7.1;
	Ĭ	:;
		· ;
		::
		P-value=NS
	rebound: sleep quality- change from baseline	
	night 15	Triazolam: 0.8;
	Ŭ	:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	rebound: time to fall asleep- change from	Zolpidem: -20.8;
	baseline- night 15	Triazolam: 8.6;
		· · · · · ·
		· · · · · ·
		· · · · · ·
		P-value=<0.05
	rebound: total sleep time- change from	Zolpidem: 43.8;
	baseline- night 15	Triazolam: -34.5;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=<0.01
		Zolpidem: 51.9;
		Triazolam: -35.6;
		:;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.01
	rebound: total wake time- change from	Zolpidem: -2.2;
	baseline- night 15	Triazolam: 13.2;
		: ;
		: ;
		i:;
		P-value=NS
	rebound: wake time after sleep onset-	Zolpidem: 9.9-37.5;
	change from baseline- night 15	Triazolam: 17.3;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		• •
		• •
		P-value=<0.01
	sleep efficiency- change from baseline- night	
	14	Triazolam: 10.7;
		: ;
		: ;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency- change from baseline-	Zolpidem: -23;
	night 14	Triazolam: -14.8;
		:;
		• ,
		P-value=NS
	sleep quality- change from baseline- night 14	
	Stoop quality officings from baseline flight 14	Triazolam: -31.8;
		::
		::
		•••
		P-value=NS
	time to fall asleep- change from baseline-	Zolpidem: -41.8;
	night 14	Triazolam: -19.9;
		:;
		: ;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time- change from baseline- night	
	14	Triazolam: 54.4;
		• •
		P-value=NS
		Zolpidem: 66.9;
		Triazolam: 81.4;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		,
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	total wake time- change from baseline- night	
	14	Triazolam: -11.4;
		· ;
		: ;
		Duralina NC
	waka tima aftar alaan anaat ahaa sa fra	P-value=NS
	wake time after sleep onset- change from	Zolpidem: -44.9;
	baseline- night 14	Triazolam: -37;
		:;
		٠,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		P-value=NS
Singh, 1990 (Fair)	duration of sleep onset at week 4	Zopiclone 7.5mg: 6.7;
		Zopiclone 11.25mg: 6.9;
		Flurazepam 30mg: 7.5;
		· ;
		· · ;
		P-value=
	duration of sleep onset, sleep soundness,	Zopiclone 7.5mg: as above;
	quality of sleep at week 4	Zopiclone 11.25mg: as above;
		Flurazepam 30mg: as above;
		::
		l: :
		P-value=
	quality of sleep at week 4	Zopiclone 7.5mg: 11.2;
	l dami, e. e.eep at treet.	Zopiclone 11.25mg: 11.0;
		Flurazepam 30mg: 12.2;
		· ·
		P-value=
	aloon coundness at week 4	
	sleep soundness at week 4	Zopiclone 7.5mg: 6.7;
		Zopiclone 11.25mg: 6.6;
		Flurazepam 30mg: 7.5;
		; ;
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=
	therapeutic index (less score=worse) at	Zopiclone 7.5mg: 3.2;
	week 4	Zopiclone 11.25mg: 3;
		Flurazepam 30mg: 2.5;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=<0.05
Steens, 1993 (Fair)	Arousals/total sleep time (no./hour)	Zolpidem 5mg: 18.69;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 16.46;
		Triazolam: 16.72;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=
	awakenings (no./hours of sleep)	Zolpidem 5mg: 4.70;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 4.07;
		Triazolam: 3.68;
		 :;
		 :;
		P-value=
	concentration in the morning (1=excellent,	Zolpidem 5mg: 2.30;
	4=poor)	Zolpidem 10mg: 2.26;
	. 555./	Triazolam: 2.13;
		.,
		P-value=
		i -vaiuc−

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	duration of night waking	Zolpidem 5mg: 103.04;
	a an ann an an grain manning	Zolpidem 10mg: 16.78;
		Triazolam: 43.83;
		::
		P-value=
	ease of falling sleep (lower score=better)	Zolpidem 5mg: 46.48;
	,	Zolpidem 10mg: 30.09;
		Triazolam: 20.96;
		· ;
		l: ;
		P-value=
	feeling of sleep (1=excellent, 4=poor)	Zolpidem 5mg: 2.61;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 2.13;
		Triazolam: 1.87;
		[:;
		[:;
		P-value=
	microarousals (no./hour of sleep)	Zolpidem 5mg: 14.08;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 12.57;
		Triazolam: 13.23;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=
	no. of awakenings	Zolpidem 5mg: 2.74;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 2.17;
		Triazolam: 1.61;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=
	sleep duration	Zolpidem 5mg: 333.26;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 388.22;
		Triazolam: 411.17;
		: ;
		P-value=
	sleep efficacy	Zolpidem 5mg: 79.74;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 82.35;
		Triazolam: 85.83;
		: ;
		[:;
	ala sa latan su	P-value=
	sleep latency	Zolpidem 5mg: 38.7;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 30.22;
		Triazolam: 25.52;
		1::
		D volue
	alcony in the marning /higher seems better	P-value=
	sleepy in the morning (higher score=better)	Zolpidem 5mg: 55.04;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 65.44;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Triazolam: 66.52;
		::
		: ;
		P-value=
	total sleep time	Zolpidem 5mg: 384.82;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 397.12;
		Triazolam: 413.79;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	total wake time	Zolpidem 5mg: 93.09;
		Zolpidem 10mg: 82.37;
		Triazolam: 66.10;
		:;
		D volue
	wake time during sleep	P-value= Zolpidem 5mg: 55.57;
	wake time during sleep	Zolpidem 10mg: 50.69;
		Triazolam: 40.47;
		P-value=
Stip, 1999 (Fair)	alertness over all 5 weeks	Zopiclone: multiple data;
		Nitrazepam: multiple data;
		Placebo: multiple data;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	anxiety	Zopiclone: NR;
		Temazepam: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		: ;
		;;
	aloon don't offer discontinuation, rehound	P-value=NS
	sleep depth after discontinuation- rebound	Zopiclone: NR, worse; Temazepam: NR, worse;
		i emazepam. Nr., worse,
		. ,
		::
		P-value=
	sleep depth at treatment week 1	Zopiclone: NR;
		Temazepam: NR;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	sleep onset after discontinuation - rebound	Zopiclone: NR;
		Temazepam: NR, worse;
		:;
		. ,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		P-value=
	sleep onset at treatment week 1	Zopiclone: NR;
		Temazepam: NR;
		: ;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
Tamminen, 1987 (Poor)	>2 night awakenings	Zopiclone: 18.4;
		Nitrazepam: 24.4;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	awakening at least 2 hours before expected	Zopiclone: 20.4;
	time	Nitrazepam: 20;
		· ;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	duration of sleep <6.5 hours	Zopiclone: 37.5;
		Nitrazepam: 37.7;
		· ;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	efficacy (1=poor; 5=excellent)	Zopiclone: 3.2;
		Nitrazepam: 3.1;
		:;
		: ;
		l: ;
		P-value=NS
	latency of sleep onset >30 min	Zopiclone: 38;
		Nitrazepam: 44.4;
		.;
		: ;
		. ,
		P-value=0.07
	overall	Zopiclone: -;
		Nitrazepam: better;
		:;
		: ;
		. ;
		P-value=<0.05
	quality of sleep, mean score	Zopiclone: 34;
		Nitrazepam: 30.2;
		.;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep onset latency, mean score	Zopiclone: 32.6;
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Nitrazepam: 33.1;
		::
		• •
		• •
		P-value=NS
	time to fall asleep after a night awakenings	Zopiclone: 14.6;
	>30 min	Nitrazepam: 22.2;
		· ·
		• •
		• •
		P-value=NS
Venter, 1986 (Fair)	Daytime sleep - day 17 (no. of patients)	Zopiclone: 2;
Vertici, 1500 (Fair)	Daytime sleep day 17 (no. or patients)	Triazolam: 5;
		· ·
		• •
		• •
		P-value=NR
	Daytime sleep - day 17, compare to mean	Zopiclone: -8;
	Daytime sicep day 17, compare to mean	Triazolam: 4;
		• ,
		• ,
		P-value=NS
	Daytime sleep - day 7, compare to mean	Zopiclone: -8;
	Daytime sleep - day 7, compare to mean	
		Triazolam: 9;
		• ,
		• ,
		Divolve 0.07
	Difficulty in folling close day 7 /1 panalyany	P-value=0.07
	Difficulty in falling sleep - day 7 (1=none/very	
	little; 2=some; 3=a lot)	Triazolam: 1.62;
		: ;
		:;
		.; D. valva, 0.02
	Night avalences do: 47	P-value=0.03
	Night awakenings - day 17	Zopiclone: NR;
		Triazolam: 1;
		:;
		; ;
		[; ;
	NP-14	P-value=0.06
	Night awakenings - day 7	Zopiclone: 1;
		Triazolam: 1.7;
		· ;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=0.06
	Sleep duration (hr) - day 7	Zopiclone: 7.4;
		Triazolam: 7.5;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		· ;
		:;
		P-value=0.05
	Sleep quality, Early morning awakenings,	Zopiclone: NR;
	Mental alertness on rising, Sleep satisfaction-	Triazolam: NR;
	day 7	;;
		[: ;
		Divolue NC
Vooboor 2004 (Egir)	STAI-DY-1 sum score	P-value=NS
Voshaar, 2004 (Fair)	STAI-DY-T SUITI SCOTE	Zolpidem: 41.6; Temazepam: 39;
		I remazepam. 59, I
		. ,
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	SWEL total score	Zolpidem: 35.7;
	SVEE total score	Temazepam: 35.8;
		• •
		• •
		P-value=NS
	rebound- mean total sleep time	Zolpidem: 370;
	Tobouria mountotar orcop time	Temazepam: 352;
		• •
		•
		P-value=NS
	rebound- prevalence rebound insomnia	Zolpidem: 53.4;
	(SOL)	Temazepam: 58.3;
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	rebound- prevalence rebound insomnia	Zolpidem: 27;
	(TST)	Temazepam: 25.9;
		:;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	rebound- sleep onset latency	Zolpidem: 60;
		Temazepam: 73;
		· ;
		:;
		[: ;
		P-value=NS
	sleep onset latency	Zolpidem: 46;
		Temazepam: 46;
		:;
	1	. ,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		· , P-value=NS
	time in bed	Zolpidem: 530;
		Temazepam: 508;
		.;
		· · ·
		:;
		P-value=NS
	total sleep time	Zolpidem: 413;
		Temazepam: 386;
		: ;
		. ,
		P-value=NS
	wake time after sleep	Zolpidem: 40;
	wake time after sleep	Temazepam: 39;
		:;
		. ,
		:;
		P-value=NS
Walsh, 1998a (Fair)	ease of falling asleep at week 2	Zolpidem: 44.3;
		Trazodone: 44.0;
		• •
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	number of awakenings at week 2	Zolpidem: 1.5;
	Transport of awarenings at wook 2	Trazodone: 1.4;
		:;
		. ,
		· · ·
		P-value=NS
	overall	Zolpidem: NR;
		Trazodone: NR;
		:;
		: ;
		: ; P-value=NS
	sleep duration at week 1	Zolpidem: 378.8;
	Sissip daration at wook 1	Trazodone: 366.4;
		:;
		.;
		. ;
		P-value=NR
	sleep duration at week 2	Zolpidem: NR;
		Trazodone: NR;
		:;
		[: ;
		: ; P-value=NS
		r-value=INO

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	sleep improvement (a lot and somewhat) at	Zolpidem: 60;
	week 2	Trazodone: 62;
		P-value=NS
	sleep latency at week 1	Zolpidem: 48.2;
	loop laterlay at wook 1	Trazodone: 57.7;
		P-value=<0.037
	sleep latency at week 2	Zolpidem: 48.1;
	Sleep laterity at week 2	Trazodone: 54.5;
		[: ·
		D value NC
	aloon quality at work 2	P-value=NS
	sleep quality at week 2	Zolpidem: 2.45;
		Trazodone: 2.43;
		:;
		:;
		[:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep status (excellent and good) at week 2	Zolpidem: 49;
		Trazodone: 47;
		:;
		:;
		[:;
		P-value=NS
	sleep time (increased a lot and increased	Zolpidem: 56;
	somewhat) at week 2	Trazodone: 61;
		:;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	subjective waking time after sleep onset at	Zolpidem: 39.5;
	week 2	Trazodone: 42.1;
		:;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
	time to fall asleep (shortened a lot and	Zolpidem: 56;
	shortened somewhat) at week 2	Trazodone: 50;
		:;
		: ;
		: ;
		P-value=NS
Walsh, 1998b (Good)	% of total sleep time spent in each sleep	Zaleplon 5mg: NR;
	stage- day 4-5 and day 16-17	Zaleplon 10mg: NR;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Triazolam 0.25mg: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		P-value=NS
	Latency to persistent sleep- day 16-17	Zaleplon 5mg: 18;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 16.75;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 23.75;
		Placebo: 20.5;
		,
		P-value=
		Zaleplon 5mg: 416.5;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 400;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 406.75;
		Placebo: 408.5;
		· ;
		P-value=NS
	Latency to persistent sleep- day 4-5	Zaleplon 5mg: 17;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 19.25;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 18.5;
		Placebo: 25.38;
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		P-value=
	No. of awakenings- day 4-5 and day 16-17	Zaleplon 5mg: NR;
		Zaleplon 10mg: NR;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		Distalled NO
	Subjective no. of awakenings- day 6-14,	P-value=NS
	number	Zaleplon 5mg: NR;
	Inumber	Zaleplon 10mg: NR; Triazolam 0.25mg: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		P-value=
	Subjective sleep latency after discontinuation	
	night, score	Zaleplon 10mg: NR;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: longer;
		Placebo: NR;
		::
		P-value=
	Subjective sleep latency- day 4-5, score	Zaleplon 5mg: shorter;
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Zaleplon 10mg: shorter;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: shorter;
		Placebo: NR;
		,
		P-value=
	Subjective sleep latency- day 6-14, score	Zaleplon 5mg: shorter;
		Zaleplon 10mg: shorter;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: shorter;
		Placebo: NR;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:;
		P-value=
	Subjective total sleep time after	Zaleplon 5mg: NR;
	discontinuation night, score	Zaleplon 10mg: NR;
	g ,,	Triazolam 0.25mg: shorter;
		Placebo: NR;
		P-value=
	Subjective total sleep time- day 1-2, score	Zaleplon 5mg: NR;
	Caspeane total cloop time day 1 2, ccore	Zaleplon 10mg: NR;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		Flacebo. NK,
		D. volue
	Outling the state of a section and account of the section a	P-value=
	Subjective total sleep time- day 3-19, score	Zaleplon 5mg: NR;
		Zaleplon 10mg: NR;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: NR;
		Placebo: NR;
		• • •
		P-value=
	Total sleep time day 4-5 and day 16-17,	Zaleplon 5mg: 413.6;
	minutes	Zaleplon 10mg: 402;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: NR;
		Placebo: 400;
		:;
		P-value=NS
	Total sleep time- day 16-17	Zaleplon 5mg: 418;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 396.8;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 420;
		Placebo: 411.3;
		::
		P-value=
	Total sleep time- day 4-5	Zaleplon 5mg: 413.6;
		Zaleplon 10mg: 402;
		Triazolam 0.25mg: 431;
		Placebo: 400;
		P-value=
Walsh, 2000 (Poor)	5 hours after drug administration, score	Zaleplon: 16.6;
**aisii, 2000 (1 001)	To hours after drug administration, score	Flurazepam: 6.8;
		Placebo: 14.4;
		Flacebo. 14.4,
		. ,
		D volue
	G. E. house often drive administration and	P-value=
	6.5 hours after drug administration, score	Zaleplon: 14.7;
		Flurazepam: 5.6;
		Placebo: 12.1;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	number of minutes sleep	Zaleplon: 195;
		Flurazepam: 206.3;
		Placebo: 180;
		P-value=NR
	time to sleep (minute)	Zaleplon: 27.5;
		Flurazepam: 22.5;
		Placebo: 27.5;
		:;
		::
		P-value=NR
Ware, 1997 (Fair)	latency to persistent sleep- night 27 & 28	Zolpidem: -7;
(* 5)	l mgm = 1	Triazolam: 0;
		Placebo: -15;
		::
		l: :
		P-value=
	no. of awakenings- night 27 & 28	Zolpidem: 1;
		Triazolam: -2;
		Placebo: -1;
		:;
		: ;
		P-value=
	rebound: ability to concentrate	Zolpidem: 0.2;
	Í	Triazolam: 0.1;
		Placebo: -0.1;
		. ;
		P-value=
	rebound: latency to persistent sleep-	Zolpidem: 6;
	discontinuation night 1	Triazolam: 47;
		Placebo: -11;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	rebound: morning sleepiness	Zolpidem: -5;
		Triazolam: -6.7;
		Placebo: 4.5;
		:;
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=
	rebound: no. of awakenings	Zolpidem: 1;
		Triazolam: 1;
		Placebo: -1;
		:;
		P-value=
	rebound: over all rebounds	Zolpidem: 15;
		Triazolam: 43;

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		Placebo: 11;
		·;
		· ;
		P-value=
	rebound: quality latency	Zolpidem: 0.3;
		Triazolam: 0.8;
		Placebo: -0.4;
		· ;
		· ;
		P-value=
	rebound: sleep efficiency- discontinuation	Zolpidem: -3;
	night 1	Triazolam: -15;
		Placebo: 5;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	rebound: sleep latency	Zolpidem: 14;
		Triazolam: 72;
		Placebo: -16;
		:;
		:;
		P-value=
	rebound: total sleep time	Zolpidem: -4;
		Triazolam: -63;
		Placebo: 49;
		· ;
		:; _;
		P-value=
	rebound: wake min during sleep	Zolpidem: -4;
		Triazolam: 48;
		Placebo: -29;
		; ;
		<u>:</u> ;
		P-value=
	sleep efficiency- night 27 & 28	Zolpidem: 1;
		Triazolam: 3;
		Placebo: 5;
		D volue
	waking time during along	P-value=
	waking time during sleep	Zolpidem: 0;
		Triazolam: -20; Placebo: 2;
		i ;
		P-value=
Wheatley, 1985 (Fair)	All measures	Zopiclone: as above;
vviiealiey, 1900 (Fall)	All Hicasules	Temazepam: as above;
		Placebo: ;
		. ,

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
		:; :
	1 (0.0)	P-value=NS
	At work (0-3)	Zopiclone: 0.51;
		Temazepam: 0.54;
		Placebo: ;
		;;
		;; D
	Dragging (0, 4)	P-value=
	Dreaming (0-4)	Zopiclone: 0.46;
		Temazepam: 0.46;
		Placebo: ;
		;;
		D volve
	Driving (0.2)	P-value=
	Driving (0-3)	Zopiclone: 0.35;
		Temazepam: 0.57; Placebo: ;
		Flacebo. ,
		.,
		· , P-value=
	Duration of sleep	Zopiclone: 6.6;
	Duration of sleep	Temazepam: 6.6;
		Placebo: ;
		P-value=
	No. time waking	Zopiclone: 0.75;
	No. time waking	Temazepam: 0.66;
		Placebo: ;
		P-value=
	Quality of sleep (0-4)	Zopiclone: 0.93;
	(0 4)	Temazepam: 0.87;
		Placebo: ;
		· , :;
		P-value=
	Sleep latency	Zopiclone: 30.8;
	,	Temazepam: NR;
		Placebo: 29.1;
		:;
		l: <u>`</u>
		P-value=
	State on waking (0-3)	Zopiclone: 0.39;
		Temazepam: 0.38;
		Placebo: ;
		:;
		: <u>;</u>
		P-value=

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Author, year (Quality)	Outcome Measure	Results
	With others (0-3)	Zopiclone: 0.63;
	· ·	Temazepam: 0.67;
		Placebo: ;
		:;
		::
		P-value=
van der Kleijn, 1989	Better status during the day	Zopiclone: 29;
(Fair)		Temazepam: 23;
		Placebo: 0;
		Z and T: 0;
		· · ;
		P-value=NR
	Latency of sleep onset - average score	Zopiclone: 3.8;
		Temazepam: 3.7;
		Placebo: 3.1;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=
	Preferred drug to continue	Zopiclone: 8;
	Ĭ	Temazepam: 3;
		Placebo: 5;
		Z and T: 2;
		::
		P-value=NR
	Sleep better	Zopiclone: 16;
		Temazepam: 10;
		Placebo: 6;
		Z and T: 2;
		· ;
		P-value=NR
	Sleep quality - average score	Zopiclone: 3.9;
		Temazepam: 3.9;
		Placebo: 3.4;
		: ;
		:;
		P-value=
	Status after awaking - average score	Zopiclone: 3.5;
		Temazepam: 3.4;
		Placebo: 3.2;
		,
		P-value=

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
Allain, 1998	Placebo	bitter taste (Number)	Zopiclone:1; Nitrazepam:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		complaints in answer to the standarized	Zopiclone:less; Nitrazepam:more; : ; : ; : ;
		question on tolerance (Number)	
			P-value:
		confusion (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Nitrazepam:1; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		dizziness (Number)	Zopiclone:1; Nitrazepam:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		fatigue (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Nitrazepam:1; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Allain, 2001	Placebo	excessive sedation (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Temazepam:0; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Allain, 2003	H2H	()	::::::::
,			P-value:
Ancoli-Israel, 1999	H2H	()	
·			P-value:
Anderson, 1987	Active	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Temazepam:0; : ; : ;
•		, ,	P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Temazepam:0; : ; : ;
		,	P-value:
Ansoms, 1991	Active	Daytime drowsiness (Number)	Zopiclone:3; Temazepam:2; : ; : ;
•		` ,	P-value: NR
		Overall AEs, no. of patients (Number)	Zopiclone:10; Temazepam:9; : ; : ; :2;
			P-value: NR
Asnis, 1999	Placebo	no. of patients experiencing AEs (Number)	Zaleplon 20mg:6; Zaleplon 60mg:17;
			Triazolam:8; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Autret, 1987	Active	Depressive (%)	Zopiclone:3; Temazepam:1; Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		Difficulties to concentrate (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Temazepam:0; Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
			I -value. IVIX

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
		Headache (Number)	Zopiclone:3; Temazepam:3; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		Irritable/unstable (Number)	Zopiclone:4; Temazepam:4; Placebo:6; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		Sleepy/dull/tired (Number)	Zopiclone:7; Temazepam:6; Placebo:12; : ; :
			; P-value: NR
		Trembling/palpitation (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Temazepam:4; Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		Unknown (%)	Zopiclone:2; Temazepam:0; Placebo:3; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		Well/normal (Number)	Zopiclone:30; Temazepam:35; Placebo:27; :
			; : ; P-value: NR
Begg, 1992	Active	Total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:1; Temazepam:1; : ; : ; : ; P-value: NR
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:1; Temazepam:1; : ; : ; :
			P-value: NR
Bergener, 1989	Active	Bad headache (%)	Zopiclone:8; Temazepam:12; Placebo:14; :;
			P-value: NR
		Very severe perspiration (%)	Zopiclone:8; Temazepam:18; Placebo:10; : ;
			:; P-value: NR
Berry, 2006	Placebo	backache (Number)	Zolpidem:5; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
	1.100000	Contraction (Figure 2)	P-value: 0.02
		dizziness (Number)	Zolpidem:6; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
		,	P-value: 0.01
		drowsiness (Number)	Zolpidem:7; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
		, ,	P-value: 0.03
		headache (Number)	Zolpidem:36; Placebo:24; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: 0.08

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
		irritability (Number)	Zolpidem:5; Placebo:2; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: 0.02
		upper respiratory tract infection (Number)	Zolpidem:11; Placebo:5; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: 0.11
Bozin-Juracic, 1998	Active	due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone 7.5mg:0; Zopiclone 11.25mg:1;
			Flurazepam 30mg:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		total (Number)	Zopiclone 7.5mg:0; Zopiclone 11.25mg:2;
			Flurazepam 30mg:1; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Chaudoir, 1983	Placebo	arthralgia (Number)	Zolpidem:4; Triazolam:5; Temazepam:0;
			Placebo:3; : ;
			P-value:
		drowsiness (Number)	Zolpidem:4; Triazolam:7; Temazepam:8;
			Placebo:3; : ;
			P-value:
		dyspepsia (Number)	Zolpidem:5; Triazolam:3; Temazepam:5;
			Placebo:7;:;
			P-value:
		fatigue (Number)	Zolpidem:1; Triazolam:2; Temazepam:5;
			Placebo:1;:;
			P-value:
		headache (Number)	Zolpidem:15; Triazolam:22; Temazepam:18;
			Placebo:16; : ;
			P-value:
		myalgia (Number)	Zolpidem:8; Triazolam:7; Temazepam:8;
			Placebo:9; : ;
			P-value:
		nausea (Number)	Zolpidem:6; Triazolam:6; Temazepam:4;
			Placebo:6; : ;
			P-value:
		nervousness (Number)	Zolpidem:2; Triazolam:7; Temazepam:3;
			Placebo:4; : ;
			P-value:
		overall incidence rates (Number)	Zolpidem:52; Triazolam:54; Temazepam:56;
			Placebo:47; : ;

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
			P-value:
		upper resp infection (Number)	Zolpidem:6; Triazolam:2; Temazepam:7;
			Placebo:7; : ;
			P-value:
Chaudoir, 1990	Active	()	
			P-value:
Declerck, 1999	Placebo	moderate or severe adverse effects reported	Zopiclone:18; Triazolam:42; : ; : ; : ;
		(%)	P-value: <0.05
		no. of patients experiencing adverse effect	Zopiclone:18; Triazolam:20; : ; : ; : ;
		(Number)	P-value: NS
		taste perception (Number)	Zopiclone:NR; Triazolam:NR, more; : ; : ; : ;
			·
			P-value: <0.05
Dockhorn, 1996	Placebo	bitter taste (Number)	Zopiclone:5; Triazolam:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		reduction of dreams (Number)	Zopiclone:5; Triazolam:3; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Dorsey, 2004	Placebo	headache (highest incidence) (%)	Zolpidem:24; Trazodone:30; Placebo:19; : ; :
			;
			P-value:
		somnolence (highest incidence) (%)	Zolpidem:16; Trazodone:23; Placebo:8; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		total number of events (Number)	Zolpidem:78; Trazodone:75; : ; : ;
D 1 (1) 0001	A ()		P-value: NS
Drake (1), 2001	Active	()	:;:;:;:;
Drales (0) 0000	A ations		P-value:
Drake (2), 2000	Active	()	
Drawas 4004	Dlacaba	total with drawale (Niveshau)	P-value:
Drewes, 1991	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zolpidem:6; Triazolam:14; Temazepam:10;
			Placebo:10; : ; P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zolpidem:2; Triazolam:5; Temazepam:5;
		withdrawais due to AES (Nulliber)	Placebo:6; : ;
			P-value:
			r -value.

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
Drewes, 1998	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zaleplon 10mg:NR; Zaleplon 40mg:NR; Triazolam 0.25mg:NR; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zaleplon 10mg:0; Zaleplon 40mg:0;
		(Triazolam 0.25mg:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Elie, 1990a	Active	()	
,		()	P-value:
Elie, 1990b	Active	()	
·		,	P-value:
Elie, 1999	H2H	Any adverse event (%)	Zolpidem:5.7; Zaleplon:7.5; : ; : ; : ;
		, ,	P-value: NR
Erman, 2006	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:1; Triazolam:3; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Triazolam:1; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Fava	Placebo	amnesia (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:1; Zolpidem 15mg:2;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		arthralgia (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:1; Zolpidem 15mg:0;
			Placebo:2;:;;
			P-value:
		confusion (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 15mg:2;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		dizziness (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:3; Zolpidem 15mg:4;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		drowsiness (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:3; Zolpidem 15mg:5;
			Placebo:2;:;:;
			P-value:
		drugged (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:2; Zolpidem 15mg:1;
			Placebo:0;:;:;
			P-value:
		dry mouth (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 15mg:2;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
			P-value:
		dyspepsia (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:2; Zolpidem 15mg:2;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		headache (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:2; Zolpidem 15mg:4;
			Placebo:7; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		lethargy (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:2; Zolpidem 15mg:1;
			Placebo:1;:;:;
			P-value:
		nausea (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:1; Zolpidem 15mg:3;
			Placebo:1;:;:;
			P-value:
		rhinitis (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 15mg:0;
			Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Fava, 2006	Placebo	total withdrawals, (placebo = 2) (Number)	Zopiclone 3.75mg:0; Zopiclone 7.5mg:0;
			Zopiclone 11.5mg:1; Zopiclone 15mg:1;
			Flurazepam:0;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs, (placebo = 1)	Zopiclone 3.75mg:0; Zopiclone 7.5mg:0;
		(Number)	Zopiclone 11.5mg:1; Zopiclone 15mg:1;
			Flurazepam:0;
			P-value:
Fleming, 1990	Active	()	
			P-value:
Fleming, 1995	Active	Withdrawals due to adverse events (%)	Zolpidem:6.1; Zopiclone:8.1; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
Fontaine, 1990	Active	()	
			P-value:
Fry, 2000	H2H	Nausea (Number)	Placebo:0; Zaleplon 5mg:0; Zaleplon
			10mg:1; Triazolam:4; : ;
			P-value:
		Overall number of reports (Number)	Placebo:13; Zaleplon 5mg:12; Zaleplon
			10mg:14; Triazolam:17; : ;
			P-value: NS

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
		headache- the most common adverse event	Placebo:5; Zaleplon 5mg:5; Zaleplon
		(Number)	10mg:6; Triazolam:7; : ;
			P-value:
Goldenberg, 1994	Placebo	()	
			P-value:
Gronblad, 1993	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:7;
			Flurazepam 30mg:1; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value: NR
		withdrawal due to AEs (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:6;
			Flurazepam 30mg:0; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value: NR
Hajak, 1998, 1995, 1994	Active	number of patient reporting AEs on day 7	Zopiclone:more; Triazolam:NR; : ; : ; : ;
		and day 9 (Number)	P-value: 0.013
		total number of patient (Number)	Zopiclone:7; Triazolam:8; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
Hayoun, 1989	Active	Patients experiencing adverse events	Zolpidem:31; Zopiclone:45; : ; : ; : ;
		"related", "possibly related" or "probably	
		related" to study medication (%)	
			P-value: 0.004
Hedner, 2000	Placebo	Overall AEs (%)	Zopiclone:26; Lormetazepam:28; : ; : ; :
		()	P-value: NS
Herrmann, 1993	Placebo	overall side effects (%)	Zopiclone:NR; Zaleplon:NR; : ; : ; : ;
,		` '	P-value: NS
Hindmarch, 1995	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zolpidem 5mg:7; Zolpidem 10mg:1;
,		, ,	Triazolam:5; : ; :
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zolpidem 5mg:0; Zolpidem 10mg:0;
		, , ,	Triazolam:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Klimm, 1987	Active	total withdrawals (Number)	Zolpidem:0; Triazolam:2; : ; : ;
		` ′	P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zolpidem:0; Triazolam:0; : ; : ;
		` '	P-value:
Krystal	Placebo	CNS related (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:19; Zolpidem 15mg:15;
-		, , ,	Placebo:15; : ; : ;
			P-value:

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
		dizziness (%)	Zolpidem 10mg:5; Zolpidem 15mg:7;
			Placebo:4; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		drowsiness (%)	Zolpidem 10mg:11; Zolpidem 15mg:12;
		, ,	Placebo:6; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		lethargy (%)	Zolpidem 10mg:7; Zolpidem 15mg:2;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		overall (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:25; Zolpidem 15mg:30;
		, ,	Placebo:56; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		pharyngitis (%)	Zolpidem 10mg:2; Zolpidem 15mg:9;
			Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		rhinitis (%)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 15mg:7;
		, ,	Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Krystal (poster)	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Flurazepam:0; Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Flurazepam:0; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Krystal, 2003	Placebo	()	
			P-value:
Lahmeyer, 1997	Placebo	no, of patients (Number)	Zopiclone:9; Nitrazepam:NR; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Lemoine, 1995	H2H	Patients with treatment-emergent adverse	Zaleplon 5 mg:59; Zaleplon 10 mg:73;
		events (%)	Zaleplon 20 mg:61; Zolpidem 10 mg:64; : ;
			P-value:
Leppik, 1997	Active	()	
, , ,			P-value:
Li Pi Shan, 2004	Active	number of patients (Number)	Zopiclone:8; Flurazepam:8; : ; : ; : ;
		, , , , ,	P-value: NS

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Flurazepam:5; : ; : ; : ; P-value: NS
Liu, 1997	Active	Total withdrawals (%)	Zaleplon 5 mg:16.9; Zaleplon 10 mg:15.0;
		, ,	Zaleplon 20 mg:14.5; Zolpidem 10 mg:17.2; :
			;
			P-value:
Lofaso, 1997	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zaleplon 20mg:NR; Zaleplon 60mg:NR;
		, , ,	Triazolam:NR; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zaleplon 20mg:0; Zaleplon 60mg:1;
		, , ,	Triazolam:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Mamelak, 1987	Active	()	
·			P-value:
McCall	Placebo	diarrhea (%)	Zolpidem:4.3; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
		,	P-value:
		dizziness (%)	Zolpidem:4.3; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
		` ,	P-value:
		drowsiness (%)	Zolpidem:5.8; Placebo:1.4; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		headache (%)	Zolpidem:31.9; Placebo:24.6; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		myalgia (%)	Zolpidem:1.4; Placebo:4.3; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		nausea (%)	Zolpidem:1.4; Placebo:4.3; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Moldofsky, 1996	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zolpidem:NR; Temazepam:NR; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to Aes (Number)	Zolpidem:NR; Temazepam:NR; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Monchesky, 1986	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:NR; Lorazepam:NR; : ; : ; : ;
-			P-value:
		withdrawals due to Aes (Number)	Zopiclone:NR; Lorazepam:NR; : ; : ; : ;
		, ,	P-value:
Monchesky, 1989	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zolpidem:11; Trazodone:10; Placebo:7; : ; : ;
·		. ,	

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zolpidem:5; Trazodone:5; Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Monti, 1994	Active	Emergent adverse events (Number)	Zolpidem:13; Triazolam:16; Placebo:10; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
Monti, 1996	Placebo	anxiety (Score)	Zopiclone:3.8; Nitrazepam:-6.8; : ; : ; : ;
Worth, 1000	i idoobo	anxiety (Geore)	P-value: <0.05
		dizziness (Score)	Zopiclone:3.5; Nitrazepam:-7.8; : ; : ;
		ui22i11000 (00010)	P-value: <0.05
		indigestion (Score)	Zopiclone:8.8; Nitrazepam:-10; : ; : ; : ;
		mangeoneri (Goore)	P-value: <0.05
		loss of appetite (Score)	Zopiclone:0; Nitrazepam:-6.5; : ; : ; : ;
		(P-value: NS
		nausea (Score)	Zopiclone:4.3; Nitrazepam:-3.2; : ; : ;
		, ,	P-value: <0.05
		physical tiredness (Score)	Zopiclone:-3.5; Nitrazepam:-10.3; : ; : ; :
		The state of the s	P-value: NS
		restlessness (Score)	Zopiclone:2.2; Nitrazepam:-5.9; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		sweating (Score)	Zopiclone:5.7; Nitrazepam:-7.1; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
Monti, 2000	Placebo	apnea-hypopnea (Number)	Zolpidem 5mg:1; Zolpidem 10mg:2;
			Triazolam:1;:;:;
			P-value:
		reduction of SaO2 (Number)	Zolpidem 5mg:0; Zolpidem 10mg:2;
			Triazolam:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Nair, 1990	Active	()	:;:;:;:;:;
			P-value:
Ngen, 1990	Active	Withdrawals due to adverse effects (%)	Zaleplon 5mg:3; Zaleplon 10mg:4; Zaleplon
			20mg:9; Zolpidem 10mg:6; : ;
			P-value:
Pagot, 1993	Active	due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Flurazepam:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
		total (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Flurazepam:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
Parrino	Placebo	anxiety (Number)	Zolpidem:1; Placebo:1; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		palpitations (Number)	Zaleplon:1; Placebo:2; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		transpiration (Number)	Zolpidem:1; Placebo:2; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
Perlis, 2004	Placebo	safety score (1=poor; 5=excellent) (Score)	Zopiclone:3.4; Nitrazepam:3.5; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
Ponciano, 1990	Active	()	
			P-value:
Quadens, 1983	Active	()	
			P-value:
Roehrs (poster)	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:7; Temazepam:7; Placebo:10; : ; :
			;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Temazepam:0; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Roger, 1993	Active	total withdrawals (Number)	Zolpidem:NR; Triazolam:NR; Placebo:NR; : ;
			i;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zolpidem:3; Triazolam:4; Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Rosenberg	Placebo	apraxia (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:2; Zolpidem 20mg:1;
			Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		daytime sedation (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:3; Zolpidem 20mg:1;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		infection (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:2; Zolpidem 20mg:0;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		overall (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:4; Zolpidem 20mg:7;
			Placebo:3; : ; : ;

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
. •			P-value:
		post-treatment adverse event (pneumonia	Zolpidem 10mg:1; Zolpidem 20mg:1;
		and daytime aggression) (Number)	Placebo:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		rash (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:1;
			Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Rosenberg, 1994	Active	rebound: pessimist (Number)	Zolpidem:lower; Triazolam:higher; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: 0.040
			Zolpidem:lower; Triazolam:higher; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: 0.096
		rebound: tense (Number)	Zolpidem:lower; Triazolam:higher; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: 0.061
Roth	Placebo	headache - during treatment (Number)	Zolpidem:3; Placebo:4; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		headache - withdrawal (Number)	Zolpidem:2; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		rebound insomnia (Total)	Zolpidem:0; Placebo:15; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Roth 2006	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Temazepam:1; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Temazepam:0; Placebo:0; : ; : ;
0-11-11-1 0000	Discolar	(a) (a) (b) (a) (b) (b) (b)	P-value:
Sabbatini, 2003	Placebe	total withdrawals (Number)	Zaleplon 5mg:3; Zaleplon 10mg:1;
			Triazolam:0; Placebo:3; : ; P-value:
		with drawale due to A Fo (Number)	
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zaleplon 5mg:1; Zaleplon 10mg:0;
			Triazolam:0; Placebo:0; : ;
Scharf, 1994	Placebo	12 out of 19 itams shows favour Zanislans	P-value: Zopiclone:NR, better; Triazolam:NR; : ; : ; : ;
Schail, 1994	Placebo	12 out of 18 items shows favour Zopiclone	Zopidione:NK, better; Triazolam:NR; : ; : ; : ;
		(Score)	Divolue: 40.05
Soborf 2005	Placebo	abnormal vision (Number)	P-value: <0.05
Scharf, 2005	Placebo	abnormal vision (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:2; Flurazepam 30mg:0; Placebo:0; : ;
			riurazepani sonig.o, Placebo.o, . ,

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
			P-value:
		amnesia (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:1; Zolpidem 20mg:3;
			Flurazepam 30mg:1; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		any event (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:14; Zolpidem 20mg:23;
			Flurazepam 30mg:15; Placebo:15; : ;
			P-value: <0.05
		ataxia (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:1; Zolpidem 20mg:3;
			Flurazepam 30mg:0; Placebo:1; : ;
			P-value:
		back pain (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:2;
			Flurazepam 30mg:0; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		confusion (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:2;
			Flurazepam 30mg:0; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		difficulty concentrating (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:0;
			Flurazepam 30mg:1; Placebo:2; : ;
			P-value:
		dizziness (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:3;
			Flurazepam 30mg:1; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		drugged feeling (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:2;
			Flurazepam 30mg:1; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		dry mouth (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:1;
			Flurazepam 30mg:2; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		dysarthria (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:1; Zolpidem 20mg:3;
			Flurazepam 30mg:0; Placebo:0; :;
			P-value:
		fatigue (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:3; Zolpidem 20mg:2;
			Flurazepam 30mg:0; Placebo:1; :;
			P-value:
		headache (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:4; Zolpidem 20mg:2;
			Flurazepam 30mg:4; Placebo:3; : ;

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
			P-value:
		light-headedness (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:0;
			Flurazepam 30mg:2; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		myalgia (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:2;
			Flurazepam 30mg:1; Placebo:1; :;
			P-value:
		nervousness (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:1; Zolpidem 20mg:2;
		, , ,	Flurazepam 30mg:1; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		pharyngitis (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:2; Zolpidem 20mg:0;
			Flurazepam 30mg:1; Placebo:0; : ;
			P-value:
		vomiting (Number)	Zolpidem 10mg:0; Zolpidem 20mg:3;
			Flurazepam 30mg:0; Placebo:0; :;
			P-value:
Schnitzer (poster)	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:1; Nitrazepam:1; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Nitrazepam:1; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Schwartz, 2004	Active	()	
			P-value:
Sepracor Study #190-045	H2H	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Flurazepam:0; Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Flurazepam:0; Placebo:0; : ; : ;
			D. volues
Shaw, 1992	Placebo		P-value:
Snaw, 1992	Placebo	()	; .,.,.,,
Cilvostri 1006	Active		P-value:
Silvestri, 1996	Active	()	Discharge
Singh 1000	Active	1st wook (Number)	P-value: Zopiclone:1; Nitrazepam:1; : ; : ; : ;
Singh, 1990	Active	1st week (Number)	P-value: NR
Soares	Placebo	abnormal coordination (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
Suales	riacebo		P-value: NS
			r-value. No

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
		balance disorder (Number)	Zopiclone:3; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		drowsiness (Number)	Zopiclone:7; Placebo:1; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		dry mouth (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Placebo:2; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		headache (Number)	Zopiclone:3; Placebo:5; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		taste disturbance (Number)	Zopiclone:20; Placebo:6; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: <0.05
Soares (poster)	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Lorazepam:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Lorazepam:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Soubrane (poster)	Placebo	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Triazolam:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Triazolam:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
Staner, 2005	H2H	total withdrawals (Number)	Zopiclone:190; Triazolam:187; Placebo:193;
			P-value:
		withdrawals due to AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:26; Triazolam:11; Placebo:25; : ; :
			;
			P-value:
Steens, 1993	Active	no. of adverse events reported by patients	Zolpidem:1; Triazolam:1; : ; : ;
		(Number)	P-value: NR
Stip, 1999	Active	1st week (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Nitrazepam:6; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		2dn week (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Nitrazepam:14; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		prolonged into the wash-out period between	Zopiclone:0; Nitrazepam:3; : ; : ; : ;
		treatment (Number)	P-value: NR
Tamminen, 1987	Active	No. of AEs (Number)	Zopiclone:21; Midazolam:28; : ; : ; : ;
<i>'</i>		, , , ,	P-value: >0.05
		No. of patients experiencing AEs (overall)	Zopiclone:15; Midazolam:16; : ; : ; : ;
		(Number)	P-value: >0.05

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
		No. of patients experiencing AEs -	Zopiclone:0; Midazolam:4; : ; : ; : ;
		Clumsiness (Number)	P-value: NR
		No. of patients experiencing AEs - Daytime	Zopiclone:6; Midazolam:6; : ; : ; : ;
		tiredness (Number)	P-value: NR
		No. of patients experiencing AEs - Disturbed	Zopiclone:2; Midazolam:5; : ; : ;
		sleep pattern (Number)	P-value: NR
		No. of patients experiencing AEs - Dry	Zopiclone:2; Midazolam:3; : ; : ;
		mouth (Number)	P-value: NR
		No. of patients experiencing AEs -	Zopiclone:1; Midazolam:5; : ; : ;
		Indigestion/nausea/vomiting (Number)	, i
			P-value: NR
		No. of patients experiencing AEs - Others	Zopiclone:4; Midazolam:5; : ; : ;
		(Number)	P-value: NR
		No. of patients experiencing AEs - Taste	Zopiclone:6; Midazolam:0; : ; : ; : ;
		disturbance (Number)	P-value: NR
Terzano, 1992	Placebo	ataxia (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Triazolam:3; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
,			P-value: NS
		drowsiness (Number)	Zopiclone:3; Triazolam:5; Placebo:4; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		dry mouth (Number)	Zopiclone:7; Triazolam:1; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
			P-value: <0.05
		headache (Number)	Zopiclone:6; Triazolam:3; Placebo:3; : ; : ;
		(2)	P-value: NS
		nausea (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Triazolam:3; Placebo:4; : ; : ; P-value: NS
		taste perversion (Number)	Zopiclone:17; Triazolam:3; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
		taste perversion (Number)	
			P-value: <0.001
Tsutsui, 2001	H2H	Incidence of 3 or more new withdrawal	Zolpidem 10 mg:NR; Zaleplon 10 mg:NR; : ;
,	1	symptoms after discontinuation of treatment	:;:;
		(NR)	P-value:
Venter, 1986	Active	depression, tearfulness, drowsiness,	Zopiclone:3; Triazolam:7; : ; : ;
vonter, 1900	Active	dizziness, agitation, nightmares, confusion,	
		and disturbed sleep (Number)	
		and sictions dioop (Harrison)	

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
. <u>-</u>			P-value: NR
Voshaar, 2004	Active	Withdrawals due to adverse events (%)	Zaleplon 5 mg:2; Zaleplon 10 mg:6; Zaleplon
			20 mg:2; Zolpidem 10 mg:6; : ;
			P-value:
Walsh	Placebo	anxiety (%)	Zolpidem:4; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		bitter taste (Number)	Zolpidem:11; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		dry mouth (Number)	Zaleplon:10; Placebo:5; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		headache (%)	Zolpidem:3.2; Placebo:0; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		overall (Number)	Zolpidem:23; Placebo:18; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		overall drop out (Number)	Zolpidem:30; Placebo:54; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		rhinitis (%)	Zolpidem:0; Placebo:3.3; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
Walsh, 1998a	Active	Total withdrawals (%)	Zolpidem:13.9; Zopiclone:18.1; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
Walsh, 1998b	Active	CNS-related adverse events (Number)	Zolpidem:8; Triazolam:10; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		GI-related adverse events (Number)	Zolpidem:2; Triazolam:3; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		other adverse events (Number)	Zolpidem:5; Triazolam:2; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
		total (Number)	Zolpidem:15; Triazolam:15; : ; : ;
			P-value: NS
Walsh, 2000	Active	1st week (Number)	Zopiclone:0; Nitrazepam:1; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
Walsh, 2000a	Placebo	nightmares- the most common adverse	Zolpidem 5mg:2; Zolpidem 10mg:3;
		effect (Number)	Triazolam:2; : ; : ;
			P-value:
		no. patients experiencing adverse events	Zolpidem 5mg:11; Zolpidem 10mg:8;
		(Number)	Triazolam:16; : ; : ;
			P-value:

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Evidence Table 7. Adverse events reported in trials of newer insomnia drugs

Author, year	Type of trial	Outcome	Results
Walsh, 2000b, 2002	Placebo	no. of patients experiencing severe side	Zopiclone:1; Triazolam:1; : ; : ; :
		effect (Number)	P-value:
Ware, 1997	Active	()	
			P-value:
Wheatley, 1985	Active	muscular pain, angina pectoris episodes,	Zopiclone:3; Triazolam:1; : ; : ; : ;
		and shortness of breath (Number)	
			P-value: NR
Zammit, 2004	Placebo	Total number of patients, (Placebo=5)	Zopiclone 3.75:4; Zopiclone 7.5mg:4;
		(Number)	Zopiclone 11.25mg:11; Zopiclone 15mg:5;
			Flurazepam:10;
			P-value:
Zammit, 2007	Placebo	bitter taste (data NR) (Number)	Zopiclone:more; Placebo:less; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		drowsiness/dizziness (Number)	Zopiclone:2; Placebo:1; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
		overall adverse event (Number)	Zopiclone:5; Placebo:2; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR
van der Kleijn, 1989	Active	Bad taste (Number)	Zopiclone:6; Triazolam:2; : ; : ; : ;
			P-value: NR

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

Author, year	Trial type	Randomization method reported?	Allocation concealment method reported?	similar at baseline?	Eligibility criteria specified?	Outcome assessors masked?	Care provider masked?	Patients masked?	Attrition reported?	Crossover reported
Agnoli, 1989	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	No	No
Allain, 1998	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Allain, 2001	Placebo	NR	NR	Placebo group lower sleepiness scale and > WASO	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Allain, 2003	H2H	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ancoli- Israel, 1999	Н2Н	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	No	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Ansoms, 1991	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

LVIGCIIC	, Table oa	. Quality assess		domized c		Idio Of fict	ver arags	101 111301111	ilia	
Author, year	Trial type	Randomization method reported?	Allocation concealment method reported?	Groups similar at baseline?	Eligibility criteria specified?	Outcome assessors masked?	Care provider masked?	Patients masked?	Attrition reported?	Crossover reported
Asnis, 1999	Placebo									
Autret, 1987	Active	Not randomized	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No
Begg, 1992	Active	Yes	NR	No	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Bergener, 1989	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	Yes	Yes	No
Bozin- Juracic, 1998	Active	NR	NR	Yes	No	Yes	NR	Yes	No	No
Chaudoir, 1983	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No
Chaudoir, 1990	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

	1 44010 04	. Quality asses	Allocation		1	1			1	
		Randomization	concealment	Groups	Eligibility	Outcome	Care			
Author,		method	method	similar at	criteria		provider	Patients	Attrition	Crossover
year	Trial type	reported?	reported?	baseline?	specified?	masked?	masked?	masked?	reported?	reported
Declerck, 1999	Placebo				·					
Dockhorn, 1996	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Dorsey, 2004	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Drake (1), 2001	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	0
Drake (2), 2000	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Drewes, 1991	Placebo									
Drewes, 1998	Placebo									
Elie, 1990a	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	No	No
Elie, 1990b	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	No	No
Elie, 1999	H2H	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Erman, 2006	Placebo	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	Yes	Yes	No
Fava, 2006	Placebo									0
Fleming, 1990	Active	Yes	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

LVIGETICE	i abic oa.			I	Jiili Oilea li	Tais of fiet	ver arags	101 11130111	IIIa	
Author, year	Trial type	Randomization method reported?	Allocation concealment method reported?	similar at baseline?	Eligibility criteria specified?	Outcome assessors masked?	Care provider masked?	Patients masked?	Attrition reported?	Crossover reported
Fleming, 1995	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes
Fontaine, 1990	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
.,	H2H	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No
Goldenber g, 1994	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes (for analyzed population)	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Gronblad, 1993	Placebo									
Hajak, 1998, 1995, 1994	Active	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Hayoun, 1989	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Hedner, 2000	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes for analyzed population, randomized NR	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	No	No

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

Author,		Randomization method	Allocation concealment method		Eligibility criteria	Outcome assessors	Care provider	Patients	Attrition	Crossover
year	Trial type	reported?	reported?	baseline?	specified?	masked?	masked?	masked?	reported?	reported
Herrmann, 1993	Placebo	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Hindmarch , 1995	Placebo	NR	NR	global QOL score higher in placebo group	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No
Klimm, 1987	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Krystal (poster)	Placebo									0
Krystal, 2003	Placebo	NR	NR	weight and BMI > in eszopiclone group	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Lahmeyer, 1997	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Lemoine, 1995	H2H	NR	NR	Yes		Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Leppik, 1997	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Li Pi Shan, 2004	Active	Yes	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Liu, 1997	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

	14010 04	. Quality asses	Allocation	l l	T T	1	l arage	1	T T	
		Randomization	concealment	Groups	Eligibility	Outcome	Care			
Author,		method	method	similar at	criteria		provider	Patients	Attrition	Crossover
	Trial type	reported?	reported?	baseline?	specified?	masked?	masked?	masked?	reported?	
year		reported?	reported?	baseline?	specified?	masked?	maskeu?	maskeu?	reported?	reported
Lofaso, 1997	Placebo									
Mamelak, 1987	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	No	No
Moldofsky, 1996	Placebo									
Monchesk y, 1986	Placebo	Yes	NR	Yes (for 91/99 analyzed)	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Monchesk y, 1989	Placebo									
Monti, 1994	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes
Monti, 1996	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	No	No
Monti, 2000	Placebo	No (sequential order)	No (randomized in sequential order)	Lower weight in zolpidem group	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	No	No
Nair, 1990	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	0
Ngen, 1990	Active	Yes	Yes			Yes	NR	Yes		0

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

Author, year	Trial type	Randomization method reported?	Allocation concealment method reported?	Groups similar at baseline?	Eligibility criteria specified?	Outcome assessors masked?	Care provider masked?	Patients masked?	Attrition reported?	Crossover reported
Pagot, 1993	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Perlis, 2004	Placebo	Yes	Yes	More women in placebo group (81% vs 61%)	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Ponciano, 1990	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Quadens, 1983	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	No	No
Roehrs (poster)	Placebo	NR	NR	Some differences (adjusted)	Yes	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	Yes	No
Roger, 1993	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	Yes	Yes	No
Rosenber g, 1994	Active	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

Author, year	Trial type	Randomization method reported?	Allocation concealment method reported?	Groups similar at baseline?	Eligibility criteria specified?	Outcome assessors masked?	Care provider masked?	Patients masked?	Attrition reported?	Crossover reported
Roth 2006	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes (but data NR)	Yes	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	Yes	No
Sabbatini, 2003	Placebe									
Scharf, 1994	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Scharf, 2005	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Schnitzer (poster)	Placebo									
Schwartz, 2004	Active	NR	No- open	NR	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
Sepracor Study #190-045	H2H	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes (but concern re. unpleasant taste)	NR	Yes (but concern re. unpleasant taste)	No	No
Shaw, 1992	Placebo									
Silvestri, 1996	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No
Singh, 1990	Active	NR	NR	NR	No	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Soares (poster)	Placebo									0

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

LVIGOTIO	Tubic ou	. Quality assess		domized co		lais of fiev	Ter arags	101 111301111	iiiu	
			Allocation							
		Randomization	concealment		Eligibility	Outcome	Care			
Author,		method	method	similar at	criteria		provider	Patients	Attrition	Crossover
year	Trial type	reported?	reported?	baseline?	specified?	masked?	masked?	masked?	reported?	reported
Soubrane	Placebo	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but	Yes, but	Yes, but	Yes	No
(poster)						not	not	not		
						described	described	described		
	H2H	Method NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but	Yes, but	Yes	No	No
2005						not	not			
						described	described			
	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but	NR	Yes	No	No
1993						not				
						described				
Stip, 1999	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but	NR	Yes	Yes	No
						not				
						described				
_										
Tamminen	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but	NR	Yes	Yes	No
, 1987						not				
						described				
_	<u> </u>	ND	NE	NIE			NID			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Placebo	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but	NR	Yes, but	No	No
1992						not		not		
						described		described		
T	11011	ND	ND	NID	Vaa	V	ND	V	V	NIa
	H2H	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
2001										

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

	1	. Quality asses	Allocation				l arage			
		Randomization	concealment	Groups	Eligibility	Outcome	Care			
Author,		method	method	similar at	criteria	assessors	provider	Patients	Attrition	Crossover
year	Trial type	reported?	reported?	baseline?	specified?	masked?	masked?	masked?	reported?	reported
van der Kleijn, 1989	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Venter, 1986	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	Yes, but not described	No	No
Voshaar, 2004	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	0
Walsh, 1998a	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Walsh, 1998b	Active	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Walsh, 2000	Active	NR	NR	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	0
Walsh, 2000a	Placebo	Not clear (allocation schedule provided by sponsor	Not clear (allocation schedule provided by sponsor	NR	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

Author, year	Trial type	Randomization method reported?	Allocation concealment method reported?	Groups similar at baseline?	Eligibility criteria specified?	Outcome assessors masked?	Care provider masked?	Patients masked?	Attrition reported?	Crossover reported
Walsh, 2000b, 2002	Placebo	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Ware, 1997	Active	NR	NR	Yes	Yes	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes, but not described	Yes	No
Wheatley, 1985	Active	NR	NR	No	No	Yes, but not described	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Zammit, 2004	Placebo	NR	NR	Differences in gener and BMI (controlled for)	Yes	Yes	NR	Yes	Yes	No
Zammit, 2007	Placebo	Yes								0

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

	Tubio oui	Quality assessin	ionic on rama	OIIIIZGG GOIIC	onoa ti iai	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	10011111110
Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?	Quality rating	Funding
Agnoli, 1989	No	No	No		Unable to determine	Unable to determine	Poor	Not reported
Allain, 1998	No	No	NR		Unable to determine	NR	Fair	NR
Allain, 2001	Yes	No	Yes	7 placebo and 3 zolpidem withdrew, but report ITT results	Yes	No	Fair	Sanofi- Synthelab o
Allain, 2003	Yes	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	Sanofi- Synthelab o
Ancoli- Israel, 1999	No	No	No		No	Yes	Fair	Wyeth- Ayerst
Anderson, 1987	Yes	No	Yes	17% who withdrew before taking medication or did not comply excluded from analysis.		Yes	Fair	Not reported
Ansoms, 1991	No	No	Yes	54 enrolled, 27 zopiclone and 25 lormetazepa m evaluable, but numbers randomized not reported.	No	Yes	Fair	Not reported

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

	lable oa.		Torre or raina	T Total Cont	l	1	l ago loi i	
Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?	Quality rating	Funding
Asnis, 1999							?	
Autret, 1987	Yes	No	No		Unable to determine	Unable to determine	Poor	
Begg, 1992	Yes	No	Yes	42% withdrew, but not differential.	No	Yes	Poor	Roche Products (NZ) Ltd.
Bergener, 1989	No	No	Yes	16 of 42 patients (38%) dropped out, but not differential (8 in each group) and information provided on reasons for dropout.	Unable to determine	No	Fair	Not reported
Bozin- Juracic, 1998	No	No	No		Unable to determine	Yes	Fair	May and Becker and Rhone Poulenc Sante
Chaudoir, 1983	No	No	Yes	High (16.7%, 2 zopiclone, 3 placebo)	No (25/30 analyzed)	No	Poor	NR (May & Baker provided medication s and placebo)
Chaudoir, 1990	No	No	No		Not clear	Unable to determine	Fair	Not reported

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?		Funding
Declerck, 1999							?	
Dockhorn, 1996	No	No	No		No (136/139 analyzed)	Yes (1 patient)	Fair	Lorex Pharmace uticals
Dorsey, 2004	No	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	Sanofi- Synthelab o
Drake (1), 2001	No	No	No		Unable to determine	No	Fair	Wyeth- Ayerst Research
Drake (2), 2000	No	No	No		Unable to determine	No	Fair	Wyeth- Ayerst Research
Drewes, 1991							?	
Drewes, 1998							?	
Elie, 1990a	No	No	NR		Yes	Unable to determine	Fair	Not reported
Elie, 1990b	No	No	NR		Unable to determine	Unable to determine	Fair	Not reported
Elie, 1999	Yes	No	No		No	Yes	Fair	Wyeth- Ayerst
Erman, 2006	No	No	No		No (103/107 analyzed)	Unable to determine	Fair	Takeda
Fava, 2006							?	
Fleming, 1990	No	No	No		No (48/52 analyzed)	Yes	Fair	Not reported

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

LVIGOTIO	Tubic ou.	Ruanty assessin	Tonic or rand	Timzed cont	i onca tria	IS OF FICWER	ii uga ioi i	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?	rating	Funding
Fleming, 1995	No	Yes	Yes	7 (10%) zolpidem vs 1 (3%) flurazepam discontinued	No	Yes	Fair	Not reported
Fontaine, 1990	No	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	Rhone- Poulenc Pharma
Fry, 2000	No	No	No		No	Yes	Fair	Wyeth- Ayerst
Goldenber g, 1994	No	No	Yes	High: 36.8% dropped out; groups not specified	No	Unable to determine	Poor	NR
Gronblad, 1993							?	
Hajak, 1998, 1995, 1994	Yes	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	Not reported
Hayoun, 1989	No	Yes	Yes	2 of 68 (3%) triazolam vs 5 of 66 (8%) zopiclone patients discontinued and not included in analysis.	No	Yes	Fair	Not reported (correspon ding author from Upjohn)
Hedner, 2000	No	No	NR		No (422/437 analyzed)	NR	Fair	

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

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Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?		Funding
Herrmann, 1993	No	No	Yes	16% not analyzed	No (21/25 analyzed)	Yes (1/25)	Poor	NR
Hindmarch , 1995	No	No	Yes	High- 36.8%; groups not specified	No	Unable to determine	Fair	
Klimm, 1987	Yes	No	No		No	No	Fair	Not reported
Krystal (poster)							?	
Krystal, 2003	No	No	No		Yes	3 patients discontinued before taking study drug	Fair	Sepracor
Lahmeyer, 1997	Yes	No	Yes	High- 19% discontinued; not differential	No	No	Fair	?orex Pharmace uticals
Lemoine, 1995	No	No	No		No	No	Fair	Not reported
Leppik, 1997	No	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	Lornex Pharmace uticals
Li Pi Shan, 2004	No	No	No		No	No	Fair	Not reported
Liu, 1997	Yes	No	Yes	8 patients did not finish the trial due to lack of compliance.		Unable to determine	Poor	

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

	l abio dai	Quality assessin	l l	The state of the s	l	lo or nower a	l ago ioi i	
						Post-		
Author,	Adherence		Loss to fu	Loss to fu	ITT	randomizatio	Quality	
year	reported	Contamination	reported?	comments	analysis?	n exclusions?		Funding
Lofaso, 1997							?	
Mamelak, 1987	No	No	No		Unable to determine	Unable to determine	Fair	Not reported
Moldofsky, 1996							?	
Monchesk y, 1986	No	No	Unable to determine		No (91/99 analyzed)	1/99	Fair	NR
Monchesk y, 1989							?	
Monti, 1994	Yes	Yes	No		Yes	No	Fair	Not reported
Monti, 1996	No	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	NR
Monti, 2000	No	No	NR		Unable to determine	Unable to determine	Poor	NR
Nair, 1990	Yes	No	No		No	No	Fair	Rhone- Poulenc Pharma
Ngen, 1990			Yes	27% discontinued, but not differential (7 placebo, 5 zopiclone, 4 temazepam)	No	No	Fair	Rhone- Poulenc Pharma

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

	· unic cui	Quality assessin	ionic or rana	omizoa com		 	90	
Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?		Funding
Pagot, 1993	No	No	Yes	32% zolpidem and 38% triazolam dropped out	No	No	Fair	Not reported
Perlis, 2004	Yes	Yes	No		No	No	Fair	Lorex Pharmace uticals
Ponciano, 1990	No	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	Not reported
Quadens, 1983	No	No	NR		Unable to determine	Unable to determine	Poor	Not reported
Roehrs (poster)	No	No	No		No	Unable to determine	Fair	Sanofi- Aventis
Roger, 1993	No	No	No		Unable to determine	No	Fair	Not reported
Rosenber g, 1994	No	No	Yes	19% excluded due to lack of data or protocol violations (16 zolpidem, 23 triazolam, number randomized not reported by group)	No	Yes	Poor	Synthelab o Scandinavi a A/S

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

		edunity abouton						
Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?		Funding
Roth 2006	No	No	NR		Unable to determine	No	Fair	Takeda Pharmace uticals
Sabbatini, 2003							?	
Scharf, 1994	No	Yes	No		Unable to determine	No	Fair	NR
Scharf, 2005	No	No	No		Yes	Unable to determine	Fair	
Schnitzer (poster)							?	
Schwartz, 2004	No	No	No		Yes	No	Poor	Not reported
Sepracor Study #190-045	No	No	NR		Pts who rec'd at least one dose of medication	Unable to determine	Fair	Sepracor
Shaw, 1992							?	
Silvestri, 1996	No	No	Yes	2/12 triazolam (10%) patients vs 0/10 zolpidem patients lost to f/u	No	Yes	Fair	Not reported
Singh, 1990	No	No	No		Yes	Yes (1 patient)	Fair	Rhone- Poulenc Pharma Inc.
Soares (poster)							?	

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?	Quality rating	Funding
Soubrane (poster)	No	No	No		No	Unable to determine	Fair	Sanofi- Aventis
Staner, 2005	No	No	NR		Unable to determine	Unable to determine	Poor	Sanofi- Aventis
Steens, 1993	No	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	Lorex Pharmace uticals
Stip, 1999	No	No	Yes	17% excluded from analysis	No	Yes	Fair	Not reported
Tamminen , 1987	No	No	Yes	28% not included n the analysis (10 zopiclone, 16 nitrazepam excluded)	No	Yes	Poor	Not reported
Terzano, 1992	No	No	NR		NR	NR	Poor	Partially supported by Italian Ministry of University and Scientific Research
Tsutsui, 2001	Yes	No	Yes	13.9% zolpidem vs 18.1% zopiclone withdrew (p=NS)	No	Yes	Fair	Not reported

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

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Author,	Adherence		Loss to fu	Loss to fu	ITT	Post- randomizatio	Quality	
year	reported	Contamination	reported?	comments	analysis?	n exclusions?		Funding
van der Kleijn, 1989	No	No	No		No	Unable to determine	Fair	Rhone- Poulenc Pharma
Venter, 1986	No	No	No		Yes	No	Fair	Not reported
Voshaar, 2004	No	No	Yes	More zolpidem patients dropped out (24 vs 12, p<0.05)	No	Yes	Fair	Sanfi- Synthelab o
Walsh, 1998a	No	No	No		No	Yes	Fair	Lorex Pharmace uticals
Walsh, 1998b	No	No	No		Yes	No	Good	Wyeth Ayerst
Walsh, 2000	Yes	No	Yes	8 of 30 (27%) randomized were excluded from analysis; groups not specified.	No	Yes	Poor	Wyeth- Ayerst Research
Walsh, 2000a	No	No	No- unclear if differential		No (48/54 analyzed)	Yes	Poor	

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Evidence Table 8a. Quality assessment of randomized controlled trials of newer drugs for insomnia

Author, year	Adherence reported	Contamination	Loss to fu reported?	Loss to fu comments	ITT analysis?	Post- randomizatio n exclusions?		Funding
Walsh, 2000b, 2002	Yes	Yes	Yes	18% withdrew:12. 3% placebo, 30% zolpidem	No	Yes	Fair	Lorex Pharmace uticals
Ware, 1997	No	No	No		No	No	Fair	Lorex Pharmace uticals
Wheatley, 1985	No	No	No		Unable to determine	Unable to determine	Fair	Not reported
Zammit, 2004	No	No	No		No (303/308 at night 1; 293/308 at 1 month)	No	Fair	Sepracor
Zammit, 2007								

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Author	Year	Randomization method described?	Allocation concealment method described?	Groups similar at baseline?	Comments	Inclusion criteria specified?	Exclusion criteria specified?	Outcome assessors masked?	Care provider masked?	Patients masked?	Attrition reported?
Berry	2006	Method not described	Method not described	Yes		Yes		NR	NR	NR	Yes
Fava	2006	Method not described	Method not described	Yes		Yes	Yes	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	
Kryger	2007	Method not described	Method not described	NR	Not reported by order of randomizati on	Yes	Yes	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Yes	Yes
Krystal 2008	2008	Method not described	Method not described	Yes		Yes	Yes	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Yes	Yes
McCall	2006	Method not described	Method not described	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Yes
Rosenber g	2007	Method not described	Method not described	NR	Not reported by order of randomizati on	Yes	Yes	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Yes
Roth 2007	2007	Method not described	Method not described	Yes		Yes	Yes	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Yes

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Author	Year	Randomization method described?	method described?	Groups similar at baseline?	Comments	criteria specified?		assessors masked?	masked?	masked?	Attrition reported?
Soares	2006	Method not described	Method not described	Yes		Yes	Yes	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Unclear, reported as double blind	Yes
Walsh	2008	Method not described	Yes	No	Number of awakenings and sleep quality higher in placebo group (different directions)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Unclear, reported as double blind	Yes	Yes
Walsh (eszopiclo ne)	2007	Method not described	Method not described	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

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Author		method	method	Groups similar at baseline?		criteria		assessors	•		Attrition reported?
Zammit (ramelteon)	2007	Method not described	Yes	No	Differences in weight and sex at baseline	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

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Author	Loss to fu differential or high?	Comments	ITT analysis?		Post- randomiza tion exclusions ?		Withdrawal rate differential or high?	Comment	Handling of carryover effects (for crossover studies only)	Funding
Berry	No		Unable to determine		No		No		3,	
Fava	Yes	50/545 (9.2%), not differential	Yes	543/545 analyzed (99.6%)	Yes	40 for protocol violation, did not meet entry criteria, or "other"	Yes	172/545 (31.6%)		Sepracor
Kryger	No		Yes		No		No	no dropouts	washout	Takeda
Krystal 2008	Yes	77/1018 (7.6%)	Yes	1016/1025 analyzed (99.1%)	Yes	43 for poor complianc e	Yes	405/1018 (39.8%)		Sanofi- Aventis
McCall	No		Unable to determine		No		No	9/264 (3.4%)		Sepracor
Rosenber g	No		Yes		Yes	1 excluded for protocol violation	No	1/22 (4.5%)	washout	Sepracor
Roth 2007	No		Yes		No		No	No dropouts	washout	Takeda

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Author	Loss to fu differential or high?	Comments	ITT analysis?		Post- randomiza tion exclusions ?	Comment	Withdrawal rate differential or high?	Comment	Handling of carryover effects (for crossover studies only)	Funding
Soares	No	4/410 (1%)	Yes		Yes	13 for protocol violation, did not meet entry criteria, or other	No	51/410 (12.4%)		Sepracor
Walsh	No		Yes	199/205 analyzed (97.1%)	Yes	1 for poor complianc e	No	7/205 (3.4%)		Sanofi- Aventis
Walsh (eszopiclo ne)	No	9.6%	Yes	548/550 analyzed	Yes	35 discontinu ed for protocol violation; 20 for other reasons	Yes	More placebo patients discontinu ed (52% vs 37%) 80/830 discontinu ed overall (9.6%)		Sepracor

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Author	Loss to fu differential or high?		ITT analysis?	Comment	Post- randomiza tion exclusions ?		Withdrawal rate differential or high?		Handling of carryover effects (for crossover studies only)	Funding
Zammit (ramelteon)	No	1/405	No		Yes	6 for protocol deviation, 1 for noncompliance	No	34/405 withdrew (8.4%); not reported by group		Takeda

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Allain, 1991 France; Delahaye, France	20,513	Zopiclone 7.5 mg for adults 18-69 years, 3.75 mg to older patients.	3 weeks	Men and women 18 years or older who complained of poor sleep for at least 2 weeks and who were followed as outpatients by general practitioners.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Allain, 1991 France; Delahaye, France	62.6% women, mean age 52.3 (range 15-99), 58% had concomitant diseases (29% had cardiovascular disorders, 12.3% had anxiety and/or depression	Postmarketing surveillance survey	Case report forms completed by general practitioners	6 months	Reported by the patient

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year	Results		Funding
Country			
Allain, 1991 France; Delahaye, France	Neuropsychiatric adverse events, no. of AEs (%)/ no. of drop-outs Difficulty arising in the morning: 267(1.3%)/ 85 Sleepiness: 107(0.52%)/ 44 Hypersomnia: 6(0.03%)/ 2 Increased frequency of dreams: 38(0.19%)/ 6 Nightmares: 101(0.49%)/ 59 Headache: 61(0.30%)/ 27 Light headedness/heavy headedness: 11(0.05%)/ 3	Gastrointestinal adverse events, no. of AEs (%)/ no. of drop-outs Bitter taste: 746(3.64%)/ 181 Dysgeusia: 20(0.10%)/ 6 Dry mouth: 325(1.58%)/ 53 Gastric pain: 61(0.30%)/ 33 Nausea: 101(0.49%)/ 49 Vomiting: 101(0.05%)/ 8	Not reported
	Ebrious feeling: 53(0.26%)/ 32 Dizziness: 57(0.28%)/ 24 Fall: 8(0.04%)/ 5 Anxiety: 10(0.05%)/ 5	Diarrhea: 3(0.01%)/ 2 Constipation: 6(0.03%)/ 1 Various GI disorders: 46(0.22%)/ 23	
	Agitation/ excitation: 56(0.27%)/ 41 Irritability: 17(0.07%)/ 8 Aggressiveness: 4(0.02%)/ 2 Tremor: 12(0.06%)/ 9 Hallucinations: 7(0.03%)/ 7 Confusion: 7(0.03%)/ 5 Difficulty concentrating: 6(0.03%)/ 1 Memory complaints: 15(0.07%)/ 2 Reduced libido: 4(0.02%)/ 2 Various neuropsychiatric disorders: 15(0.07%)/ 12	Somatic adverse events, no. of AEs (%)/no. of drop-outs Asthenia: 38(0.19%)/ 6 Malaise: 14(0.07%)/ 8 Dyspnea: 8(0.02%)/ 5 Palpitation: 4(0.02%)/ 4 Rash: 8(0.04%)/ 8 Pruritus: 3(0.16%)/ 3 Other: 15(0.07%)/ 7	

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Ancoli- Israel, 2005 US and Europe	260	Zaleplon 5 mg, increased to 10 mg if needed.	1 year	Primary insomnia defined by DSM-IV criteria. Admission to randomized phase was restricted to those whose symptoms lasted at least 3 months. Inclusion in the extension phase required completion of the double-blind phase and a run-out period of 7 days followed by 7 to 28 treatment-free days without adverse effects, and return to the clinic after the treatment free interval with a minimum of five daily sleep questionnaires to confirm the need for continued sleep therapy.
Bain, 2003 US	4,752 (687 zolpidem, 4,065 temazepam)	Zolpidem or temazepam	Not reported	Patients prescribed zolpidem or temazepam in one hospice practice setting.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Ancoli- Israel, 2005 US and Europe	Mean age 73.3 years (SD 5.3, range 65-86 years) in the US and 71.8 years (SD 6.8, range 59-95 years) in Europe	Prospective cohort study; open label continuation phase of RCT	Monthly safety assessments which included routine physical exams, laboratory determinations, vital signs including blood pressure, and electrocardiograms.	7 days	Treatment emergent adverse events were defined as any adverse event that first appeared or that intensified after the initiation of open-label treatment. Discontinuation effects.
Bain, 2003 US	Hospice patients	Retrospective database analysis of prescribing patterns	Database from one practice. ICD-9 codes associated with each treatment modality.	6 months	Number of times therapy was discontinued, reasons for discontinuation

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Results	Funding
Ancoli- Israel, 2005 US and Europe	Frequency of common Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs) during open-label run-out phase, number(%): Headache- 155(27%) Infection- 73(13%) Backache- 58(10%) Bronchitis/pharyngitis- 65(11%) Rhinitis- 53(9%) Dizziness- 43(7%) The TEAEs most frequently associated with discontinuation, number(%): Pain- 29(5%) Somnolence or dizziness- 23(4%) Gastrointestinal changes- 11(2%) Cardiovascular changes- 8(1%)	Wyeth Research and the Research Service of Veteran Affairs Diego Healthcare System.
Bain, 2003 US	Use temazepam or zolpidem, discontinuation due to adverse events: zolpidem(n=89) vs. temazepam(n=401), (%) adverse drug reaction- 2.2% vs. 4.2% Discontinuation due to adverse events: [use temazepam and then switch to zolpidem] vs. [use zolpidem and then switch to temazepam], (%) adverse drug reaction or others- 10.6% vs. 7.5% Discontinuation due to adverse events after filtering out "change in dose" as a reason for discontinuation. Among discontinuation except "change in dose": adverse drug reaction-4.3% vs.10.1%	Not reported

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Buckley, 2004 UK	12,063 (10,763 zopiclone, 1,300 zolpidem)	Zolpidem, zopiclone, other sedative hypnotics.	Not reported	Fatal toxicity of anxiolytic and sedative drugs for the years 1983-1999.
Devins, 1995 Canada	274	Zopiclone	Not reported	Women who received zopiclone during pregnancy and consulted the Toronto Motherisk Program Teratogen Information Service).

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Buckley, 2004 UK	Not reported.	Retrospective database analysis	Office for National Statistics (England, Wales), and General Registrar's Office (Scotland)	1983-1999	Total number of deaths/number of prescriptions Zolpidem: 3/1300 Zopiclone: 23/10,763
Devins, 1995 Canada	Indications for drug use: depression (n=10), insomnia (n=3), anxiety depressive disorder (n=3), anxiety (n=2), bipolar disorder (n=2), and schizophrenia (n=2). 16 did not specify and 2 did not know indication.	Prospective cohort study	Mailed patient questionnaire	Not reported	Daytime sleepiness, anxiousness, bad taste, weakness, drowsiness/fatigue, dry mouth, poor memory, poor concentration, Rage/aggression/irr itability, illness intrusiveness, depressive symptoms

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author	Results	Funding
Year		
Country		
Buckley,	Fatal toxicity index: total no. of deaths	None
2004	zolpidem vs. zopiclone= 3 vs. 23	
UK	Fatal toxicity index: no. of prescriptions (thousands)	
	zolpidem vs. zopiclone= 1300 vs. 10763	
	Fatal toxicity index: deaths/million prescriptions (95%CI)	
	zolpidem vs. zopiclone= 2.3(0.5-6.7) vs. 2.1 (1.4-3.2)	
Devins,	Adverse events: [zopiclone] vs. [lorazepam] vs. [triazolan] vs. [nitrazepam]	Rhone-Poulenc
1995	or flurazepam] vs. [temazepam], no.(%)	Rorer and
Canada	Daytime sleepiness: 5.6(4.71) vs. 6.1(3.91) vs. 6.6(4.28) vs. 6.4(4.3) vs.	Health
	5.5(4.7), p<0.001	Canada.
	Side-effects anxiousness: 45(16.4) vs. 52(19.8) vs. 33(23.15) vs. 22(18.2)	
	vs. 39(21.7)	
	Bad taste: 111(40.5) vs. 35(13.3) vs. 18(12.6) vs. 22(18.2) vs. 37(20.6),	
	p<0.0001	
	Weakness: 24(8.8) vs. 24(9.1) vs. 10(7.0) vs. 12(9.9) vs. 16(8.9)	
	Drowsiness/fatigue: 82(29.9) vs. 80(30.4) vs. 42(29.4) vs. 37(30.6) vs.	
	60(33.3)	
	Dry mouth: 93(33.9) vs. 85(32.3) vs. 34(23.8) vs. 26(21.5) vs. 60(33.3),	
	p<0.0001	
	Poor memory: 90(32.8) vs. 90(34.2) vs. 43(30.1) vs. 47(38.8) vs. 67(37.2)	
	Poor concentration: 77(28.1) vs. 75(28.5) vs. 39(27.3) vs. 43(35.5) vs.	
	57(31.70)	
	Rage/aggression/irritability: 29(10.6) vs. 39(14.8) vs. 31(21.7) vs. 30(24.8)	
	vs. 39(21.7), p<0.02	
	Illness intrusiveness: 34.7(17.64) vs. 33.7(17.14) vs. 29.6(16.11) vs.	
	34.4(20.11) vs. 36.1(20.10)	
	Depressive symptoms: 21.8(9.73) vs. 22.2(10.58) vs. 20.3(9.18) vs.	
	20.7(9.4) vs. 21.81(10.76)	

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Diav-Citrin, 1999 Canada	40	Zopiclone	Not reported	Women who received zopiclone during pregnancy and consulted the Toronto Motherisk Program Teratogen Information Service).

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Diav-Citrin, 1999 Canada	Indications for drug use: depression (n=10), insomnia (n=3), anxiety depressive disorder (n=3), anxiety (n=2), bipolar disorder (n=2), and schizophrenia (n=2). 16 did not specify and 2 did not know indication.	Prospective cohort study	Followup by telephone interview after the expected date of delivery, using a structured questionnaire.	1993-1997	Pregnancy outcome.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year	Results	Funding
Country		
Diav-Citrin,	Pregnancy outcome, zopiclone vs. control:	
1999	Pregnancy outcome: NS	
Canada	Birth defects: NS	
	Delivery methods: NS	
	Mean GA (wk): 38.3±2.7 vs. 40.0±1.6, p=0.002	
	Preterm delivery of <37 wks: NS	
	Mean birth weight (g): 3245.9+676 vs. 3624.2+536, p=0.01	
	Birth weight by GA: NS	
	Meconium: NS	
	Fetal distress: NS	
	NICU admission: NS	

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Ganzoni, 1994 Switzerland	1,972	Zolpidem 10 mg (5-10 mg in patients over age 65)	Median duration of treatment 29.5 days; range 1- 1,095 days	Men and women aged 15 and above, complaining of insomnia and for whom a hypnotic drug treatment was prescribed by a general practitioner, internist, psychiatrist, or gerontologist.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Ganzoni, 1994 Switzerland	64.8% male 31.6% elderly mean age=54.6 <u>+</u> 16.5	Postmarketing surveillance survey	Safety data recorded by the prescribing physician on a monitoring form. Codification of adverse events was reviewed by two physicians of the Drug Monitoring Unit.	September 1990- December 1993	CNS-related symptoms Non-CNS-related symptoms.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Results		Funding
Ganzoni, 1994 Switzerland	CNS-related adverse events, n=1972: no. of Aes(%)/ no. drop-outs(%) Residual daytime sedation: 73(3.7)/ 28(1.4) Lack of efficacy: 31(1.6)/ 19(1.0) Confusion, disorientation, obsessive ideas, delirium, psychosis: 19(1.0)/ 15(0.8) Nervousness, internal trembling, nervous feet, restlessness, excitation feeling: 16(0.8)/ 14(0.7) Nightmares: 15(0.8)/ 11(0.6) Amnesia, memory impaired: 15(0.8)/ 7(0.4) Concentration impaired: 11(0.6)/ 4(0.2) Anxiety: 11(0.6)/ 8(0.4) Somnambulism, sleep walking, nocturnal activity, walking activity: 9(0.5)/ 5(0.3) Hallucunation: 6(0.3)/ 4(0.2) Dreaming increased: 6(0.3)/ 3(0.2) Blurred vision, diplopia, crying, reading impaired, vision abnormal: 5(0.3)/ 3(0.2) Agitation, aggressivity: 3(0.2)/ 2(0.1) Speech disorder: 3(0.2)/ 2(0.1) Tremor: 2(0.1)/ 0(0.0) Benzodiazepine withdrawal: 1(0.1)/ 1(0.1) Suspicion of drug dependence: 1(0.1)/ 0(0.0) Drug misuse: 1(0.1)/ 0(0.0) Total: 228(11.6)/ 126(6.4)	Non-CNS-related adverse events, n=1972: no. of Aes(%)/ no. drop-outs(%) Gastrointestinal: 33(1.7)/ 25(1.3) Headache, head pressure: 21(1.1)/ 8(0.4) Pruritus, eczema, rash, rash, urticaria, skin papules: 10(0.5)/ 5(0.3) Fall, gait abnormal, coordination impaired, muscle weakness: 9(0.5)/ 4(0.2) Dyspnoea, tachypnoea, respiration regulation impaired: 7(0.4)/ 6(0.3) Palpitation, tachycardia, precordialgia: 6(0.3)/ 4(0.2) Malaise, weakness: 5(0.3)/ 5(0.3) Eating activity, bulimia: 4(0.2)/ 2(0.1) Dry mouth: 3(0.2)/ 0(0.0) Bone/head contusion, skin wound: 3(0.2)/ 1(0.1) Hypotension: 2(0.1)/ 1(0.1) Polyuria: 2(0.1)/ 2(0.1) Loss of appetite: 1(0.1)/ 0(0.0) Myocardial infarction: 1(0.1)/ 0(0.0) Nasal congestion: 1(0.1)/ 1(0.1) Total: 115(5.8)/ 69(3.5)	Not Reported

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Hajak, 1998 Germany	16,944	Zolpidem 10 mg- 20 mg (5 mg-10 mg in patients over age 65 years)	3 to 4 weeks.	Patients in outpatient practice with difficulties in initiating and/or maintaining sleep.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Hajak, 1998 Germany	64% women, mean age 58.5 (SD 14.9)	Before-after.	Questionnaire	3-4 weeks	Discontinuation, adverse events.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Results	Funding
- Hajak, 1998	3 Tolerance: moderate-1.4%, poor- 0.6%	Synthelabo
Germany	Adverse events:	Arzeimittel
,	no. patients /% of 268 AEs/ % of 16944 treated patients/ no. drop-outs	GmbH,
	Total: 268/ 100/ 1.5/ 118	Germany
	Nausea: 36/ 13.4/ 0.2/ 27	•
	Dizziness: 35/ 13.1/ 0.2/ 20	
	Malaise: 23/ 8.6/ 0.1/ 10	
	Nightmares: 20/ 7.5/ 0.1/ 15	
	Agitation: 19/ 7.1/ 0.1/ 15	
	Headache: 18/ 6.7/ 0.1/ 13	
	Vomiting: 13/ 4.9/ 0.08/ 11	
	Somnolence: 9/ 3.4/ 0.05/ 4	
	Confusion: 8/ 3.0/ 0.05/ 7	
	Fatigue: 7/ 2.6/ 0.04/ 4	
	Dyspepsia: 7/ 2.6/ 0.04/ 5	
	Abnormal gait: 6/ 2.2/ 0.04/ 4	
	Hallucination: 5/ 1.9/ 0.03/ 4	
	Tremor: 4/ 1.5/ 0.02/ 2	
	Anxiety: 4/ 1.5/ 0.02/ 4	
	Insomnia: 4/ 1.5/ 0.02/ 4	
	Amnesia: 3/ 1.1/ 0.02/ 2	
	Asthenia: 3/ 1.1/ 0.02/ 2	
	Dry mouth: 3/ 1.1/ 0.02/ 3	

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Jaffe, 2003 UK	297	Zolpidem, zopiclone, other sedative hypnotics.	Not reported	Patients admitted to addiction treatment centers.
Maarek, 1992 France	96	Zolpidem 10 mg	1 year (360 days)	Patients were known to be suffering from disorders involving the initiation and/or maintenance of sleep, included in the trial had to be over 40 years of age and show clear evidence of insomnia defined by at least one of the following symptoms: sleep onset latency of more than 30 min; more than two nocturnal awakenings; and total duration of sleep of less than 6 hours.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Jaffe, 2003 UK	78% male	Before-after.	survey	Not reported	Abuse liability

Maarek, Not reported. Before-after. The general practitioner 6 months-12 Any adverse events 1992 assessed patient months detected by clinical France compliance by questioning examination or the patients at each visit reported spontaneously by the patient were recorded at each visit.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year	Results	Funding
Country		
Jaffe, 2003	Drug use pattern: zolpidem vs. zopiclone (n=297)	Sepracor
UK	% subjects use: 5.8 vs. 53.7	Ооргасов
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	% street purchase: 23.5 vs. 42.0	
	% doctor prescribed: 76.5 vs. 79.0	
	% not recommend by doctor: 23.5 vs. 30.6	
	% took to sleep: 82.3 vs. 88.5	
	% took to get high: 23.5 vs. 22.9	
	% took to make feel better: 64.7 vs. 56.7	
	% like the effects: 41.2 vs. 48.4	
	% think they need: 11.8 vs. 28	
	% addicted: 0 vs. 5.1	
	% might become addicted: 11.8 vs. 19.8	
Maarek,	7(7.3%) of all patients withdrew because of adverse events:	
1992	1(1%) feeling of strangeness	
France	1(1%) feeling of drunkenness	
	2(2.1%) anterograde amnesia	
	1(1%) nausea	
	1(1%) confusional episode	
	1(1%) nightmares	
	1(1%) malaise	
	4(4.2%) vertigo	
	2(2.1%) daytime drowsiness	
	1(1%) unpleasant awakening	

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Morishita, 2000 Japan	31 (13 zopiclone, 18 brotizolam)	Zopiclone 7.5 mg to 10 mg (mean 9.42 mg);	Mean 4.5 years	Elderly patients who had received brotizolam or zopiclone for insomnia in the department of psychiatry at one hospital.
Peeters, 1997 Belgium	1,219	Zolpidem	1 month	Men or women age 50 years or older, suffering from insomnia.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Morishita, 2000 Japan	Mean age 74.4 years (range 70-86 years). Psychiatric diagnoses: depression (n=23), hypomania (n=1), hypochondriacal neurosis (n=2), paraphrenia (n=1), dementia (n=1), nonorganic insomnia (n=3).	Retrospective chart review.	Medical record review.	Not clear- appears to be 1999-2000	Ataxia, hyperexcitability, daytime anxiety, agitation and confusion, amnesia, affective disturbance, somnambulism, or morning drowsiness.
Peeters, 1997 Belgium	461 males, 751 females, not recorded.	Multicenter, open label postmarketing surveillance study; before-after.	sleep parameters assessed on entry and at the follow-up visit by the investigator.	January 1st to May 31st, 1994	Reported by the patient at the followup visit.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Results	Funding
Morishita, 2000 Japan	All patients reported no adverse events, such as ataxia, hyperexcitability, daytime anxiety, agitation and confusion, amnesia, affective disturbance, somnambulism or morning drowsiness.	Not reported

Peeters, Adverse events reported: All patients (n=1219)/ Patients <65 (n=720)/

1997 <u>Patients >=65 (n=495)</u>

Belgium Autonomic nervous system: 5/4/1

Central/ peripheral nervous system: 27/ 14/ 13

Gastro-intestinal system: 4/ 2/ 2 Heart rate and rhythm: 3/ 0/ 3 Musculoskeletal system: 1/ 0/ 1

Neoplasms: 2/ 1/ 1

Psychiatric system: 48/25/23

Special senses: 2/ 2/ 0

Vision: 1/ 0/ 1 Unknown: 5/ 5/ 0

Patients with at least one adverse events: 87/46/41

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	N	Drugs (mean dose); duration of treatment	Duration of treatment	Eligibility Criteria
Reith, 2003	946,013	Zopiclone	Not reported	Deaths from sedative and anxiolytic poisonings for New Zealand (NZ) in 2001 were identified from chemical injury cases that are routinely collected for surveillance purposes by Institute of Environmental Science and Research (ESR) from the Coronial Services Office (CSO) in Wellington.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Reith, 2003	Not reported.	surveillance	The PharmHouse database	January 1, 2001 to December 31, 2001.	Fatal toxicity

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author	Results		Funding
Year			
Country			
Reith, 2003	Zopiclone involved in poisoning deaths no. of patients	Nitrazepam	Not reported
	<60 vs >=60 years: 8 vs. 4	No. of death: 3	
		Deaths/100,000 prescriptions: 10.1(2.1-	
	<u>Zopiclone</u>	29.4)	
	No. of dreath:12	Deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses:	
	Deaths/100,000 prescriptions: 5.4(2.8-9.4)	2.8(0.6-8.2)	
	Deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses: 1.9(1.0-3.3)	No. of primary agent death: 0	
	No. of primary agent death: 3	Primary agent deaths/100,000 prescription:	
	Primary agent deaths/100,000 prescription: 1.4(0.3-4.0)	0(0-12.4)	
	Primary agent deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses: 0.5(0.1-1.4)	Primary agent deaths/1,000,000 defined	
	Lorazepam	daily doses: 0(0-3.4)	
	No. of dreath: 2	<u>Temazepam</u>	
	Deaths/100,000 prescriptions: 2.9(0.3-10.3)	No. of death: 5	
	Deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses: 1.5(0.2-5.5)	Deaths/100,000 prescriptions: 4.4(1.4-10.3)	
	No. of primary agent death: 0	Deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses:	
	Primary agent deaths/100,000 prescription: 0(0-5.3)	2.1(0.7-4.8)	
	Primary agent deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses: 0(0-2.8)	No. of primary agent death: 1	
	<u>Lormetazepam</u>	Primary agent deaths/100,000 prescription:	
	No. of dreath: 0	0.9(0-4.9)	
	Deaths/100,000 prescriptions: 0(0-138.0)	Primary agent deaths/1,000,000 defined	
	Deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses: 0(0-1379.6)	daily doses: 0.4(0-2.2)	
	No. of primary agent death: 0	<u>Triazolam</u>	
	Primary agent deaths/100,000 prescription: 0(0-138.0)	No. of death: 3	
	Primary agent deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses: 0(0-39.9)	Deaths/100,000 prescriptions: 2.7(0.6-8.0)	
	<u>Midazolam</u>	Deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses:	
	No. of dreath: 0	1.0(0.2-2.8)	
	Deaths/100,000 prescriptions: 0(0-35)	No. of primary agent death: 1	
	Deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses: 0(0-22.2)	Primary agent deaths/100,000 prescription:	
	No. of primary agent death: 0	0.9(0-5.1)	
	Primary agent deaths/100,000 prescription: 0(0-35)	Primary agent deaths/1,000,000 defined	
	Primary agent deaths/1,000,000 defined daily doses: 0(0-22.2)	daily doses: 0.3(0-1.8)	

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Year dose); duration of treatment			Eligibility Criteria
Schneeweiss, 2005 US	8,785	Zolpidem benzodiazepine	NR	The study population was restricted to persons living in communities. Of these, the study population was further restricted to Medicare Current Beneficiary Survey respondents aged 65 and older and beneficiaries with at least one medication use in 1999.
Scharf, 1994	233	Zolpidem 15 mg. If adverse events occurred, the investigator could reduce the nightly dose to 10 mg. Patients unable to tolerate 10-mg doses were withdrawn from the study.	3 months	Men and women ages 18 to 60 years, with a history of insomnia of at least 3 months' duration. Patients had to satisfy one or more of the following criteria: usual duration of sleep less than 6 hours, sleep latency of at least 45 minutes on most nights, and the use of a hypnotic drug on most nights.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Schneeweiss, 2005 US	Mean age = NR 41.7% 65-74 years old 58.2% >=75 years old 41.6% male	Cross-sectional survey data	Medicare Current Beneficiary Survey	1 year	NR
Scharf, 1994	Not reported.	Before-after.	Patient reports Physician assessments	13 weeks	Treatment emergent adverse events.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Results	Funding
Schneeweiss, 2005	Zolpidem (n=62) vs benzodiazepine (n=567) vs none (n=6434) Patients characteristics:	NR
2003 JS	ADL score >=1 point: 54.8% vs 41.3% vs 27.3%	
50	Cognitive impairment: 16.1% vs 15.2% vs 10.2%	
	Rosow-Breslau, impairments: 75.8% vs 69.5% vs 55.9%	
	Z vs B; Z vs None; B vs none:	
	Quantitative assessment of confounding bias in risk estimates	
	ADL score (>1 points): 10.00; 21.48; 9.96	
	Cognitive impairment (yes vs no): 1.19; 7.00; 5.78	
2.1(4004	Rosow-Breslau (>=1 impairments): 3.43; 10.58; 6.54	
	Adverse events: zolpidem 10mg (n=33) vs. zolpidem 15mg (n=229),	
	no.(%) Dry mouth: 2(6.1) vs. 14(6.1)	
	Fatigue: 6(18.2) vs. 38(16.6)	
	Ataxia: 2(6.1) vs. 7(3.1)	
	Confusion: 2(6.1) vs. 7(3.1)	
	Dizziness: 2(3.1) vs. 32(14.0)	
	Drowsiness: 5(15.2) vs. 60(26.2)	
	Drugged: 0(0) vs. 12(5.2)	
	Headache: 7(21.2) vs. 65(28.4)	
	Lethargy: 1(3.0) vs. 14(6.1)	
	Light-headedness: 1(3.0) vs. 24(10.5)	
	Abdominal pain: 0(0) vs. 13(5.7)	
	Dyspepsia: 1(3.0) vs. 20(8.7)	
	Nausea: 1(3.0) vs. 28(12.2)	
	Arthralgia: 2(3.1) vs. 7(3.1)	
	Amnesia: 1(3.0) vs. 15(6.6)	
	Nervousness: 3(9.1) vs. 11(4.8)	
	Herpes simplex: 2(6.1) vs. 0(0)	
	Pharyngitis: 2(6.1) vs. 6(2.6)	
	URI: 4(12.1) vs. 38(16.6)	

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	r dose); duration of treatment		Eligibility Criteria	
Schlich, 1991 France	107	Zolpidem	6 months	Over age 40, clear evidence of insomnia defined as sleep onset latency of more than 30 minutes, number of nocturnal awakenings each night greater than two, and /or total duration of sleep each night less than 6 hours.
Wang, 2001 US	1,222 cases, 4,888 controls	Zolpidem, benzodiazepines, other	6 months	subjects aged >= 65 on July 1, 1993, and have filled one or more claims for a nonprescription service between January 1, 1994 and December 31, 1994 and have filled at least one prescription for any medication through the Medicaid or PAAD programs of New Jersey in each of four consecutive 6-month periods beginning January 1, 1993.

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author Year Country	Other population characteristics	Design	Data sources	Time period of assessment	Adverse events assessment
Schlich, 1991 France	74 females; mean age=63.15+1.10 years 65(60.7%) patients enrolled were aged 60 years or over and only 17(15.9%) were under 50 years of age.	Before-after	clinical examinations	6 months	malaise vertigo anterograde amnesia confusion
Wang, 2001 US	Not reported.	Case Control	New Jersey Medicaid Program New Jersey Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disable (PAAD) Program New Jersey Medicare	6 months	NR

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Evidence Table 9. Observational studies

Author	Results	Funding
Year Country		
Schlich,	Tolerance: no evidence	
1991	Adverse events: zolpidem vs. placebo	
France	no. of patients- 24 vs.7	
	no. adverse events- 42 vs. 10	
	Adverse events list:	
	5 malaise	
	5 vertigo (all elderly)	
	5 anterograde amnesia	
	2 confusion (all elderly)	
	Withdrawal effects: 5(7.2%) withdrawal due to adverse events.	
Wang, 200	1 Hip Fracture:	National Institute
US	Adjusted OR (95% CI)- adjusted for age and gender	on drug Abuse
	zolpidem: 1.95 (1.09-3.51)	and the National
	benzodiazepine: 1.46 (1.21-1.76)	Institute on
	antipsychotic medication: 1.61 (1.29-2.01)	Aging.
	antidepression: 1.46 (1.22-1.75)	5 5
	other psychoactive medication: 1.23 (0.90-1.68)	
	thiazide diuretic: 0.85 (0.71-1.02)	

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Eszopiclone	Adult	visual and auditory hallucinations	(Duggal, 2007)	1	45-year old male night shift worker, had to wake up only a few hours after taking medication and falling asleep no history of psychiatric illness negative drug screen taking several other medications (doses unchanged)	difficulty sleeping erratic sleep pattern visual and auditory hallucinations after waking up a few hours after taking medication (lasting several minutes)	Hallucinations subsided after taking medication and sleeping for the recommended 8 hours
Zaleplon	Adult	CNS side effect	(Stillwell, 2003)	1	drug abuse concurrent use of other drugs	CNS depression including slow movements and reactions, poor coordination, lack of balance, and poor attention	not reported
Zaleplon	Adult	hallucination illusions depersonalization	(Bhatia, Arora, & Bhatia, 2001)	1	healthy female nonsmoker, occasional drinker	lightheaded illusion visual hallucinations	not reported
Zaleplon	Pediatrics	somnambulism	(Liskow & Pikalov, 2004)	1	major depressive disorder, moderate no history of sleep deprivation	somnambulism with complex behavior	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	anterograde amnesia compulsive repetitive behaviors	(Tsai, 2007)	3	adult women	compulsive repetitive behaviors (eating, shopping, and cleaning) combined with anterograde amnesia (no recollection of behaviors)	adverse events stopped after discontinuation of zolpidem
Zolpidem	Adult	CNS side effect	(Canaday, 1996)	2	not reported	amnesia	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	CNS side effect	(Markowitz & Brewerton, 1996)	2	depression no history of drug abuse concurrent use of antidepressants, serotonin-reuptake inhibitors	visual hallucination auditory hallucination confusion difficulties at work and marital	hallucination ceased
Zolpidem	Adult	CNS side effect	(Toner, 1999)	3	motor vehicle accident or psychiatric history	nightmare hallucination visual illusion difficulty in concentration	nightmares, hallucination and visual illusion ceased
Zolpidem	Adult	CNS side effect	(Tripodina kis, 2003)	1	no epileptic seizure nor drug abuse history	the patients increased the dose to 600mg per day epigastric pain, nausea, epileptic seizures and depression	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	delirium hallucination	(Freudenre ich & Menza, 2000)	1	depression	agitated and confused disorganized visual hallucinations	not reported

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence	(Aragona, 2000)	1	history of drug abuse seizure history after benzodiazepine discontinuation	the patient increased the dose up to 450-600mg per day for anxiolytic effect. dependence and tolerance	epileptic seizure
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence	(Bottlender , 1996)	1	history of drug abuse	the patient increased the dose up to 140mg per day for well-being and reduction of tremor caused by parkinsonism, and also took five other drugs for Parkinson disease delusion disorder at the same time. dependence and tolerance	disturbed sleep, restlessness, sweating, tachycardia and hypertension.
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence	(Liappas et al., 2002)	1	history of abuse and dependence on cocaine	consumed up to 200-300 mg/day for progressive reduction of his cocaine craving. more excited, hyperactive and euphoric, often exhibiting childish behavior, logorrhea and memory blanks.	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence	(Liappas, 2003)	3	history of drug abuse	patients increased the dose up to 300-600mg for sedation, reduction of cocaine craving, stimulation, or euphoria. dependence and tolerance childish behavior, confusion, memory blank or amnesia	confusion, amnesia or epileptic seizure
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence	(Ravishan kar 1998)	2	depression	the patient increased the dose up to 200mg per day	tachycardia, confusion, anxiety, panic attacks and fear of ongoing outside
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence	(Sakkas 1999)	1	depression history of drug abuse	the patient increased the dose up to 300mg per day for stimulation dependence and tolerance depression mood disorders suicidality visual hallucinations	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence	(Vartzopou los, Bozikas, Phocas, Karavatos, & Kaprinis, 2000)	4	history of drug abuse patients with borderline personality disorder	patients increased the dose up to 500mg daily to enhance the experienced relieving effect on their dysphoric states. dependence and tolerance Mild to severe withdrawal syndrome after discontinuation.	confusion, anxiety, irritability, nausea, vomiting or psychomotor agitation.

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Zolpidem	Adult Elderly	dependence delirium	(Sharan, 2007)	5	history of drug/alcohol dependence and/or mental illness (depression, bipolar disorder, late-onset psychosis) elderly patients (3) all taking 10mg zolpidem (recommended dose for the elderly is 5 mg)	dependence (including symptoms of withdrawal, cravings, apprehension/anxiety, restlessness, irritability, insomnia, palpitations) delirium (agitation, talking irrelevantly, unable to recognize relatives, disorientation, auditory/visual/tactile hallucinations, restlessness, violent behavior)	2 patients diagnosed with zolpidem dependence: both successfully detoxified with clonazepam (8 mg/day), with one of the two relapsing after 3 months 3 patients diagnosed with delirium induced by zolpidem: symptoms subsided after zolpidem was discontinued
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence tolerance	(Kao, 2004)	1	history of substance abuse	IV administration for stimulant effect and euphoria and increased up to 300-400 mg/day	yawning, rhinorrhea and lacrimation
Zolpidem	Adult	dependence tolerance	(Quaglio et al., 2005)	2	no common characteristics	increasing tolerance	no withdrawal disturbances during detoxification with flumazenil infusion
Zolpidem	Adult	generalized seizure	(Cubala, 2007)	1	female history of psychiatric hospitalization for organic dissociative disorder history of depression Zolpidem dependence	Zolpidem tolerance, abuse and dependence major depression	generalized tonic clonic seizures and a prolonged post convulsion period following sudden zolpidem withdrawal subsequent to drug dependence
Zolpidem	Adult	hallucination	(Elko, Burgess, & Robertson, 1998)	5	concurrent use of serotonin- reuptake inhibition depression	hallucination	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	hallucination	(Ginsberg, 2003), (Huang, 2003)	1	concurrent use of other drugs for hormone replacement, osteoporosis and insomnia	headache spotty memory hallucination visual perception distortion	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	hallucination	(Tsai, 2003)	1	not reported	visual illusions, confusion and hallucination especially reusing after rapid withdrawals.	insomnia
Zolpidem	Adult	hallucination amnesia	(Van Puijenbroe k, Egberts, & Krom, 1996)	2	one without history of psychiatric disorders, the other with major depressive disorder for 6 month	hallucination amnesia	not reported

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Zolpidem	Adult	hallucination CNS side effect	(Hoyler, Tekell, & Silva, 1996)	1	history of pothyroidism, mild vascular dementia, and auditory hallucinations	agitated and disoriented to time and place hallucination and increased psychomotor activity	regained her orientation, responded to redirection, was able to communicate at her usual level of efficiency, and her bizarre behavior was resolved
Zolpidem	Adult	Hepatic problem	(Clark, 1999)	1	liver transplantation	decline in mentality hepatic encephalopathy abdominal pain awoke in a stupor and was disoriented to place and time	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	hepatic problem	(Karsenti, Blanc, Bacq, & Melman, 1999)	1	cholecystectomy	abdominal pain hepatotoxicity	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	others- drug interaction	(Ortega 1996)	1	long term benzodiazepine user no psychiatric history	nervousness, irritability, fainting, asthenia, muscular cramps, excessive hear and sweating occasional febrile episodes, weight loss, and a surprising sweet taste in the mouth	all symptoms disappeared
Zolpidem	Adult	seizure dependence tolerance	(Gericke & Ludolph, 1994)	1	depression no seizure history	consumed 150-280 mg/day for stimulant effect	recurrence of depressive mood with apathy and drug carving
Zolpidem	Adult	sensory distortions tolerance	(Pies, 1995)	1	no history of psychosis or substance abuse	sensory distortions	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	sleep related eating disorder	(Najjar, 2007)	1	46-year old female history of depression, hypothyroidism, hypertension and insomnia	sleep related eating disorder starting 3 weeks after starting zolpidem, resulting in weight gain (50 pounds over a one-year period) and the development of obstructive sleep apnea	complete recovery after zolpidem was discontinued
Zolpidem	Adult	somnambulism	(Harazin & Berigan, 1999)	1	depression	somnambulism	somnambulism stopped
Zolpidem	Adult	somnambulism	(Sattar, Ramaswa my, Bhatia, & Petty, 2003)	1	bipolar disorder history of drug abuse history of alcohol dependence mania taking valproic at the same time	somnambulism difficulty in concentration	insomnia

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Zolpidem	Adult	somnambulism	(Yang, 2005)	1	Heavy alcohol consumption with questionable delitium tremens but had stopped drinking alcohol 20 years ago Traumatic head injury	somnambulism agitated and confused but had no psychotic experiences	no additional episodes of sleepwalking
Zolpidem	Adult	tolerance	(Cavallaro, 1993)	2	psychiatric disorders	increase dosage because of tolerance with awakening after 2-3 h. abstinence phenomena during the day and increased dosage again to control those symptoms.	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult	abruption vaginal spotting periorbital headache abdominal pain respiratory problems trouble sleeping withdrawal-like symptoms (nervousness, anxiety)	(Askew, 2007)	1	pregnant female history of zolpidem abuse (10–15 tablets/night)	cord blood testing resulted in measurable zolpidem levels (possibly as high as peak plasma concentrations after a 5-mg dose of the drug), but no withdrawal symptoms noted in the neonate	withdrawal-like symptoms (nervousness, anxiety), complained of headaches and inability to sleep after treatment reduction
Zolpidem	Adult	visual hallucinations sleepiness nausea dizziness diplopia	(de Haas, 2007)	1	32-year old male negative psychiatric personal or family history no concomitant medication or illicit drugs	visual hallucinations starting 20 minutes after drug intake and lasting 2 hours sleepiness, nausea, dizziness, diplopia, and dysphasia (present for 3.5 hours)	adverse events subsided after a few hours of taking the medication
Zolpidem	Adult Elderly	CNS side effect	(Logan & Couper, 2001)	29	no common characteristics	driving impairment because of slow movements and reactions visual distortions	not reported
Zolpidem	Adult Elderly	dependence	(Liappas, 2003)	8	minor psychiatric disorders	patients increased the dose up to 150-600mg for stimulation, sedation, improving mood, relax, coping or sleep better. dependence and tolerance several traffic accidents memory impairment confusion	4 without withdrawal symptoms 1 with discomfort, irritability, and agitation 1 with epileptic seizure 1 with instability, dizziness and a craving for other psychotropic substances 1 not reported
Zolpidem	Adult Elderly	others	(Morgenth aler & Silber, 2002)	5	no history of eating disorders concurrent use of other drugs	amnestic sleep-related eating disorder restless legs syndrome	no nocturnal eating

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Zolpidem	Elderly	CNS side effect	(Brodeur & Stirling, 2001)	1	Extensive medical history	delirium psychosis restless amnesia	not reported
Zolpidem	Elderly	delirium mania	(Hill, Oberstar, & Dunn, 2004)	1	no significant psychiatric history family history of mild depression	no hallucination no suicidal or homicidal ideation mania	not reported
Zolpidem	Elderly	dependence	(Madrak & Rosenberg , 2001)	1	history of alcohol and drug abuse	use up to 100mg/day for the last 1.5 years psychomotor agitation; tremor; facial flushing; anxiety	not reported
Zolpidem	Elderly	hallucination	(Markowitz , Rames, Reeves, & Thomas, 1997)	1	no substance abuse depression	hallucination	no further episodes after discontinuation
Zolpidem	Elderly	hallucination	(Pitner, Gardner, Neville, & Mintzer, 1997)	1	no psychiatric history	hallucination delusion psychomotor agitation irritable and difficult to redirect	not reported
Zolpidem	Elderly	palpitations Torsades de Pointes (TdP) ventricular tachycardia degenerated to ventricular fibrillation QTc interval prolongation	(Letsas, 2006)	1	67-year-old woman history of prosthetic mitral valve and congestive heart failure (NYHA II)	3 weeks after starting zolpidem, complained of palpitations Potential drug interaction with amiodarone, causing TdP ventricular tachycardia degenerated to ventricular fibrillation and a QTc interval prolongation	after zolpidem and amiodarone were withdrawn, patient's QTc interval gradually decreased to its initial value
Zolpidem	Elderly	visual hallucinations amnesia	(Kito, 2006)	1	82-year-old Asian woman being treated with fluvoxamine an d zolpidem for major depressive disorder and insomnia no prior psychiatric treatment and no history of alcohol or substance abuse	visual hallucinations (lasting several minutes to half an hour) and amnesia 30 minutes after taking zolpidem starting on the third day of being given an increased dose of fluvoxamine – researchers postulated a possible fluvoxamine–zolpidem interaction	nightly visual hallucinations and amnesia disappeared after discontinuing zolpidem
Zolpidem	Pediatrics	hallucination	(Andrade, 2002)	1	history of vascular headache	drowsiness, confusion, unsteadiness and hallucination vascular headache and the use of zolpidem in children may increase the hallucination	not reported

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Zolpidem	Pediatrics	somnambulism	(Lange, 2005)	1	depressive disorder history of somnambulism family history of somnambulism no epileptiform activity	somnambulism	change to citalopram without incident
Zopiclone	Adult	dependence	(Aranko, Henriksso n, Hublin, & Seppalain en, 1991)	1	depression compulsive personality disorder history of drug abuse concurrent use of antidepressants	the patient increase the dose up to 90mg per day for uninterrupted sleep. Memory difficulties cognitive impairments dependence	grand-mal-type convulsion
Zopiclone	Adult	dependence	(Haasen, Mueller- Thomsen, Fink, Bussopulo s, & Reimer, 2005)	1	no history of benzodiazepine or other psychotropic substance use and only very in frequently drank a glass of wine	dependence daily dosage of 37.5mg	Remain symptom: dystonia symptoms peaked 8 days after initiating the reduction and 3 days after discontinuation, and then gradually remitted: torticollis such as tremulousness, sympathetic autonomic hyperactivity, including anxiety, arousal, sweating, tachycardia, facial flushing and mild hypertension Reappeared insomnia
Zopiclone	Adult	dependence	(Jones, 2005)	4	no common characteristics	dependence	severe anxiety with tachycardia, tremor, sweating, rebound insomnia, flushes, palpitations, and derealization.
Zopiclone	Adult	dependence	(Thakore & Dinan, 1992)	1	depression history of alcohol dependency history of flurazepam addiction take zopiclone more due to anxiety and agoraphobia	dependence	tachycardia hand tremor weakness panic attack

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Zopiclone	Adult	extreme agitation	(Moloney, 2007)	2	3-month history of depression concomitant alprazolam and antidepressant medication	one patient developed insomnia, restlessness, agitation, and a complete inability to relax 3 weeks after starting zopiclone Another patient became extremely agitated, developed forgetfulness, inability to sit still, insomnia, nocturnal wandering, and racing thoughts one week after starting zopiclone	after zopiclone was withdrawn, adverse events resolved within 24- 48 hours
Zopiclone	Adult	global amnesia	(Fava, 1996)	1	no current psychiatric symptomatology no drinking history no other medication	global amnesia	no further episodes of global amnesia were observed during a 6- month period
Zopiclone	Adult	incidence of cancer	(Stebbing et al., 2005)	32	not reported	2 weeks of zopiclone. 32 (5.3%) patients have subsequently been diagnosed with cancer at least 3 months after exposure to zopiclone The label for eszopiclone contains significant warnings regarding carcinogenicity and mutagenesis	not reported
Zopiclone	Elderly	dependence	(Bramness , Arnestad, Karinen, & Hilberg, 2001)	1	smoker respiratory problems anxiety	difficulty in breathing death caused by 337.5mg overdose	not reported
Zopiclone	Elderly	dependence	(Kuntze, Bullinger, & Mueller- Spahn, 2002)	1	depressive disorder no use of psychotropic	tolerance to 337.5mg/day dependence	not reported
Zopiclone	Elderly	dependence delirium	(Wong, 2005)	1	74-year old woman with congestive heart failure taking several concomitant medications habit of using high-dose zopiclone (112.5 mg) daily for 20+ years	dependence delirium (including confusion, disorientation) caused by abrupt zopiclone withdrawal	after zopiclone was resumed at a lower dose, delirium resolved completely after a few days
Zopiclone	Elderly	others- drug interaction	(Alderman, Gebauer, Gilbert, & Condon, 2001)	1	depression concurrent use of antidepressants	morning drowsiness increased plasma concentrations	zopiclone plasma concentrations back to normal after nefazodone discontinuation

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Evidence Table 10.	Case Re	ports
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Drug	Sub-group	Adverse Events	Study	# of cases	Case Characteristics	Effects during treatment	Effects during treatment reduction or discontinuation
Zopiclone	Elderly	respiratory depression	(Vogal, 1998)	1	COPD ex-smoker with a history of ethanol abuse	drowsy respiratory acidosis	not reported
Zopiclone	Pediatrics	others	(Sullivan, McBride, & Clee, 1995)	3	history of drug abuse alcohol abuse	no evidence of dependence	not reported

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Evidence Table 10. Case Reports

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